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State of Misconsin 2021 - 2022 LEGISLATURE

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2021 SENATE BILL 677

November 8, 2021 – Introduced by Senators Cowles, Testin, Ballweg, Bernier, Petrowski, Pfaff, Ringhand, Roys, Smith and Wimberger, cosponsored by Representatives Kitchens, Novak, Tranel, Shankland, Krug, Hong, Milroy, Mursau, Neubauer, Oldenburg, Penterman, Plumer and Tauchen. Referred to Committee on Agriculture and Tourism.

AN ACT to create 20.115 (4) (s), 20.115 (7) (u), 20.285 (1) (t), 36.25 (6) (f), 93.60 and 93.65 of the statutes; relating to: creating a commercial nitrogen optimization pilot program, providing crop insurance rebates for cover crops, creating a hydrogeologist position, extending the time limit for emergency rule procedures, providing an exemption from emergency rule procedures, granting rule-making authority, and making an appropriation.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill creates a commercial nitrogen optimization pilot program, provides crop insurance premium rebates for planting cover crops, and creates a new hydrogeologist position at the University of Wisconsin-Madison Division of Extension.

Commercial nitrogen optimization pilot program

The bill requires the Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection to create a commercial nitrogen optimization pilot program, under which DATCP awards grants to farmers to implement a project, for at least two growing seasons, that optimizes the application of commercial nitrogen. The farmer must collaborate with a University of Wisconsin System institution to monitor grant projects on–site. The institution may receive a grant for its monitoring requirements under the bill.

Under the bill, a grant to a farmer and the eligible university entity collaborating with the farmer may not exceed, in total, \$50,000. No more than 20 percent of this total amount may be awarded to the collaborating university entity.

The bill requires DATCP to attempt to provide grants to farmers in different parts of the state and to provide grants for projects in areas that have different soil types or geologic characteristics. The bill requires DATCP to prioritize projects that are innovative and that are not currently funded through existing state or federal programs and to prioritize farmers who plan to implement projects for longer periods. The bill also requires DATCP to collaborate with the farmer and the university when awarding grants under the pilot program.

Under the bill, a farmer and the university collaborating with the farmer are immune from civil liability and may not be subject to any remedial action or other administrative or enforcement action from DATCP or the Department of Natural Resources for any discharge of environmental pollution from the land involved in the project, if the actions were taken in good faith and conformed to the project specifications that were proposed in an application for a grant under the program.

Cover crop insurance premium rebates

In addition, the bill authorizes DATCP to cooperate with the Risk Management Agency of the U.S. Department of Agriculture to provide rebates in the amount of \$5 per acre of a cover crop planted for crop insurance premiums paid for those acres. Under the bill, DATCP determines the cover crops for which crop insurance premium rebates are provided, and a person must plant cover crops before submitting an application to DATCP for a crop insurance premium rebate. Also, under the bill, a crop insurance premium rebate may not be provided for the planting of a cover crop on an acre for which funding for planting a cover crop is available from a producer-led watershed protection grant, the soil and water resource management program, the federal Environmental Quality Incentives Program, or the federal Conservation Stewardship Program.

Hydrogeologist position

Finally, the bill requires the Board of Regents of the University of Wisconsin System to create a three-year project position for one full-time hydrogeologist for the geological and natural history survey, which is part of the Division of Extension of UW-Madison. The position must focus on developing groundwater resource information primarily at county or local scales and assisting state and local governments, industries, and the public in interpreting and using the information.

For further information see the state and local fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

1 **Section 1.** 20.005 (3) (schedule) of the statutes: at the appropriate place, insert $\mathbf{2}$ the following amounts for the purposes indicated: 2021-22 2022-23 3 20.115 Agriculture, trade and consumer 4 protection, department of 5 (4) AGRICULTURAL ASSISTANCE 6 (s) Crop insurance premium rebates 7 400,000 for planting cover crops SEG \mathbf{C} -0-8 (7)AGRICULTURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT 9 (u) Commercial nitrogen optimiza-10 1,000,000 1,000,000 tion pilot program SEG \mathbf{C} 11 20.285 University of Wisconsin System 12 (1) University education, research and public 13 SERVICE 14 (t) Geological and natural history 15 survey hydrogeologist SEG 75,000 150,000 A 16 **Section 2.** 20.115 (4) (s) of the statutes is created to read: 17 20.115 (4) (s) Crop insurance premium rebates for planting cover crops. From 18 the environmental fund, as a continuing appropriation, the amounts in the schedule 19 to make payments under s. 93.65 for crop insurance premium rebates for the 20 planting of cover crops. 21 **Section 3.** 20.115 (7) (u) of the statutes is created to read:

20.115 (7) (u)	Commercial nitrogen	optimization	pilot program.	From the
environmental fund,	as a continuing appro	priation, the a	mounts in the so	chedule for
the commercial nitro	gen optimization pilot	t program und	er s. 93.60.	

Section 4. 20.285 (1) (t) of the statutes is created to read:

20.285 (1) (t) Geological and natural history survey hydrogeologist. From the environmental fund, the amounts in the schedule for the position created under s. 36.25 (6) (f). No moneys may be encumbered from this appropriation after June 30, 2025.

Section 5. 36.25 (6) (f) of the statutes is created to read:

36.25 **(6)** (f) The Board of Regents shall create one full-time hydrogeologist project position for 3 years for the geological and natural history survey to be funded from the appropriation under s. 20.285 (1) (t). The position shall focus on developing groundwater resource information primarily at county or local scales and assisting state and local governments, industries, and the public in interpreting and using this information.

