I. Section 250.042 (4) versus Uniform Emergency Volunteer Health Practitioners Act (UEVHPA):

- 1. The following individuals are covered under UEVHPA, but not s. 250.042. Should they be covered under s. 250.042 (4)
 - emergency medical technicians
 - first responders
 - ambulance service providers (probably covered by UEVHPA)
 - funeral directors
 - veterinary technicians
- 2. Section 250.042 (4) provides indemnification and legal representation. UEVHPA provides immunity. Should in state and out of state volunteers be treated the same with respect to indemnification versus immunity?
- 3. Section 250.042 (4) covers individuals licensed at any point in the previous 10 years (as long as the license not limited, suspended or revoked). UEVHPA covers only current licensees. Should the 10 year rule apply to out of state volunteers as well?
- 4. Section 250.042 (4) covers only individuals who volunteer without compensation. UEVHPA includes two alternatives with respect to compensation: either a cap of \$500, or no cap. If the Committee extends protections to health care practitioners who are licensed by other states, should individuals who receive compensation be covered?

II. Overlapping coverage for volunteers

Depending on the circumstances, a volunteer (individual or entity) could be covered by ss. 166.03 (10), 166.09, or 166.03 (8), or, if an individual is providing health care, s. 250.042 (4). Some of these provision grant immunity and some provide indemnification. Does the Committee want to uniformly provide one form of protection for volunteers, either immunity or indemnification?