Chapter NR 219

ANALYTICAL TEST METHODS AND PROCEDURES

| NR 219.01 | Purpose. | NR 219.033 | Alternate test procedures. |
|-----------|----------------|------------|---|
| NR 219.02 | Applicability. | NR 219.037 | Laboratory certification or registration. |
| NR 219.03 | Definitions. | NR 219.04 | Identification of test procedures. |

Note: A number of the references cited in this chapter are no longer in print. Copies of references which are out-of-print are available at any public library by inter-library loan.

NR 219.01 Purpose. The purpose of this chapter is to establish analytical test methods, preservation procedures, requirements for laboratories, and procedures applicable to effluent limitations for discharges from point sources as authorized by ss. 299.11 and 283.55 cld, Stats.

History: Cr. Register, August, 1976, No. 248, eff. 9-1-76; am. Register, April, 1986, No. 364, eff. 8-28-86; am. Register, June, 1986, No. 366, eff. 7-1-86; am. Register, April, 1988, No. 388, eff. 5-1-88; corrections made under s. 13.93 c2md cbd 7., Stats., Register, November, 1996, No. 491.

NR 219.02 Applicability. c1d The procedures prescribed herein shall, except as provided in s. NR 219.037, be used in the determination of concentrations and quantities of pollutant parameters as required for:

cad An application submitted to the department for a permit under ch. 283, Stats.

cbd Reports required to be submitted by dischargers in accordance with the conditions of issued permits.

c2d Section NR 219.037 requires that laboratories conducting tests under this chapter be certified, registered, or approved under ch. NR 149.

History: Cr. Register, August, 1976, No. 248, eff. 9-1-76; am. Register, April, 1986, No. 364, eff. 8-28-86; am. c1d cintro.d. Register, June, 1986, No. 366, eff. 7-86; correction in c1d cad made under s. 13.93 c2md cbd 7., Stats., Register, November, 1996, No. 491; correction in c2d made under s. 13.93 c2md cbd 7., Stats., Register October 2002 No. 562; correction in c2d made under s. 13.93 c2md cbd 7., Stats., Register November 2004 No. 587; CR 13-112: am. c1d, c2d Register May 2015 No. 713, eff. 6-1-15.

NR 219.03 Definitions. As used in this chapter:

c1d XEPAY means the U.S. environmental protection agency.

c2d XDepartmentY means the department of natural resources.

 ${\bf c3d}$ XSludgeY is defined in ss. NR 204.03 c55d and 214.03 c34d.

History: Cr. Register, August, 1976, No. 248, eff. 9-1-76; am. c1d, c2d, c3d and c4md, Register, January, 1978, No. 265, eff. 2-1-78; r. and recr. Register, June, 1986, No. 366, eff. 7-1-86; r. and recr. c1d, r. c3d and c4d, Register, November, 1992, No. 443, eff. 12-1-92: CR 04-033: cr. c3d Register November 2004 No. 587, eff. 12-1-04.

NR 219.033 Alternate test procedures. Approvals of alternate test procedures for nationwide use and specific discharges are granted by EPA. The department may approve the use of an alternate test procedure on a case-by-case basis if the criteria for approval of the alternate procedure established in s. NR 149.42 are met. If the department or the EPA approves an alternate test procedure, it shall be considered equivalent to the approved method.

Note: The federal requirements for alternate test procedure approval are given in 40 CFR 136.5.

History: Cr. Register, August, 1976, No. 248, eff. 9-1-76; r. and recr. January, 1978, No. 265, eff. 2-1-78; renum. from NR 219.04 and am. Register, June, 1986, No. 366, eff. 7-1-86; r. and recr. Register, November, 1992, No. 443, eff. 12-1-92; am. Register, February, 1996, No. 482, eff. 3-1-96; correction made under s. 13.92

c4d cbd 7., Stats., Register May 2009 No. 641, eff. 6-1-09; CR 13-112: renum. from 219.05 Register May 2015 No. 713, eff. 6-1-15.

NR 219.037 Laboratory certification or registration. Bacteriological analyses of groundwater samples, and all radiological analyses shall be performed by the state laboratory

of hygiene or at a laboratory certified or approved by the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection. Other laboratory test results, including effluent toxicity, submitted to the department under a WPDES permit shall be performed by a laboratory certified or registered under ch. NR 149. The following tests are excluded from this requirement:

c1d Temperature,

c2d Turbidity,

c3d Bacteria tests in wastewater effluent and sludges,

c4d pH,

c5d Chlorine residual,

c6d Specific conductance,

c7d Physical properties of soils and sludges,

c8d Nutrient tests of soils and sludges,

c9d Flow measurements.

History: Cr. Register, April, 1986, No. 364, eff. 8-28-86; renum. from NR 219.07 and am. cintro.d Register, November, 1992, No. 443, eff. 7-1-93; am. Register February, 1996, No. 482, eff. 3-1-96; correction in cintro.d made under s. 13.93 c2md cbd 6., Stats., Register November 2004 No. 587; CR 13-112: renum. from 219.06 Register May 2015 No. 713, eff. 6-1-15.

NR 219.04 Identification of test procedures. c1d

ANALYTICAL TEST PROCEDURES. Parameters or pollutants, for which wastewater analytical methods are approved, are listed together with test procedure descriptions and references in tables A to H. Parameters or pollutants, for which sludge analytical methods are approved, are listed together with test procedure descriptions and references in table EM. The discharge values for the listed parameters shall be determined by one of the standard analytical test procedures identified in a table under this subsection or by an alternate test procedure established under ss. NR 219.033 and 149.42.

Note: The laboratory performing the analyses on any samples will be certified for the applicable PFAS compounds in aqueous, sludge cbiosolidsd, and tissue matrices in accordance with s. NR 149.41 by the Wisconsin Laboratory Certification Program established under s. 299.11, Stats. If the EPA Office of Water publishes a final approved 1600 series isotope dilution method for the analysis of PFAS in aqueous, sludge cbiosolidsd, and tissue matrices, the department recommends use of the final approved EPA method.

c2d SAMPLE PRESERVATION PROCEDURES. Sample preservation techniques, container materials, and maximum allowable holding times for parameters identified in tables A to H are prescribed in table F. Sludge samples shall be preserved at the time of collection by cooling to less than or equal to 6°C where required. All samples requiring thermal preservation at less than or equal to 6°C shall be cooled immediately after collection, and the required temperature maintained during shipping. Any person may apply for a variance from the prescribed preservation procedures applicable to samples taken from a specific discharge. Applications for variances may be made by letters to the regional ad-

ministrator and shall provide sufficient data to assure that the variance does not adversely affect the integrity of the sample. The regional administrator will make a decision on whether to approve or deny a variance within 90 days of receipt of the application.

c3d TEMPERATURE REPORTING PROCEDURES. Samples cooled with ice packs or not in direct contact with ice during shipping shall be cooled to less than or equal to 6v C prior to shipping, and a temperature blank shall be submitted with the samples. Samples cooled during shipping with ice packs may not be recorded as received on ice. Samples may be recorded as received on ice only if solid ice is present in the cooler at the time the samples are received. If the samples are not received on ice, the laboratory shall record one of the following at the time of receipt:

cad The temperature of an actual sample.

cbd The temperature of a temperature blank shipped with the samples.

ccd The temperature of the melt water in the shipping container.

c4d INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE. The materials in this

section are incorporated by reference for the purposes of the permit program under ch. 283, Stats.

