# State of Misconsin 2021 - 2022 LEGISLATURE

LRB-4650/1 KRP:wlj/ekg/cdc

# 2021 ASSEMBLY BILL 971

February 8, 2022 - Introduced by Representative WITTKE. Referred to Committee on Education.

AN ACT to repeal 118.016 (1) (a) and 118.44 (6) (a); to renumber 118.016 (1) (b); to renumber and amend 118.016 (1) (c) and 118.016 (1r); to amend 20.255 (2) (cu), 118.016 (2), 118.44 (3), 118.44 (5) (a), 118.44 (6) (bm) (intro.), 118.44 (6) (bm) 3., 118.60 (7) (e) and 119.23 (7) (e); and to create 118.015 (4) (e), 118.016 (1b), 118.016 (1e) (title), 118.016 (1e) (d), 118.016 (1g) (title), 118.016 (1r) (title), 118.016 (1r) (b) and (c), 118.016 (3) and (4), 118.33 (7), 118.40 (2r) (b) 2. m., 118.40 (2r) (d) 3., 118.40 (2x) (b) 2. m., 118.40 (2x) (d) 3., 118.44 (5) (c), 118.44 (6) (br) and (bw), 118.60 (2) (a) 10., 119.23 (2) (a) 10. and 121.02 (1t) of the statutes; relating to: promotion of pupils from the third grade to the fourth grade based on passage of the standardized reading test; reading readiness assessments in public schools; grants to increase licensure of reading teachers; sunsetting the Achievement Gap Reduction program; programs to identify and

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address pupils with dyslexia; parental opt-out of pupils in grades kindergarten to three from statewide examinations; and making an appropriation.

#### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill 1) limits the authority of certain schools to promote a pupil from the third grade to the fourth grade based on passage of the standardized reading assessment; 2) makes various changes to the current reading readiness assessment program for public school pupils enrolled in four-year-old kindergarten to second grade; 3) creates a grant program for the 2023-24 school year to increase licensure of reading teachers; 4) sunsets the Achievement Gap Reduction program; 5) requires certain schools to develop or adopt programs to identify and address pupils with dyslexia; and 6) prohibits parents of pupils in grades kindergarten to three from excusing their pupils from taking standardized tests.

#### Promotion of pupils from the third grade to the fourth grade

Under current law, school districts, independent charter schools, and private schools participating in parental choice programs must administer a standardized reading test to certain third grade pupils. Under the bill, 1) a school board may not promote a third grade pupil enrolled in the school district, including a pupil enrolled in a charter school located in the school district, to the fourth grade unless the pupil scores proficient or higher on the test; 2) the operator of an independent charter school may not promote a third grade pupil attending the charter school to the fourth grade unless the pupil scores proficient or higher on the test; and 3) the governing body of a private school participating in a parental choice program may not promote a third grade pupil who is attending the private school under the parental choice program to the fourth grade unless the pupil scores proficient or higher on the test.

The bill also provides an exception to the third grade promotion prerequisite created in the bill. Under the exception, the school board, operator, or governing body may promote a pupil if the pupil meets any of the good cause reasons specified in the bill and all of the following conditions are met:

- 1. The pupil's teacher submits documentation of the pupil's good cause reason to the principal or administrator of the pupil's school.
- 2. The principal or administrator of the pupil's school discusses the documentation with the teacher and the pupil's parent, determines that promoting the pupil is appropriate, and submits that recommendation to the school board, operator, or governing body.
  - 3. The pupil's parent agrees with the recommendation.
- 4. The school board, operator, or governing body reviews the recommendation and agrees that promoting the pupil is appropriate.

#### Assessments of reading readiness

Under current law, school boards and operators of independent charter schools must annually assess pupils enrolled in four-year-old kindergarten to second grade for reading readiness using an assessment of literacy fundamentals selected by the school board or operator. Under current law, if a reading readiness assessment

indicates that a pupil is at risk of reading difficulty, the school board or operator must provide interventions or remedial reading services to the pupil.

