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State of Misconsin 2019 - 2020 LEGISLATURE

LRB-5085/1 MLJ:amn&ahe

## 2019 SENATE BILL 687

January 16, 2020 – Introduced by Senators BERNIER, JACQUE, NASS, OLSEN and WANGGAARD, cosponsored by Representatives JAMES, SUMMERFIELD, DITTRICH, FELZKOWSKI, KRUG, MAGNAFICI, OLDENBURG, QUINN, SUBECK, TITTL, TUSLER, BOWEN and KULP. Referred to Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

1 AN ACT *to amend* 968.38 (2m) (intro.), 968.38 (2m) (a) and 968.38 (5) (intro.) of 2 the statutes; **relating to:** throwing or expelling a bodily substance at a public 3 safety worker or prosecutor.

### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, if a prisoner throws or expels blood, semen, vomit, saliva, urine, feces, or other bodily substance at or toward an officer or other person in the prison or facility, a court may order the prisoner to undergo testing for communicable diseases if there is probable cause to believe that there was potential for transmitting a communicable disease to the victim. This bill allows a court to require such testing for any criminal defendant who throws or expels blood, semen, vomit, saliva, urine, feces, or other bodily substance at or toward a public safety worker or a prosecutor.

For further information see the *state* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

# The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

- 4 **SECTION 1.** 968.38 (2m) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
  - 968.38 (2m) (intro.) In a criminal action under s. <u>941.375 (2) or</u> 946.43 (2m),
- 6 the district attorney shall apply to the circuit court for his or her county for an order

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requiring the defendant to submit to a test or a series of tests administered by a
health care professional to detect the presence of communicable diseases and to
disclose the results of the test or tests as specified in sub. (5) (a) to (c), if all of the
following apply:

- 2 -

5 SECTION 2. 968.38 (2m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

968.38 (2m) (a) The district attorney has probable cause to believe that the act
or alleged act of the defendant that constitutes a violation of s. <u>941.375 (2) or</u> 946.43
(2m) carried a potential for transmitting a communicable disease to the victim or
alleged victim and involved the defendant's blood, semen, vomit, saliva, urine or
feces or other bodily substance of the defendant.

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**SECTION 3.** 968.38 (5) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

12968.38 (5) (intro.) The court shall set a time for a hearing on the matter under 13sub. (2m) during the preliminary examination, if sub. (3) (a) applies; after the 14defendant is bound over for trial and before a verdict is rendered, if sub. (3) (b) 15applies; after conviction or a finding of not guilty by reason of mental disease or 16 defect, if sub. (3) (c) applies; or, subject to s. 971.13 (4), after the determination that 17the defendant is not competent, if sub. (3) (d) applies. The court shall give the district 18 attorney and the defendant notice of the hearing at least 72 hours prior to the 19 hearing. The defendant may have counsel at the hearing, and counsel may examine 20and cross-examine witnesses. If the court finds probable cause to believe that the 21act or alleged act of the defendant that constitutes a violation of s. 941.375 (2) or 22946.43 (2m) carried a potential for transmitting a communicable disease to the 23victim or alleged victim and involved the defendant's blood, semen, vomit, saliva,  $\mathbf{24}$ urine or feces or other bodily substance of the defendant, the court shall order the 25defendant to submit to a test or a series of tests administered by a health care 2019 - 2020 Legislature

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1	professional to detect the presence of any communicable disease that was potentially
2	transmitted by the act or alleged act of the defendant. The court shall require the
3	health care professional who performs the test to disclose the test results to the
4	defendant. The court shall require the health care professional who performs the
5	test to refrain from making the test results part of the defendant's permanent
6	medical record and to disclose the results of the test to any of the following:
7	(END)