Note: Copies of the publications referenced in Tables A-H are available for inspection at the offices of the department of natural resources and the legislative reference bureau. Many of these materials are also available through inter-library loan.

History: Cr. Register, June, 1986, No. 366, eff. 7-1-86; r. and recr. Tables B and E, Register, April, 1988, No. 388, eff. 5-1-88; am.; r. and recr. Tables A to F, Register, November, 1992, No. 443, eff. 12-1-92; am. c1d, am. Tables A to F, Register, April, 1994, No. 460, eff. 5-1-94; am. c1d and c2d, Tables A to F, cr. c3d, Register, February, 1996, No. 482, eff. 3-1-96; CR 02-019: am. Table B Register October 2002 No. 562, eff. 11-1-02; CR 04-033: r. and recr. Table A, Table B, Table BM, Table C, Table D, Table E, Table EM, and Table F, cr. Table ES Register November 2004 No. 587, eff. 12-1-04; CR 04-101: am. Table A Note 29 Register May 2005 No. 593, eff. 6-1-05; CR 08-076: am. c2d and c3d cintro.d, cr. c4d, r. and recr. Table A, B, C to EM and F Register May 2009 No. 641, eff. 6-1-09; correction to Table B Parameter No. 41 made under s. 13.92 c4d cbd 7., Stats., Register September 2009 No. 645; correction to Table B Parameter No. 15 made under s. 13.92 c4d cbd 7., Stats., Register April 2010 No. 652; CR 13-112: am. c1d and c2d, r. and recr. Table A, B, r. Table BM, r. and recr. Table C to F, cr. Tables G and H, Register May 2015 No. 713, eff. 6-1-15; correction in Table C footnote 11 made under s. 13.92 c4d cbd 6., Stats., Register July 2015 No. 715, eff. 8-1-15; CR 19-014: r. and recr. Table A and Notes, am. Table EM, r. and recr. Table EM Notes 8, 11, cr. Table EM Notes 16 to 23, r. and recr. Table H and Notes Register April 2020 No. 772, eff. 5-1-20; correction in c2d made under s. 35.17, Stats., Register July 2020 No. 775; CR 17-046: am. c1d Register February 2021 No. 782, eff. 6-29-21; republished to correct an eram. ctd Register February 2021 No. 762, etc. 6-29-21, republished to correct an er-or in transcription in Table F Note 1 Register January 2022 No. 793; correction in c2d, Table EM Note 1 made under s. 35.17, Stats., Register June 2022 No. 798; CR 21-083: am. Table F Register July 2022 No. 799, eff. 8-1-22; correction in Table EM Note 1 made under s. 35.17, Stats., Register July 2022 No. 799.

| Table A | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|------------------------|--|--|--|
| Parameter and units | List of Approved Biological Methodal Analytical Technology 1 | ods for Was EPA | Standard Methods 25,26 | AOAC, ASTM, USGS | Other | | |
| | В | Sacteria | | | | | |
| 1. Coliform cfecald, number per 100 mL or number per gram dry weight | Most Probable Number cMPNd, 5 tube, 3 dilution, or | p. 132 ³ 1680 ^{11,15} 1681 ^{11,20} | 9221 E-2014 | | | | |
| 2. Coliform cfecald, number per 100 mL | Membrane filter cMFd, ^{2,5} single step MPN, 5 tube, 3 dilution, or | p. 124 ³ p. 132 ³ | 9222 D-2015 ²⁹ 9221 E-2014; 9221 F.2-2014 ³³ | B-0050-85 ⁴ | | | |
| 100 HIL | Multiple tube{multiple well, or MF, 2.5 single step5 | p. 124 ³ | 9221 F.2-2014 9222 D-2015 ²⁹ | | Colilert-18®13,18,28 | | |
| 3. Coliform ctotald, number per 100 mL | MPN, 5 tube, 3 dilution, or | p. 114 ³ | 9221 B-2014 | | | | |
| | MF, ^{2,5} single step or two step MF ^{2,5} with enrichment | p. 108 ³ p. 111 ³ | 9222 B-2015 ³⁰ 9222 cB+B.4ed -2015 ³⁰ | B-0025-85 ⁴ | | | |
| 4. E. coli, number per 100 mL | MPN ^{6,8,16} multiple tube, or | | 9221 B.3- 2014{9221 F- 2014 ^{12,14,33} | | | | |
| | Multiple tube{multiple well, or | | 9223 B-2016 ¹³ | 991.15 ¹⁰ | Colilert® 13,18 Colilert-18® 13,17,18 | | |
| | MF, ^{2,5,6,7,8} two step, or | | 9222 B-2015{ 9222 I-2015 ³¹ | | | | |
| | Single step | 1603 ²¹ | | | m-ColiBlue24®19 | | |
| 5. Fecal streptococci, number per 100 mL | MPN, 5 tube, 3 dilution, or | p. 139 ³ | 9230 B-2013 | | | | |
| | MF ² , or | p. 136 ³ | 9230 C-2013 ³² | B-0055-85 ⁴ | | | |
| 6. Enterococci, number per 100 mL | Plate count MPN, 5 tube, 3 dilution, or | p. 143 ³ p. 139 ³ | 9230 B-2013 | | | | |
| | MPN. 6.8 multiple tube { multiple well, or | † | 9230 D-2013 | D6503-999 | Enterolert® 13,23 | | |
| | MPN, ^{6,8} multiple tube{multiple well, or MF ^{2,5,6,7,8} single step or | 1600 ²⁴ | 9230 C-2013 ³² | | | | |
| | Plate count | p. 143 ³ | | | | | |
| 7. <i>Salmonella</i> number per gram dry weight ¹¹ | MPN multiple tube | 168222 | | | | | |
| | | tic Toxicity | | | | | |
| 8. Toxicity, acute, fresh water organisms, percent effluent | Daphnia, <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> , 48-h static-renewal mortality | | | | Note 27 | | |
| | Fathead Minnow, <i>Pimephales promelas</i> , 96-h static-renewal mortality, or 96-h flow-through mortality | | | | Note 27 | | |
| 9. Toxicity, chronic, fresh water organisms, percent effluent | Daphnia, <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> , survival and reproduction | | | | Note 27 | | |
| | Fathead minnow, <i>Pimephales promelas</i> , larval survival and growth | | | | Note 27 | | |

¹ The method must be specified when results are reported.