The bill provides that, beginning in the 2023-24 school year, a school board or operator must, in addition to the assessment required under current law, annually assess, using a diagnostic assessment, a pupil enrolled in four-year-old kindergarten to second grade to whom any of the following applies: 1) the pupil's parent requests the diagnostic assessment; 2) an assessment administered under current law indicates that the pupil is at risk of reading difficulty; or 3) the pupil has been identified as having characteristics of dyslexia. The bill defines "diagnostic assessment" as a tool that includes 1) an assessment that evaluates a pupil's skill in the areas of phonemic awareness, decoding skills, rapid naming, alphabet knowledge, letter sound knowledge, oral vocabulary, phonological awareness, word recognition, spelling, vocabulary, listening comprehension, developmentally appropriate for the pupil, oral reading fluency and reading comprehension; and 2) an opportunity for a pupil's parent to complete a family history survey to provide additional information about learning difficulties in the pupil's family.

Under current law, school boards and operators must report the results of reading readiness assessments to pupils' parents. The bill provides that, beginning in the 2023–24 school year, the pupil's teacher or the principal or administrator of the pupil's school must provide the parental notification. In addition, if a pupil's assessment indicates that the pupil is at risk of reading difficulty, the teacher, principal, or administrator also must provide all of the following to the pupil's parent:

- 1. A list of the interventions or remedial reading services that will be provided to the pupil.
- 2. A form on which the parent may acknowledge receipt of the information and may indicate that the parent understands the information.
- 3. A request that the parent sign the form and return the signed form to the sender.

The bill requires a school board or operator annually to report to the Department of Public Instruction the results of pupil assessments and the interventions and remedial reading services the school board or operator provided to pupils in the previous school year. The bill also requires DPI annually to compile and submit that information to the appropriate standing committees of the legislature.

## Grants to increase licensure of reading teachers

The bill allows DPI to award grants in the 2023–24 school year, in amounts determined by DPI, to school boards to provide support and financial assistance to their licensed teachers for the purpose of obtaining additional licensure as reading teachers. In awarding grants under the bill, DPI must give priority to school districts with high numbers of pupils whose scores on the most recent standardized third grade reading test were lower than proficient, as determined by DPI. A school board that receives a grant under the bill must use the grant moneys to pay costs associated with its teachers obtaining licensure as reading teachers and must pay to a teacher who successfully obtains a reading teacher license a bonus payment of \$1,000.

The bill provides for the grants to be paid from moneys that become available as a result of the sunsetting of the Achievement Gap Reduction program (described below).

#### Sunset of Achievement Gap Reduction program

The bill sunsets the Achievement Gap Reduction program by prohibiting DPI from entering into any new contracts, or renewing any existing contracts, with school boards on or after the effective date of the bill. Under current law, the program is a categorical aid program that provides funding to a participating school for low-income pupils enrolled in certain grades if the school complies with a five-year contract entered into between DPI and the school board of the school district in which the school is located. Currently, a contract may be renewed for one or more terms of five school years.

Under current law, DPI annually must pay to a school board under contract with DPI a per pupil amount determined by 1) subtracting \$125,000 from the total amount appropriated for the program for the school year; 2) adding the total number of low-income pupils enrolled in grades kindergarten to three in all schools participating in the program; and 3) dividing the difference calculated under item 1 by the sum calculated under item 2. That calculation results in the entire amount appropriated for the program being paid in each school year.

The bill changes the per pupil payment amount by fixing that amount at the per pupil amount calculated for the 2022–23 school year. In other words, beginning in the 2023–24 school year, DPI pays a school board under contract with DPI a per pupil amount that is equal to the per pupil amount DPI paid in the 2022–23 school year. The bill provides that, if the amount appropriated to DPI is insufficient to pay the full per pupil amount, DPI must prorate the payments among the school boards eligible for payment.

The bill provides that any grants DPI awards in the 2023-24 school year to increase licensure of reading teachers (described above) will be paid from the Achievement Gap Reduction program appropriation account.

## Programs to identify and address pupils with dyslexia

The bill requires a school board, the operator of an independent charter school, or the governing body of a private school participating in a parental choice program to develop or adopt a program to identify and address pupils with dyslexia.

## Parental opt-out of pupils from statewide examinations

The bill prohibits a school board, the operator of an independent charter school, or the governing body of a private school participating in a parental choice program from allowing the parent of a pupil in any grade from kindergarten to three to excuse the pupil from taking a standardized test.