Section 6. 93.60 of the statutes is created to read:

- **93.60** Commercial nitrogen optimization pilot program. (1) The department shall award grants from the appropriation under s. 20.115 (7) (u) to agricultural producers and to University of Wisconsin System institutions as provided under this section.
- (2) An agricultural producer may apply for and receive a grant to implement a project, for at least 2 growing seasons, that optimizes the application of commercial nitrogen. Any agricultural producer receiving a grant under this section shall collaborate with any University of Wisconsin System institution under sub. (3).

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- (3) A University of Wisconsin System institution shall collaborate with an agricultural producer that applies for a grant under sub. (2) to monitor the grant project on-site. A collaborating institution may receive a grant to implement the monitoring under this subsection.
- (4) The department may not make a grant to an agricultural producer and the University of Wisconsin System institution collaborating with the agricultural producer in an amount that totals more than \$50,000. No more than 20 percent of this total amount may be awarded to the collaborating University of Wisconsin System institution.
- (5) In making a grant under this section, the department shall collaborate with the University of Wisconsin System institution and the agricultural producer. The department shall also seek to provide grants to agricultural producers in different parts of the state and to provide grants for projects in areas that have different soil types or geologic characteristics. The department shall prioritize projects that are innovative and that are not currently funded through existing state or federal programs and shall prioritize agricultural producers that plan to implement projects for longer periods.
- (6) An agricultural producer and the University of Wisconsin System institution collaborating with the agricultural producer in implementing a project under this section may not be held civilly liable and may not be subject to any remedial action or other administrative or enforcement action from the department or the department of natural resources for any discharge of environmental pollution from the land involved in the project, if the actions were taken in good faith by the agricultural producer and the institution and conformed to the project specifications that were proposed to the department in an application for a grant under this section.

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1	(7) The department shall promulgate rules to implement this section.
2	SECTION 7. 93.65 of the statutes is created to read:
3	93.65 Crop insurance premium rebates for planting cover crops. (1)
4	From the appropriation under s. 20.115 (4) (s), the department may provide rebates
5	in the amount of \$5 for each acre of a cover crop planted for crop insurance premiums
6	paid on those acres. In providing crop insurance premium rebates under this section,
7	the department may cooperate with the risk management agency of the U.S.
8	department of agriculture, and may cooperate with any related federal agency, state
9	agency, or agricultural organization.
10	(2) In providing crop insurance premium rebates under this section, the
11	department may promulgate the following rules:
12	(a) Rules determining the cover crops for which crop insurance premium
13	rebates are provided under this section.
14	(b) Rules establishing procedures for verifying that a cover crop is planted on
15	acres for which a crop insurance premium rebate is provided under this section.
16	(3) The department may not provide a crop insurance premium rebate under
17	this section for the planting of a cover crop on an acre for which funding for planting
18	a cover crop is available from a federal or state grant or incentive program other than
19	this section, including from any of the following:
20	(a) The federal environmental quality incentives program under 16 USC
21	3839aa to 3839-8.
22	(b) The federal conservation stewardship program under 16 USC 3839aa-21
23	to 3839aa-25.
24	(c) A producer-led watershed protection grant under s. 93.59.

(d) The soil and water resource management program under s. 92.14.

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- (4) To receive a crop insurance premium rebate under this section, a person shall submit an application to the department after a cover crop is planted on the acres for which the person applies for a crop insurance premium rebate.
- (5) The department shall award crop insurance premium rebates in the order that applications that are approved are received, and may not limit the number of acres for which a person may receive a crop insurance premium rebate under this section.
- (6) The department may conduct inspections to verify that recipients of a crop insurance premium rebate are in compliance with the provisions of this section and any rules promulgated under this section.

SECTION 8. Nonstatutory provisions.

(1) Emergency rules; commercial nitrogen optimization pilot program. No later than the 90th day after the effective date of this subsection, the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection shall, using the procedure under s. 227.24, promulgate rules to implement s. 93.60. Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (a) and (3), the department is not required to provide evidence that promulgating a rule under this subsection as an emergency rule is necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health, safety, or welfare and is not required to provide a finding of emergency for a rule promulgated under this subsection. Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (c) and (2), emergency rules promulgated under this subsection remain in effect for 3 years, or the date on which permanent rules take effect, whichever is sooner. Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (e) 1d. and 1g., for emergency rules promulgated under this subsection, the department is not required to prepare a statement of scope of the rules or to submit the proposed rules in final draft form to the governor for approval.

- (2) EMERGENCY RULES; CROP INSURANCE PREMIUM REBATES. The department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection shall, using the procedure under s. 227.24, promulgate rules to implement s. 93.65. Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (a) and (3), the department is not required to provide evidence that promulgating a rule under this subsection as an emergency rule is necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health, safety, or welfare and is not required to provide a finding of emergency for a rule promulgated under this subsection. Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (c) and (2), emergency rules promulgated under this subsection remain in effect for 3 years, or the date on which permanent rules take effect, whichever is sooner. Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (e) 1d. and 1g., for emergency rules promulgated under this subsection, the department is not required to prepare a statement of scope of the rules or to submit the proposed rules in final draft form to the governor for approval.
- (3) Commercial nitrogen optimization pilot program; onetime funding. Notwithstanding s. 16.42 (1) (e), in submitting information under s. 16.42 for the 2023–25 biennial budget bill, the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection shall submit information concerning the appropriation under s. 20.115 (7) (u) as though the total amount appropriated under s. 20.115 (7) (u) for the 2022–23 fiscal year was \$0.