- ² A 0.45-μm membrane filter cMFd or other pore size certified by the manufacturer to fully retain organisms to be cultivated and to be free of extractables which could interfere with their growth.
- ³ Microbiological Methods for Monitoring the Environment, Water, and Wastes, EPA{600{8-78{017. 1978. U.S. EPA.
- ⁴U.S. Geological Survey Techniques of Water-Resource Investigations, Book 5, Laboratory Analysis, Chapter A4, Methods for Collection and Analysis of Aquatic Biological and Microbiological Samples. 1989. USGS.
- ⁵ Because the MF technique usually yields low and variable recovery from chlorinated wastewaters, the Most Probable Number method will be required to resolve any controversies.
- ⁶ Tests must be conducted to provide organism enumeration cdensityd. Select the appropriate configuration of tubes{filtrations and dilutions{volumes to account for the quality, character, consistency, and anticipated organism density of the water sample.
- When the MF method has been used previously to test waters with high turbidity, large numbers of noncoliform bacteria, or samples that may contain organisms stressed by chlorine, a parallel test should be conducted with a multiple-tube technique to demonstrate applicability and comparability of results.
- ⁸To assess the comparability of results obtained with individual methods, it is suggested that side-by-side tests be conducted across seasons of the year with the water samples routinely tested in accordance with the most current *Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater* or EPA alternate test procedure cATPd guidelines.
- ⁹ Annual Book of ASTM Standards-Water and Environmental Technology, Section 11.02, 2000, 1999, 1996. ASTM International.
- ¹⁰ Official Methods of Analysis of AOAC International. 16th Edition, 4th Revision, 1998. AOAC International.
- ¹¹ Recommended for enumeration of target organism in sewage sludge.
- 12 The multiple-tube fermentation test is used in 9221B.2-2014. Lactose broth may be used in lieu of lauryl tryptose broth cLTBd, if at least 25 parallel tests are conducted between this broth and LTB using the water samples normally tested, and this comparison demonstrates that the false-positive rate and false-negative rate for total coliform using lactose broth is less than 10 percent. No requirement exists to run the completed phase on 10 percent of all total coliform-positive tubes on a seasonal basis.
- ¹³ These tests are collectively known as defined enzyme substrate tests.
- After prior enrichment in a presumptive medium for total coliform using 9221B.2-2014, all presumptive tubes or bottles showing any amount of gas, growth or acidity within 48 h o 3 h of incubation shall be submitted to 9221F-2014. Commercially available EC-MUG media or EC media supplemented in the laboratory with 50 μg{mL of MUG may be used.
- ¹⁵ Method 1680: Fecal Coliforms in Sewage Sludge cBiosolidsd by Multiple-Tube Fermentation Using Lauryl-Tryptose Broth cLTBd and EC Medium, EPA-821-R-14-009. September 2014. U.S. EPA.
- ¹⁶ Samples shall be enumerated by the multiple-tube or multiple-well procedure. Using multiple-tube procedures, employ an appropriate tube and dilution configuration of the sample as needed and report the Most Probable Number cMPNd. Samples tested with Colilert® may be enumerated with the multiple-well procedures, Quanti-Tray®, Quanti-Tray® {2000 and the MPN calculated from the table provided by the manufacturer.
- ¹⁷ Colilert-18® is an optimized formulation of the Colilert® for the determination of total coliforms and *E. coli* that provides results within 18 h of incubation at 35°C rather than the 24 h required for the Colilert® test and is recommended for marine water samples.
- 18 Descriptions of the Colilert®, Colilert-18®, Quanti-Tray®, and Quanti-Tray® (2000 may be obtained from IDEXX Laboratories, Inc.
- ¹⁹ A description of the mColiBlue24® test, is available from Hach Company.
- ²⁰ Method 1681: Fecal Coliforms in Sewage Sludge cBiosolidsd by Multiple-Tube Fermentation using A-1 Medium, EPA-821-R-06-013. July 2006. U.S. EPA.
- ²¹ Method 1603: Escherichia coli cE. colid in Water by Membrane Filtration Using Modified Membrane-Thermotolerant Escherichia coli Agar cmodified mTECd, EPA-821-R-14-010. September 2014. U.S. EPA.
- ²² Method 1682: Salmonella in Sewage Sludge cBiosolidsd by Modified Semisolid Rappaport-Vassiliadis cMSRVd Medium, EPA-821-R-14-012. September 2014. U.S. EPA.
- 23 A description of the Enterolert $^{\odot}$ test may be obtained from IDEXX Laboratories Inc.
- ²⁴ Method 1600: Enterococci in Water by Membrane Filtration Using membrane-Enterococcus Indoxyl-β-D-Glucoside Agar cmEId, EPA-821-R-14-011. September 2014. U.S. EPA.
- 25 Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, Joint Editorial Board, American Public Health Association, American Water Works Association, and Water Pollution Control Federation, 23rd Edition c2017d, 22nd Edition c2012d, 21st Edition c2005d, 20th Edition c1998d, 19th Edition c1995d, and 18th Edition c1992d.
- ²⁶ Standard Methods for the Analysis of Water and Wastewater. With the promulgation of Federal Register {Vol. 77, No. 97 { Friday, May 18, 2012, the EPA lists only the most recently EPA-approved version of a Standard Method cregardless of the printed or online editiond in 40 CFR Part 136, with few exceptions, to identify the method with the year of Standard Methods approval or adoption designated by the last four digits in the method number ce.g., Standard Method 3113B]2004d. This approach clearly identifies the version of the standard method approved under Part 136 and no longer ties it to a particular compendium printing or edition of Standard Methods. Methods can be purchased at www.standardmethods.org.
- ²⁷ Compliance monitoring must be performed in accordance with the specifications in the XState of Wisconsin Aquatic Life Toxicity Testing Methods Manual, 2nd Edition, Y Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, 2004. This publication is available for inspection at the offices of the Department of Natural Resources and the Legislative Reference Bureau. Copies are available from the Department of Natural Resources, Bureau of Science Services, P.O. Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707.
- ²⁸ To use Colilert-18® to assay for fecal coliforms, the incubation temperature is 44.5 o 0.2 °C, and a water bath incubator is used.