For further information see the state and local fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

# The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**SECTION 1.** 20.255 (2) (cu) of the statutes is amended to read: 1 2 20.255 (2) (cu) Achievement gap reduction contracts and grants to increase 3 licensure of reading teachers. The amounts in the schedule for aid to school districts 4 and the program evaluation under ss. 118.43 and 118.44 and for grants under 2021 5 Wisconsin Act .... (this act), section 33. 6 Section 2. 20.255 (2) (cu) of the statutes, as affected by 2021 Wisconsin Act .... 7 (this act), is amended to read: 8 20.255 (2) (cu) Achievement gap reduction contracts and grants to increase 9 *licensure of reading teachers*. The amounts in the schedule for aid to school districts 10 and the program evaluation under ss. 118.43 and 118.44 and for grants under 2021 Wisconsin Act .... (this act), section 33. 11 **Section 3.** 118.015 (4) (e) of the statutes is created to read: 12 13 118.015 (4) (e) No later than one year after the effective date of this paragraph .... [LRB inserts date], develop or adopt a program to identify and address pupils with 14 15 dyslexia, as defined in s. 118.016 (1b) (b). 16 **Section 4.** 118.016 (1) (a) of the statutes is repealed. 17 **Section 5.** 118.016 (1) (b) of the statutes is renumbered 118.016 (1e) (b). 18 **Section 6.** 118.016 (1) (c) of the statutes is renumbered 118.016 (5) and 19 amended to read: 20 118.016 (5) State AID. The department shall pay to the a school board or and 21 the operator of a charter school under s. 118.40 (2r) or (2x), from the appropriation

under s. 20.255 (1) (f), the per pupil cost of the selected assessment the school board or operator selects under sub. (1e) (b) and the per pupil cost of a diagnostic assessment administered under sub. (1e) (d). If the appropriation under s. 20.255 (1) (f) in any fiscal year is insufficient to pay the full amount of aid under this paragraph subsection, the state superintendent department shall prorate state aid payments among the school boards and operators of charter schools entitled to the aid.

- **SECTION 7.** 118.016 (1b) of the statutes is created to read:
- 9 118.016 (**1b**) Definitions. In this section:
  - (a) "Diagnostic assessment" means a tool that includes all of the following:
  - 1. An assessment that evaluates a pupil's skill in the areas of phonemic awareness, decoding skills, rapid naming, alphabet knowledge, letter sound knowledge, oral vocabulary, phonological awareness, word recognition, spelling, vocabulary, listening comprehension, and, when developmentally appropriate for the pupil, oral reading fluency and reading comprehension.
  - 2. An opportunity for a pupil's parent or guardian to complete a family history survey to provide additional information about learning difficulties in the pupil's family.
    - (b) "Dyslexia" means a specific learning disability that is all of the following:
    - 1. Neurobiological in origin.
  - 2. Characterized by difficulties with accurate and fluent word recognition and poor spelling and decoding abilities that typically result from a deficit in the phonological component of language. Consequences of these difficulties may include problems in reading comprehension and reduced reading experience that may impede vocabulary growth and background knowledge.

1	3. Often unexpected in relation to other cognitive abilities.
2	<b>Section 8.</b> 118.016 (1e) (title) of the statutes is created to read:
3	118.016 (1e) (title) Pupil assessments.
4	<b>Section 9.</b> 118.016 (1e) (d) of the statutes is created to read:
5	118.016 (1e) (d) Beginning in the 2023-24 school year, each school board and
6	the operator of each charter school under s. 118.40 (2r) or (2x) shall, using a
7	diagnostic assessment, annually assess each pupil enrolled in 4-year-old
8	kindergarten to 2nd grade to whom any of the following applies:
9	1. The pupil's parent or guardian requests the diagnostic assessment.
10	2. An assessment administered under par. (b) indicates that the pupil is at risk
11	of reading difficulty.
12	3. The pupil has been identified as having characteristics of dyslexia.
13	<b>Section 10.</b> 118.016 (1g) (title) of the statutes is created to read:
14	118.016 (1g) (title) Assessments for Children with disabilities.
15	<b>Section 11.</b> 118.016 (1r) (title) of the statutes is created to read:
16	118.016 (1r) (title) PARENTAL NOTIFICATIONS.
17	<b>Section 12.</b> $118.016$ (1r) of the statutes is renumbered $118.016$ (1r) (a) and
18	amended to read:
19	118.016 (1r) (a) The school board or operator of the charter school Beginning
20	in the 2023-24 school year, for each pupil assessed under sub. (1e), the pupil's teacher
21	or the principal or administrator of the pupil's school shall report the results of -a-
22	the pupil's assessment under sub. (1) to the pupil's parent or guardian.
23	<b>Section 13.</b> 118.016 (1r) (b) and (c) of the statutes are created to read:
24	118.016 (1r) (b) Beginning in the 2023-24 school year, if a pupil's assessment
25	under sub. (1e) indicates that the pupil is at risk of reading difficulty, the pupil's