Table B
List of Approved Inorganic Test Procedures For Wastewater

| Parameter, Units | Analytical Technology 58 | EPA ⁵² | Standard methods | ASTM | USGS AOAC Other |
|---|---|---|---|--------------|---|
| 1. Acidity, as | Electrometric endpoint or | 22.1 | 2310 B-1997 | D1067-06 | I-1020-85 ² |
| CaCO ₃ , mg{L | phenolphthalein endpoint | | | | |
| 2. Alkalinity, as | Electrometric or Colorimetric titration | | 2320 B-1997 | D1067-06 | I-1030-85 ² |
| CaCO ₃ , mg{L | to pH 4.5, Manual | | | | 973.43 ³ |
| | Automatic | 310.2 cRev. 1974d ¹ | | | I-2030-85 ² |
| 3. Aluminum— Total, ⁴ mg{L | Digestion, followed by any of the following: | | | | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd ³⁶ | | 3111 D-1999 o 3111 E-1999 | r | I-3051-85 ² |
| | Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd | | 3113 B-2004 | | |
| | Stabilized temperature graphite furnace AA cSTGFAAd | 200.9, Rev. 2.2 c1994d | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission spectrometry cICP-AESd ³⁶ | 200.5, Rev 4.2 c2003d; ⁶⁸ 200.7, Rev. 4.4 c1994d | 3120 B-1999 | | I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry cICP{MSd | 200.8, Rev. 5.4 c1994d | 3125 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14, ³ I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| | Direct Current Plasma cDCPd 36 | | | D4190-08 | Note 34 |
| | Colorimetric cEriochrome cyanine Rd | | 3500-Al B- 2001 | | |
| 4. Ammonia cas Nd, mg{L | Manual distillation ⁶ or gas diffusion cpH > 11d, followed by any of the following: | 350.1, Rev. 2.0 c1993d | 4500-NH₃B- 1997 | | 973.49 ³ |
| | Titration | | 4500-NH ₃ C- 1997 | | |
| | Electrode | | 4500-NH ₃ D- 1997 or E-1997 | D1426-08 cBd | |
| | Manual phenate, salicylate, or other substituted phenols in Berthelot reaction based methods | | 4500-NH ₃ F- 1997 | | Note 60 |
| | Automated phenate, salicylate, or other substituted phenols in Berthelot reaction based methods | 350.1, ³⁰ Rev. 2.0 c1993d | 4500-NH ₃ G- 1997 4500-NH ₃ H- 1997. | | I-4523-85 ² |
| | Automated electrode | | | | Note 7 |
| | Ion Chromatography | | | D6919-09 | |
| 5. Antimony—To- tal, ⁴ mg{L | Digestion, followed by any of the following: | | | | |
| | | | 3111 B-1999 | | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd ³⁶ | | 1111 B-1999 | | |

²⁹ On a monthly basis, at least ten blue colonies from positive samples must be verified using lauryl tryptose broth and EC broth, followed by count adjustment based on these results; and representative non-blue colonies should be verified using lauryl tryptose broth. Where possible, verifications should be done from randomized sample sources.

³⁰ On a monthly basis, at least ten sheen colonies from positive samples must be verified using lauryl tryptose broth and brilliant green lactose bile broth, followed by count adjustment based on these results; and representative non-sheen colonies should be verified using lauryl tryptose broth. Where possible, verifications should be done from randomized sample sources.

³¹ Subject coliform positive samples determined by 9222 B-2015 or other membrane filter procedure to 9222 I-2015 using NA-MUG media.

³² Verification of colonies by incubation of BHI agar at 10 o 0.5 °C for 48 o 3 h is optional. As per the Errata to the 23rd Edition of Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, XGrowth on a BHI agar plate incubated at 10 o 0.5 °C for 48 o 3 h is further verification that the colony belongs to the genus Enterococcus.Y

³³ 9221 F. 2-2014: This procedure allows for simultaneous detection of *E. coli* and thermotolerant coliforms by adding inverted vials to EC-MUG; the inverted vials collect gas produced by thermotolerant coliforms.

Table B (continued)
List of Approved Inorganic Test Procedures For Wastewater

| Parameter, Units | Analytical Technology 58 | EPA ⁵² | Standard methods | ASTM | USGS AOAC Other |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|----------------------------|----------------|---|
| <u> </u> | Stabilized temperature GFAA | 200.9, Rev. 2.2 | 11100110415 | 1101111 | |
| | cSTGFAAd | c1994d | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma atomic | 200.5, Rev 4.2 | 3120 B-1999 | D1976-07 | I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| | emission spectrometry cICP{AESd ³⁶ | c2003d; ⁶⁸ | | | |
| | | 200.7, Rev. 4.4 | | | |
| | To do disclarate and disclarate and | c1994d | 3125 B-2009 | D5(72.05 | 993.14, ³ |
| | Inductively coupled plasma- mass spectrometry cICP{MSd | c1994d | 3123 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14, I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| 6. Arsenic-Total,4 | Digestion, ⁴ followed by any of the | 206.5 cIssued | | | 1-44/1-9/ |
| mg{L | following: | 1978d ¹ | | | |
| 81 | AA gaseous hydride | | 3114 B-2009 o | r D2972-08 cBd | I-3062-85 ² |
| | | | 3114 C-2009 | | |
| | Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd | | 3113 B-2004 | D2972-08 cCd | I-4063-98 49 |
| | Stabilized temperature GFAA | 200.9, Rev. 2.2 | | | |
| | cSTGFAAd | c1994d | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-atomic | 200.5, Rev 4.2 | 3120 B-1999 | D1976-07 | |
| | emission spectrometry cICP{AESd ³⁶ | c2003d; ⁶⁸ 200.7, Rev. 4.4 c1994d | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spec- | | 3125 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14,3 |
| | trometry cICP{MSd | c1994d | 3123 D -2007 | D3073-03 | I-4020-05 ⁷⁰ |
| | Colorimetric cSDDCd | e1,,, .u | 3500-As B- | D2972-08 cAd | I-3060-85 ² |
| | | | 1997 | | |
| 7. Barium-Total, ⁴ | Digestion ⁴ , followed by any of the | | | | |
| ng{L | following: | | | | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd ³⁶ | | 3111 D-1999 | | I-3084-85 ² |
| | Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd | 200 5 7 1 2 | 3113 B-2004 | D4382-02c07d | T 4474 07 50 |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-atomic | 200.5, Rev 4.2 | 3120 B-1999 | | I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| | emission spectrometry cICP{AESd ³⁶ | c2003d ⁶⁸ ; 200.7, Rev. 4.4 c1994d | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spec- | | 3125 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14, ³ |
| | trometry cICP{MSd | c1994d | 3123 B -2007 | D3073-03 | I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| | Direct current plasma cDCPd ³⁶ | | | | Note 34 |
| 8. Beryllium—To- | Digestion, followed by any of the | | | | |
| al,4mg{L | following: | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd | | | r D3645-08 cAd | I-3095-85. ² |
| | Constitution of A A CEA A I | | 3111 E-1999 3113 B-2004 | D2645 00 -D4 | |
| | Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd Stabilized temperature GFAA | 200.9, Rev. 2.2 | 3113 B-2004 | D3645-08 cBd | |
| | cSTGFAAd | c1994d | | | |
| | Inductively | 200.5, Rev 4.2 | 3120 B-1999 | D1976-07 | I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| | coupled plasma- | c2003d; ⁶⁸ 200.7, | /// | | /, |
| | atomic emission | Rev. 4.4 c1994d | | | |
| | spectrometry cICP{AESd | | | | |
| | Inductively | 200.8, Rev. 5.4 | 3125 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14,3 |
| | coupled plasma- | c1994d | | | I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| | mass spectrometry cICP{MSd | | | D4100.00 | NI_4_ 34 |
| | Direct current plasma cDCPd Colorimetric cAluminond | | Note 61 | D4190-08 | Note 34 |
| 9. Biochemical | Dissolved Oxygen Depletion | | 5210 B-2001 | | 973.44, ³ |
| 9. Biochemicai oxygen demand cBC | | | 3210 D- 2001 | | 9/3.44, p. 17, ⁹ |
| ng{L | ,,,, | | | | I-1578-78 ⁸ |
| | | | | | Notes 10,63 |
| 10. Boron—To- | Colorimetric cCurcumind | | 4500-B B | | I-3112-85 ² |
| al, ³⁷ mg{L | | | -2000 | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma- | 200.5, Rev 4.2 | 3120 B-1999 | D1976-07 | I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| | atomic emission | c2003d; ⁶⁸ 200.7, | | | |
| | spectrometry cICP{AESd | Rev. 4.4 c1994d | 2125 B 2000 | D5(72.05 | 002.14.3 |
| | Inductively coupled plasma- | 200.8, Rev. 5.4 c1994d | 3125 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14, ³ I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| | mass spectrometry cICP{MSd | | | | 1 4471 07 30 |