- teacher or the principal or administrator of the pupil's school shall provide, together with the report under par. (a), all of the following to the pupil's parent or guardian:
- 1. A list of the interventions or remedial reading services that will be provided to the pupil under sub. (2) and s. 121.02 (1) (c).
  - 2. A form on which the parent or guardian may acknowledge receipt of the information provided under subd. 1. and may indicate that the parent or guardian understands the information.
  - 3. A request that the parent or guardian sign the form provided under subd.2. and return the signed form to the sender.
  - (c) A school board or the operator of a charter school under s. 118.40~(2r) or (2x) shall retain any signed forms returned under par. (b) 3.
    - **SECTION 14.** 118.016 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
  - of the school district or operator of the charter school <u>under s. 118.40 (2r) or (2x)</u> in which the <u>a</u> pupil is enrolled shall provide a pupil whose assessment under sub. (1) (1e) indicates that he or she the pupil is at risk of reading difficulty with interventions or remedial reading services, as described under s. 121.02 (1) (c).
    - **Section 15.** 118.016 (3) and (4) of the statutes are created to read:
  - 118.016 (3) Reporting; school boards and operators. No later than July 15, 2024, and each July 15 thereafter, each school board and the operator of each charter school under s. 118.40 (2r) or (2x) shall report to the department the results of pupil assessments administered under sub. (1e) in the previous school year, the interventions and remedial reading services the school board or operator provided to pupils under sub. (2) and s. 121.02 (1) (c) in the previous school year, and any other information required by the department for purposes of reporting under sub. (4).

1	(4) Reports to the legislature. (a) No later than August 15, 2024, and each
2	August 15 thereafter, the department shall compile the information the department
3	receives under sub. (3) and shall submit that information to the appropriate standing
4	committees of the legislature under s. 13.172 (3).
5	(b) No later than the August 15 after the end of each school year from 2023-24
6	to 2026-27, the department shall submit a report to the appropriate standing
7	committees of the legislature under s. 13.172 (3) that includes all of the following
8	information:
9	1. Pupil literacy proficiency rates.
10	2. The names of assessments administered under sub. (1e).
11	3. The number of pupils who were identified as having characteristics of
12	dyslexia as the result of an assessment administered under sub. (1e).
13	4. A description of the interventions and remedial reading services school
14	boards and operators of charter schools under s. 118.40 (2r) and (2x) provided to
15	pupils under sub. (2) and s. 121.02 (1) (c) to improve pupil literacy proficiency.
16	<b>Section 16.</b> 118.33 (7) of the statutes is created to read:
17	118.33 (7) (a) In this subsection, "good cause" means that any of the following
18	applies to a pupil:
19	1. The pupil is a limited-English proficient pupil, as defined in s. 115.955 (7),
20	who has had less than 2 school years of instruction in a program established under
21	s. 115.96.
22	2. The pupil is a child with a disability, as defined in s. 115.76 (5), whose
23	individualized education program under s. 115.787 or services plan, as defined in 34
24	CFR 300.37, includes a statement that it is not appropriate to administer the

standardized 3rd grade reading test to the pupil.

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1 3. The pupil is a child with a disability, as defined in s. 115.76 (5), who takes 2 the standardized 3rd grade reading test and to whom any of the following applies: 3 a. The pupil has received at least 2 years of intensive reading intervention or remedial services and the pupil continues to demonstrate a deficiency in reading. 4 5 b. On at least one occasion, the pupil was not promoted from kindergarten to 6 1st grade, from 1st grade to 2nd grade, from 2nd grade to 3rd grade, or from 3rd grade 7 to 4th grade. 8 4. The pupil demonstrates an acceptable level of reading proficiency on an 9 alternative standardized assessment adopted or approved by the department. 10 5. All of the following apply to the pupil: a. The pupil has received at least 2 years of intensive reading intervention or 11 12 remedial services and the pupil continues to demonstrate a deficiency in reading. b. On at least 2 occasions, the pupil was not promoted from kindergarten to 1st 13 14 grade, from 1st grade to 2nd grade, from 2nd grade to 3rd grade, or from 3rd grade 15 to 4th grade. 16 6. The pupil's parent or guardian enrolls the pupil in an accredited or licensed reading program outside regular school hours. 17 18 (b) 1. Except as provided in par. (c), a school board may not promote a 3rd grade pupil enrolled in the school district, including a pupil enrolled in a charter school

located in the school district, to the 4th grade unless the pupil scores proficient or

higher on the standardized 3rd grade reading test administered under s. 121.02 (1)

does not meet the requirement under subd. 1. to the 4th grade if the school board