Table B (continued)
List of Approved Inorganic Test Procedures For Wastewater

| Parameter Units | Analytical Technology 58 | EPA ⁵² | Standard methods | ASTM | USGS AOAC Other |
|---------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|
| Tarameter, emis | Direct current plasma cDCPd | DI II | memous | D4190-08 | Note 34 |
| 11. Bromide, mg{L | • | | | 2.170 00 | I-1125-85 ² |
| | Ion selective electrode cISEd | | | D1246-05 | |
| | Ion Chromatography | 300.0, Rev 2.1 | 4110 B-2000, | D4327-03 | 993.30 ³ |
| | ion Chromatography | c1993d | C-2000, | D-1327 03 | 773.30 |
| | | 300.1-1, Rev 1.0 | D-2000 | | |
| | | c1997d | | | |
| | CIE{UV | | 4140 B-1997 | D6508-00c05d | D6508, Rev. 2 54 |
| 12. Cadmium—To-tal, ⁴ mg{L | Digestion, 4 followed by any of the following: | | | | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd ³⁶ | | 3111 B-1999 | D3557-02c07d | 974.27, ³ |
| | 1 | | or | cA or Bd | p. 37, 9 |
| | | | 3111 C-1999 | | I-3135-85 ² or |
| | | | | | I-3136-85 ² |
| | Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd | | 3113 B-2004 | D3557-02c07d | I-4138-89 51 |
| | | | | cDd | |
| | Stabilized temperature GFAA | 200.9, Rev. 2.2 | | | |
| | cSTGFAAd | c1994d | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-atomic | 200.5, Rev 4.2 | 3120 B-1999 | D1976-07 | I-1472-85 ² or |
| | emission spectrometry cICP{AESd ³⁶ | c2003d; ⁶⁸ 200.7, | | | I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spec- | Rev. 4.4 c1994d 200.8, Rev. 5.4 | 3125 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14,3 |
| | trometry cICP{MSd | c1994d | 3123 D -2009 | D3073-03 | 993.14, I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| | Direct current plasma cDCPd ³⁶ | C177740 | | D4190-08 | Note 34 |
| | Voltametry 11 | | | D3557-02c07d | 11010 |
| | Voltamenry | | | cCd | |
| | Colorimetric cDithizoned | | 3500-Cd-D- | | |
| | | | 1990 | | |
| 13. Calcium—To- al, 4 mg{L | Digestion, followed by any of the following: | | | | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd | | 3111 B-1999 | D511-08cBd | I-3152-85 ² |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-atomic | 200.5, Rev 4.2 | 3120 B-1999 | | I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| | emission spectrometry cICP{AESd | c2003d; ⁶⁸ 200.7, | | | |
| | | Rev. 4.4 c1994d | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spec- | 200.8, Rev. 5.4 | 3125 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14 ³ |
| | trometry cICP{MSd | c1994d | | | 34 |
| | Direct current plasma cDCPd | | 2500 G D | D.711.00.11 | Note 34 |
| | Titrimetric cEDTAd | | 3500-Ca B- | D511-08 cAd | |
| | Ion Chromatography | | 1997 | D6919-09 | |
| 14. Carbonaceous | Ion Chromatography Dissolved Oxygen Depletion with nitri- | | 5210 B-2001 | 1/0717-07 | Note 35,63 |
| oiochemical | fication inhibitor | | 3210 D- 2001 | | NOIC |
| oxygen demand cC- | | | | | |
| BOD₅d, mg{L ¹² | | | | | |
| 5. Chemical | Titrimetric | 410.3 cRev. | 5220 B-1997 | D1252-06 cAd | I-3560-85, ² |
| oxygen demand | | 1978d ¹ | or C-1997 | | 973.46, ³ |
| cCODd, mg{L | | | | | p. 17 ⁹ |
| | Spectrophotometric, manual or | 410.4, Rev. 2.0 | 5220 D-1997 | D1252-06 cBd | Note 13,14 |
| | automatic | c1993d | | | I-3561-85. ² |
| 16. Chloride, mg{L | Titrimetric: csilver nitrated | | 4500-Cl ⁻ B- 1997 | D512-04 cBd | I-1183-85 ² |
| | Colorimetric: manual | | | | I-1187-85 ² |
| | | | | | |
| | Colorimetric, Automated | | 4500-Cl ⁻ E- 1997 | | I-2187-85 ² |