2. Notwithstanding subd. 1., a school board may promote a 3rd grade pupil who

- determines that good cause exists to exempt the pupil from the requirement and all of the following conditions are met:
  - a. The pupil's teacher submits to the principal of the pupil's school documentation of the good cause reason that applies to the pupil, along with any other evidence that promoting the pupil is appropriate based on the pupil's academic performance.
  - b. The principal of the pupil's school discusses the documentation submitted under subd. 2. a. with the pupil's teacher and the pupil's parent or guardian, determines that promoting the pupil is appropriate, and submits to the school board a written recommendation that the pupil be promoted.
  - c. The pupil's parent or guardian agrees with the recommendation submitted under subd. 2. b.
  - d. The school board reviews the recommendation submitted under subd. 2. b. and agrees that promoting the pupil is appropriate.
  - (c) 1. The operator of a charter school under s. 118.40~(2r) or (2x) may not promote a 3rd grade pupil to the 4th grade unless the pupil scores proficient or higher on the standardized 3rd grade reading test administered under s. 118.40~(2r)~(d)~2. or (2x)~(d)~2.
  - 2. Notwithstanding subd. 1., the operator of a charter school under s. 118.40 (2r) or (2x) may promote a 3rd grade pupil who does not meet the requirement under subd. 1. to the 4th grade if the operator determines that good cause exists to exempt the pupil from the requirement and all of the following conditions are met:
- a. The pupil's teacher submits to the principal of the pupil's school documentation of the good cause reason that applies to the pupil, along with any

- other evidence that promoting the pupil is appropriate based on the pupil's academic performance.
- b. The principal of the pupil's school discusses the documentation submitted under subd. 2. a. with the pupil's teacher and the pupil's parent or guardian, determines that promoting the pupil is appropriate, and submits to the operator a written recommendation that the pupil be promoted.
- c. The pupil's parent or guardian agrees with the recommendation submitted under subd. 2. b.
- d. The operator reviews the recommendation submitted under subd. 2. b. and agrees that promoting the pupil is appropriate.
- (d) 1. The governing body of a private school participating in the program under s. 119.23 may not promote a 3rd grade pupil who is attending the private school under s. 119.23 to the 4th grade unless the pupil scores proficient or higher on the standardized 3rd grade reading test administered under s. 119.23 (7) (b) 1.
- 2. Notwithstanding subd. 1., the governing body of a private school participating in the program under s. 119.23 may promote a 3rd grade pupil who is attending the private school under s. 119.23 and who does not meet the requirement under subd. 1. to the 4th grade if the governing body determines that good cause exists to exempt the pupil from the requirement and all of the following conditions are met:
- a. The pupil's teacher submits to the principal or administrator of the pupil's school documentation of the good cause reason that applies to the pupil, along with any other evidence that promoting the pupil is appropriate based on the pupil's academic performance.

- b. The principal or administrator of the pupil's school discusses the documentation submitted under subd. 2. a. with the pupil's teacher and the pupil's parent or guardian, determines that promoting the pupil is appropriate, and submits to the governing body a written recommendation that the pupil be promoted.
- c. The pupil's parent or guardian agrees with the recommendation submitted under subd. 2. b.
- d. The governing body reviews the recommendation submitted under subd. 2. b. and agrees that promoting the pupil is appropriate.
- (e) 1. The governing body of a private school participating in the program under s. 118.60 may not promote a 3rd grade pupil who is attending the private school under s. 118.60 to the 4th grade unless the pupil scores proficient or higher on the standardized 3rd grade reading test administered under s. 118.60 (7) (b) 1.
- 2. Notwithstanding subd. 1., the governing body of a private school participating in the program under s. 118.60 may promote a 3rd grade pupil who is attending the private school under s. 118.60 and who does not meet the requirement under subd. 1. to the 4th grade if the governing body determines that good cause exists to exempt the pupil from the requirement and all of the following conditions are met:
- a. The pupil's teacher submits to the principal or administrator of the pupil's school documentation of the good cause reason that applies to the pupil, along with any other evidence that promoting the pupil is appropriate based on the pupil's academic performance.
- b. The principal or administrator of the pupil's school discusses the documentation submitted under subd. 2. a. with the pupil's teacher and the pupil's