Table B (continued)
List of Approved Inorganic Test Procedures For Wastewater

| Parameter Units | Analytical Technology 58 | EPA ⁵² | Standard methods | ASTM | USGS AOAC Other |
|---|---|--|-------------------------|---------------------|---|
| Tarameter, emis | Potentiometric Titration | LIA | 4500-Cl ⁻ D- | ASIM | Other |
| | | | 1997 | | |
| | Ion Selective Electrode | | | D512-04 cCd | |
| | Ion Chromatography | 300.0, Rev 2.1 c1993d and 300.1- 1, Rev 1.0 c1997d | | r D4327-03 | 993.30, ³ I-2057-90 ⁵¹ |
| | Capillary ion electrophoresis cCIE{UVd | | 4140 B-1997 | D6508-00c05d | D6508, Rev. 2 54 |
| 17. Chlorine-Total residual, mg{L | Amperometric direct | | 4500-Cl D- 2000 | D1253-08 | |
| | Amperometric direct clow leveld | | 4500-Cl E- 2000 | | |
| | Iodometric direct | | 4500-Cl B- 2000 | | |
| | Back titration ether end-point ¹⁵ | | 4500-C1 C- 2000 | | |
| | Colorimetric, DPD-FAS | | 4500-C1 F- 2000 | | |
| | Spectrophotometric, DPD | | 4500-Cl G- 2000 | | |
| | Ion selective electrode cISEd | | | | Note 16 |
| 17A. Chlorine-Free Available, mg{L | Amperometric direct | | 4500-Cl D- 2000 | D1253-08 | |
| | Amperometric direct clow leveld | | 4500-Cl E- 2000 | | |
| | DPD-FAS | | 4500-C1 F- 2000 | | |
| | Spectrophotometric, DPD | | 4500-Cl G- 2000 | | |
| 18. Chromium VI dissolved, mg{L | 0.45-micron Filtration followed by any of the following: | | | | |
| | AA chelation-extraction | | 3111 C-1999 | | I-1232-85 ² |
| | Ion Chromatography | 218.6, Rev. 3.3 c1994d | 3500-Cr C- 2009 | D5257-03 | 993.23 |
| | Colorimetric cDiphenyl-carbazided | | 3500-Cr B- 2009 | D1687-02c07d cAd | I-1230-85 ² |
| 19. Chromium— Total, ⁴ mg{L | Digestion, followed by any of the following: | | | | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd ³⁶ | | 3111 B-1999 | D1687-02c07d cBd | 974.27, ³ I-3236-85 ² |
| | AA chelation-extraction | | 3111 C-1999 | | |
| | Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd | | 3113 B-2004 | D1687-02c07d cCd | I-3233-93 ⁴⁶ |
| | Stabilized temperature GFAA cSTGFAAd | 200.9, Rev. 2.2 c1994d | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission spectrometry cICP{AESd ³⁶ | 200.5, Rev 4.2 c2003d, ⁶⁸ 200.7, Rev. 4.4 c1994d | 3120 B-1999 | D1976-07 | I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry cICP{MSd | 200.8, Rev. 5.4 c1994d | 3125 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14, ³ I-4020-05 ⁷⁰ |
| | Direct current plasma cDCPd ³⁶ | | | D4190-08 | Note 34 |
| | Colorimetric cDiphenyl-carbazided | | 3500-Cr B- 2009 | | |

Table B (continued)
List of Approved Inorganic Test Procedures For Wastewater

| Parameter Units | Analytical Technology 58 | EPA ⁵² | Standard methods | ASTM | USGS AOAC Other |
|---|--|---|---------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| 20. Cobalt— Total, 4mg{L | Digestion, followed by any of the following: | EFA | methods | ASIWI | Other |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd | | 3111 B-1999 or | D3558-08 | p. 37, ⁹ |
| | | | 3111 C-1999 | cA or Bd | I-3239-85 ² |
| | Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd | 2000 0 0 0 0 | 3113 B-2004 | D3558-08 cCd | I-4243-89 ⁵¹ |
| | Stabilized temperature GFAA cSTGFAAd | 200.9, Rev. 2.2 c1994d | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-atomic | 200.5, Rev 4.2 | 3120 B-1999 | D1976-07 | I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| | emission spectrometry cICP{AESd ³⁶ | c2003d; ⁶⁸ 200.7, | 5120 2 1,,,, | 21770 07 | 1,1 >, |
| | | Rev. 4.4 c1994d | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spec- | | 3125 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14,3 |
| | trometry cICP{MSd | c1994d | | D4100.00 | I-4020-05 ⁷⁰ |
| 21 Colon plotinum | Direct current plasma cDCPd Colorimetric cADMId | | | D4190-08 | Note ³⁴ Note ¹⁸ |
| cobalt units or dom- inant wavelength, hue, luminance purity | | | | | Note |
| | Colorimetric cPlatinum cobaltd | | 2120 B-2001 | | I-1250-85 ² |
| 22. Copper—Total,4 | Digestion, followed by any of the | | 2120 B 2001 | | 1 1230 03 |
| mg{L | following: | | | | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd ³⁶ | | 3111 B-1999 or 3111 C-1999 | D1688-07 cA or Bd | 974.27, ³ p. 37, ⁹ I-3270-85 ² or |
| | | | | | I-3271-85 ² |
| | Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd | | 3113 B-2004 | D1688-07 cCd | I-4274-89 51 |
| | Stabilized temperature GFAA cSTGFAAd | 200.9, Rev. 2.2 c1994d | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission spectrometry cICP{AESd ³⁶ | 200.5, Rev 4.2 c2003d; ⁶⁸ 200.7, Rev. 4.4 c1994d | 3120 B-1999 | D1976-07 | I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry cICP{MSd | 200.8, Rev. 5.4 c1994d | 3125 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14, ³ I-4020-05 ⁷⁰ |
| | Direct current plasma cDCPd ³⁶ | | | D4190-08 | Note 34 |
| | Colorimetric cNeocuproined | | 3500-Cu B- 1999 | | |
| | Colorimetric cBathocuproined | | 3500-Cu C- 1999 | | Note 19 |
| 23. Cyanide—Total, mg{L | Automated UV digestion{distillation and Colorimetry | | | | Kelada-01. ⁵⁵ |
| | Segmented Flow Injection, In-Line Ultraviolet Digestion, followed by gas diffusion amperometry | | | D7511-09 | |
| | Manual distillation with MgCl ₂ , | 335.4, Rev. 1.0 | 4500-CN ⁻ B- | D2036-09cAd, | 10-204-00-1-X ⁵⁶ |
| | followed by any of the following: | c1993d ⁵⁷ | 1999 or C-1999 | D7284-08 | |
| | Flow Injection, gas diffusion | | | D2036-09cAd | |
| | amperometry | | | D7284-08 | |
| | Titrimetric | | 4500-CN ⁻ D- 1999 | D2036-09cAd | p. 22 ⁹ |
| | Colorimetry; Spectrophotometric, manual | | 4500-CN ⁻ E- 1999 | D2036-09cAd | I-3300-85 ² |
| | Colorimetry; Semi-Automated ²⁰ | 335.4, Rev. 1.0 c1993d ⁵⁷ | | | 10-204-00-1-X, ⁵⁶ I-4302-85 ² |
| | | | | | |
| | Ion Chromatography | | | D2036-09cAd | |

Table B (continued)
List of Approved Inorganic Test Procedures For Wastewater

| Parameter, Units | Analytical Technology 58 | EPA ⁵² | Standard methods | ASTM | USGS AOAC Other |
|--|---|--|---------------------------------|------------------------|---|
| 24. Cyanide-Available, mg{L | Cyanide Amenable to Chlorination cCATCd; Manual distillation with MgCl ₂ , followed by Titrimetric or Spectrophotometric | | 4500-CN ⁻ G- 1999 | D2036-09cBd | |
| | Flow injection and ligand exchange, followed by gas diffusion amperometry 59 | | | D6888-09 | OIA-1677-09 44 |
| | Automated Distillation and Colorimetry cno UV digestiond | 7 | | | Kelada-01 55 |
| 24.A Cyanide-Free, mg{L | Flow Injection, followed by gas diffusion amperometry | | | D7237-10 | OIA-1677-09 ⁴⁴ |
| | Manual micro-diffusion and colorimetry | | | D4282-02 | |
| 25. Fluoride—Total mg{L | Manual distillation, ⁶ followed by any of the following: | | 4500-FB-1997 | | |
| | Electrode, manual cISEd | | 4500-F ⁻ C-1997 | D1179-04 cBd | |
| | Electrode, automated cISEd | | | | I-4327-85 ² |
| | Colorimetric, cSPADNSd | | 4500-FD-1997 | D1179-04 cAd | |
| | Automated complexone | | 4500-FE-1997 | | |
| | Ion Chromatography | 300.0, Rev 2.1 c1993d and 300.1-1, Rev 1.0 c1997d | 4110 B-2000 or C-2000 | r D4327-03 | 993.30 ³ |
| | Capillary ion electrophoresis cCIE{UVd | | 4140 B-1997 | D6508-00c05d | D6508, Rev. 2 54 |
| 26. Gold—Total, ⁴ mg{L | Digestion, followed by any of the following: | | | | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd | | 3111 B-1999 | | |
| | Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd | 231.2 cIssued 1978d ¹ | 3113 B-2004 | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry cICP{MSd | 200.8, Rev. 5.4 c1994d | 3125 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14 ³ |
| | Direct current plasma cDCPd | | | | Note 34 |
| 27. Hardness—To- tal, as CaCO ₃ , mg{L | | 130.1 cIssued 1971d ¹ | | | |
| | Titrimetric cEDTAd | | 2340 C-1997 | D1126-02c07d | 973.52B, ³ I-1338-85 ² |
| | Ca plus Mg as their carbonates, by in- ductively coupled plasma or AA direct aspiration. cSee Parameters 13 and 33d. | | 2340 B-1997 | | |
| 28. Hydrogen ion cpHd, pH units | Electrometric measurement | | 4500-H ⁺ B- 2000 | D1293-99 cA or Bd | 973.41, ³ I-1586-85 ² |
| | Automated electrode | 150.2 cDec. 1982d ¹ | | | See footnote, ²¹ I-2587-85 ² |
| 29. Iridium—Total, ⁴ mg{L | Digestion, followed by any of the following: | | | | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd | | 3111 B-1999 | | |
| | Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd | 235.2 cIssued 1978d ¹ | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry cICP{MSd | | 3125 B-2009 | | |
| 30. Iron—Total, ⁴ mg{L | Digestion, followed by any of the following: | | | | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd ³⁶ | | 3111 B-1999 or 3111 C-1999 | r D1068-05 cA or Bd | 974.27, ³ I-3381-85 ² |