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1	parent or guardian, determines that promoting the pupil is appropriate, and submits
2	to the governing body a written recommendation that the pupil be promoted.
3	c. The pupil's parent or guardian agrees with the recommendation submitted
4	under subd. 2. b.
5	d. The governing body reviews the recommendation submitted under subd. 2.
6	b. and agrees that promoting the pupil is appropriate.
7	<b>SECTION 17.</b> 118.40 (2r) (b) 2. m. of the statutes is created to read:
8	118.40 (2r) (b) 2. m. A requirement that the charter school governing board
9	develop or adopt a program to identify and address pupils with dyslexia, as defined
10	in s. 118.016 (1b) (b).
11	<b>Section 18.</b> 118.40 (2r) (d) 3. of the statutes is created to read:
12	118.40 (2r) (d) 3. Ensure that the parents of pupils enrolled in charter schools
13	under this subsection who are in grades kindergarten to 3 are not allowed to excuse
14	those pupils from taking standardized tests.
15	<b>Section 19.</b> 118.40 (2x) (b) 2. m. of the statutes is created to read:
16	118.40 (2x) (b) 2. m. A requirement that the charter school governing board
17	develop or adopt a program to identify and address pupils with dyslexia, as defined
18	in s. 118.016 (1b) (b).
19	<b>Section 20.</b> 118.40 (2x) (d) 3. of the statutes is created to read:
20	118.40 (2x) (d) 3. Ensure that the parents of pupils enrolled in charter schools
21	under this subsection who are in grades kindergarten to 3 are not allowed to excuse
22	those pupils from taking standardized tests.
23	<b>Section 21.</b> 118.44 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
24	118.44 (3) CONTRACT. The school board of an eligible school district may enter

into a 5-year contract with the department on behalf of one or more schools in the

school district that are eligible under sub. (2) (b). No achievement gap reduction
contract entered into under this section may include a waiver of any requirement of
or rule promulgated under the authority of this section. Beginning on the effective
date of this subsection [LRB inserts date], the department may not enter into any
new contracts.
<b>Section 22.</b> 118.44 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
118.44 (5) (a) Except as provided in par. pars. (b) and (c), a contract under this
section may be renewed for one or more terms of 5 school years. No achievement gap
reduction contract renewed under this section may include a waiver of any
requirement of or rule promulgated under the authority of this section.
<b>Section 23.</b> 118.44 (5) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
118.44 (5) (c) Beginning on the effective date of this paragraph [LRB inserts
date], the department may not renew a contract under this section.
<b>Section 24.</b> 118.44 (6) (a) of the statutes is repealed.
<b>Section 25.</b> 118.44 (6) (bm) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
118.44 <b>(6)</b> (bm) (intro.) From <u>In the 2021–22 and 2022–23 school years, from</u>
the appropriation under s. 20.255 (2) (cu), for each low-income pupil enrolled in a
participating grade, the department shall pay to a school district that has entered
into a contract with the department under this section an amount determined
annually by the department as follows:
<b>Section 26.</b> 118.44 (6) (bm) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
118.44 (6) (bm) 3. Divide the amount appropriated, as defined in s. 118.44 (6)
(a), 2019 stats., by the sum of low-income pupils under subd. 2.

**SECTION 27.** 118.44 (6) (br) and (bw) of the statutes are created to read:

118.44 (6) (br) Subject to par. (bw), beginning in the 2023-24 school year, from
the appropriation under s. $20.255\ (2)\ (cu)$ , the department shall pay to a school
district that has entered into a contract with the department under this section an
amount for each low-income pupil enrolled in a participating grade that is equal to
the per pupil amount the department paid in the 2022-23 school year.
(bw) If, after subtracting the amount allocated under sub. (7) (a), the
appropriation under s. $20.255\ (2)\ (cu)$ in any fiscal year is insufficient to pay the full
amount under par. (br), the department shall prorate the payments among the school
districts entitled to receive the payments.
<b>Section 28.</b> 118.60 (2) (a) 10. of the statutes is created to read:
118.60 (2) (a) 10. The private school develops or adopts a program to identify
and address pupils with dyslexia, as defined in s. 118.016 (1b) (b).
<b>SECTION 29.</b> 118.60 (7) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:
118.60 (7) (e) Each private school participating in the program under this
section shall administer the examinations required under s. 118.30 (1t) or
examinations permitted under s. $118.301(3)$ to pupils attending the school under the
program. The private school may administer additional standardized tests to such
pupils. The private school may not allow parents of such pupils in any grade from
kindergarten to 3 to excuse those pupils from taking a standardized test.
<b>Section 30.</b> 119.23 (2) (a) 10. of the statutes is created to read:
119.23 (2) (a) 10. The private school develops or adopts a program to identify
and address pupils with dyslexia, as defined in s. 118.016 (1b) (b).

**Section 31.** 119.23 (7) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

119.23 (7) (e) Each private school participating in the program under this

section shall administer the examinations required under s. 118.30 (1s) or

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examinations permitted under s. 118.301 (3) to pupils attending the school under the
program. The private school may administer additional standardized tests to such
pupils. The private school may not allow parents of such pupils in any grade from
kindergarten to 3 to excuse those pupils from taking a standardized test.

**Section 32.** 121.02 (1t) of the statutes is created to read:

121.02 (1t) A school board may not allow the parent of a pupil who is in any grade from kindergarten to 3 to excuse the pupil from taking a standardized test.

#### SECTION 33. Nonstatutory provisions.

- (1) Grants to increase licensure of reading teachers.
- (a) In this subsection, "eligible teacher" means a school district employee who holds a license, permit, or certificate to teach issued by the department of public instruction and who does not hold a reading teacher license, permit, or certificate.
- (b) A school board may apply to the department of public instruction for a grant for the school district to provide support and financial assistance to its eligible teachers for the purpose of obtaining a license, permit, or certificate as a reading teacher.
- (c) In the 2023–24 school year, from the appropriation under s. 20.255 (2) (cu), the department of public instruction may award grants under this subsection to school districts in amounts determined by the department.
- (d) In awarding grants under this subsection, the department of public instruction shall give priority to applications submitted by school districts that have high numbers of pupils whose scores on the most recent standardized 3rd grade reading test were lower than proficient, as determined by the department.
- (e) A school board that receives a grant under this subsection shall use the grant moneys to pay costs associated with eligible teachers obtaining licenses,

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permits, or certificates as reading teachers and shall pay to an eligible teacher who
successfully obtains a reading teacher license, permit, or certificate a bonus payment
of \$1,000. The school board shall, no later than September 1, 2024, report to the
department of public instruction the number of eligible teachers who obtained a
reading teacher license, permit, or certificate using grant moneys under this
subsection and an accounting of how grant moneys were spent.

(2) Sunset of achievement gap reduction program; report. No later than 30 days after the effective date of this subsection, the department of public instruction shall report to the appropriate standing committees of the legislature under s. 13.172 (3) an accounting of the moneys appropriated to the department under s. 20.255 (2) (cu) in the 2021–22 and 2022–23 fiscal years, including the amounts currently encumbered and unencumbered, an explanation of how the moneys have been and will be spent, and an estimate of the amount that will remain unencumbered at the end of the 2022–23 fiscal year.

#### Section 34. Initial applicability.

- (1) Independent charter schools. The treatment of s. 118.40 (2r) (b) 2. m. and (2x) (b) 2. m. first applies to a contract that is entered into, renewed, or modified on the effective date of this subsection.
- (2) PRIVATE SCHOOLS PARTICIPATING IN A PARENTAL CHOICE PROGRAM. The treatment of ss. 118.60 (2) (a) 10. and 119.23 (2) (a) 10. first applies to an application to attend a private school under s. 118.60 or 119.23 in the 2023-24 school year.
- **Section 35. Effective dates.** This act takes effect on the day after publication, except as follows:

(1) Reading readiness assessments; parental notification. The renumbering
and amendment of s. $118.016\ (1r)$ and the creation of s. $118.016\ (1r)\ (title)$ , (b), and
(c) take effect on July 1, 2023.
(2) Promotion of pupils. The treatment of s. 118.33 (7) takes effect on
September 1, 2023.
(3) Grants to increase licensure of reading teachers. The treatment of s.
20.255 (2) (cu) (by Section 2) takes effect on July 1, 2024.
(4) Sunset of achievement gap reduction program. The treatment of s. 118.44
(6) (a) and (bm) 3. takes effect on July 1, 2023.
(END)