Table B (continued)
List of Approved Inorganic Test Procedures For Wastewater

| Parameter, Units | Analytical Technology 58 | EPA ⁵² | Standard methods | ASTM | USGS AOAC Other |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| Turumeter, Chies | Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd | 22.12 | 3113 B-2004 | D1068-05 cCd | |
| | Stabilized temperature GFAA | 200.9, Rev. 2.2 | | | |
| | cSTGFAAd | c1994d | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-atomic | 200.5, Rev 4.2 | 3120 B-1999 | D1976-07 | I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| | emission spectrometry cICP{AESd ³⁶ | c2003d ⁶⁸ ; 200.7, | | | |
| | | Rev. 4.4 c1994d | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spec- | 200.8, Rev. 5.4 | 3125 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14. ³ |
| | trometry cICP{MSd | c1994d | | D 1100 00 | 34 |
| | Direct current plasma cDCPd ³⁶ | | 2500 F B | D4190-08 | Note 34 |
| | Colorimetric cPhenanthrolined | | 3500-Fe B- | D1068-05 cDd | Note ²² |
| 21 Violdahl Nitus | Manual digestion ²⁰ and distillation or | | 1997 | D2500 02-064 | I-4515-91 ⁴⁵ |
| 31. Kjeldahl Nitro- gen ⁵ —Total, cas | gas diffusion, followed by any of the | | 4500-N _{org} B- 1997 or | D3590-02c06d cAd | 1-4515-91 |
| Nd, mg{L | following: | | C-1997 and | CAU | |
| ivu, mg L | lollowing. | | 4500-NH ₃ B- | | |
| | | | 1997 | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Titration | | 4500-NH ₃ C- | | 973.48 ³ |
| | | | 1997 | | |
| | Electrode | | 4500-NH ₃ D- | D1426-08 cBd | |
| | | | 1997 or | | |
| | | | E-1997 | | |
| | Semi-automated phenate | 350.1 Rev 2.0 | 4500-NH ₃ G- | | |
| | _ | 1993 | 1997, | | |
| | | | 4500-NH ₃ H- | | |
| | | | 1997 | | |
| | Manual phenate, salicylate, or other | | 4500-NH ₃ F- | | Note 60 |
| | substituted phenols in Berthelot reac- | | 1997 | | |
| | tion based methods | | | | |
| Automated Method | ls for TKN that do not require manual | | | | 7 1551 50 8 |
| | Automated phenate, salicylate, or other | | | | I-4551-78.8 |
| | substituted phenols in Berthelot reac- | 1978d ¹ | | | |
| | tion based methods colorimetric cauto | | | | |
| | digestion and distillationd | | | D3590-02c06d | I-4515-91 45 |
| | Comi automatad blask disastan a-1: | 251.2 Day 2.0 | 4500 N D | | 1-4-11-1-91 |
| | Semi-automated block digestor colori- | 351.2, Rev. 2.0 | 4500-N _{org} D- | | 1 4313 71 |
| | metric cdistillation not requiredd | 351.2, Rev. 2.0 c1993d | 4500-N _{org} D- 1997 | cBd | |
| | metric cdistillation not requiredd Block digester, followed by Auto distil- | | | | Note ³⁹ |
| | metric cdistillation not requiredd Block digester, followed by Auto distil- lation and Titration | c1993d | | | Note ³⁹ |
| | metric cdistillation not requiredd Block digester, followed by Auto distillation and Titration Block Digester, followed by Flow injec- | c1993d | | | |
| | metric cdistillation not requiredd Block digester, followed by Auto distillation and Titration Block Digester, followed by Flow injection gas diffusion cdistillation not | c1993d | | | Note ³⁹ |
| 32. Lead—Total, ⁴ | metric cdistillation not requiredd Block digester, followed by Auto distillation and Titration Block Digester, followed by Flow injection gas diffusion cdistillation not requiredd | c1993d | | | Note ³⁹ |
| , | metric cdistillation not requiredd Block digester, followed by Auto distillation and Titration Block Digester, followed by Flow injection gas diffusion cdistillation not | c1993d | | | Note ³⁹ |
| 32. Lead—Total, ⁴ mg{L | metric cdistillation not requiredd Block digester, followed by Auto distillation and Titration Block Digester, followed by Flow injection gas diffusion cdistillation not requiredd Digestion, 4 followed by any of the | c1993d | | | Note ³⁹ |
| * | metric cdistillation not requiredd Block digester, followed by Auto distillation and Titration Block Digester, followed by Flow injection gas diffusion cdistillation not requiredd Digestion, followed by any of the following: | c1993d | 1997 | | Note ³⁹ |
| , | metric cdistillation not requiredd Block digester, followed by Auto distillation and Titration Block Digester, followed by Flow injection gas diffusion cdistillation not requiredd Digestion, 4 followed by any of the | c1993d | 1997 | cBd | Note ³⁹ Note ⁴¹ |
| * | metric cdistillation not requiredd Block digester, followed by Auto distillation and Titration Block Digester, followed by Flow injection gas diffusion cdistillation not requiredd Digestion, followed by any of the following: | c1993d | 1997 3111 B-1999 o | cBd r D3559-08 cA | Note ³⁹ Note ⁴¹ 974.27, ³ |
| , | metric cdistillation not requiredd Block digester, followed by Auto distillation and Titration Block Digester, followed by Flow injection gas diffusion cdistillation not requiredd Digestion, followed by any of the following: AA direct aspiration cFLAAd Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd | c1993d | 3111 B-1999 o 3111 C-1999. | r D3559-08 cA or Bd | Note ³⁹ Note ⁴¹ 974.27, ³ I-3399-85 ² |
| , | metric cdistillation not requiredd Block digester, followed by Auto distillation and Titration Block Digester, followed by Flow injection gas diffusion cdistillation not requiredd Digestion, followed by any of the following: AA direct aspiration cFLAAd Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd Stabilized temperature GFAA | c1993d 200.9, Rev. 2.2 | 3111 B-1999 o 3111 C-1999. | r D3559-08 cA or Bd | Note ³⁹ Note ⁴¹ 974.27, ³ I-3399-85 ² |
| , | metric cdistillation not requiredd Block digester, followed by Auto distillation and Titration Block Digester, followed by Flow injection gas diffusion cdistillation not requiredd Digestion, followed by any of the following: AA direct aspiration cFLAAd Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd Stabilized temperature GFAA cSTGFAAd | c1993d 200.9, Rev. 2.2 c1994d | 3111 B-1999 o 3111 C-1999. 3113 B-2004 | r D3559-08 cA or Bd D3559-08 cDd | Note ³⁹ Note ⁴¹ 974.27, ³ I-3399-85 ² I-4403-89 ⁵¹ |
| , | metric cdistillation not requiredd Block digester, followed by Auto distillation and Titration Block Digester, followed by Flow injection gas diffusion cdistillation not requiredd Digestion, followed by any of the following: AA direct aspiration cFLAAd Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd Stabilized temperature GFAA cSTGFAAd Inductively coupled plasma-atomic | 200.9, Rev. 2.2 c1994d 200.5, Rev 4.2 | 3111 B-1999 o 3111 C-1999. | r D3559-08 cA or Bd | Note ³⁹ Note ⁴¹ 974.27, ³ I-3399-85 ² |
| * | metric cdistillation not requiredd Block digester, followed by Auto distillation and Titration Block Digester, followed by Flow injection gas diffusion cdistillation not requiredd Digestion, followed by any of the following: AA direct aspiration cFLAAd Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd Stabilized temperature GFAA cSTGFAAd | 200.9, Rev. 2.2 c1994d 200.5, Rev 4.2 c2003d; ⁶⁸ 200.7, | 3111 B-1999 o 3111 C-1999. 3113 B-2004 | r D3559-08 cA or Bd D3559-08 cDd | Note ³⁹ Note ⁴¹ 974.27, ³ I-3399-85 ² I-4403-89 ⁵¹ |
| , | metric cdistillation not requiredd Block digester, followed by Auto distillation and Titration Block Digester, followed by Flow injection gas diffusion cdistillation not requiredd Digestion, followed by any of the following: AA direct aspiration cFLAAd Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd Stabilized temperature GFAA cSTGFAAd Inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission spectrometry cICP{AESd 36 | 200.9, Rev. 2.2 c1994d 200.5, Rev 4.2 c2003d; ⁶⁸ 200.7, Rev. 4.4 c1994d | 3111 B-1999 o 3111 C-1999. 3113 B-2004 | r D3559-08 cA or Bd D3559-08 cDd | Note ³⁹ Note ⁴¹ 974.27, ³ I-3399-85 ² I-4403-89 ⁵¹ I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| , | metric cdistillation not requiredd Block digester, followed by Auto distillation and Titration Block Digester, followed by Flow injection gas diffusion cdistillation not requiredd Digestion, followed by any of the following: AA direct aspiration cFLAAd Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd Stabilized temperature GFAA cSTGFAAd Inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission spectrometry cICP{AESd 36} Inductively coupled plasma-mass spec- | 200.9, Rev. 2.2 c1994d 200.5, Rev 4.2 c2003d; ⁶⁸ 200.7, Rev. 4.4 c1994d 200.8, Rev. 5.4 | 3111 B-1999 o 3111 C-1999. 3113 B-2004 | r D3559-08 cA or Bd D3559-08 cDd | Note ³⁹ Note ⁴¹ 974.27, ³ I-3399-85 ² I-4403-89 ⁵¹ I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| , | metric cdistillation not requiredd Block digester, followed by Auto distillation and Titration Block Digester, followed by Flow injection gas diffusion cdistillation not requiredd Digestion, followed by any of the following: AA direct aspiration cFLAAd Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd Stabilized temperature GFAA cSTGFAAd Inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission spectrometry cICP{AESd 36} Inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry cICP{MSd | 200.9, Rev. 2.2 c1994d 200.5, Rev 4.2 c2003d; ⁶⁸ 200.7, Rev. 4.4 c1994d | 3111 B-1999 o 3111 C-1999. 3113 B-2004 | r D3559-08 cA or Bd D3559-08 cDd | Note ³⁹ Note ⁴¹ 974.27, ³ I-3399-85 ² I-4403-89 ⁵¹ I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ 993.14, ³ I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| , | metric cdistillation not requiredd Block digester, followed by Auto distillation and Titration Block Digester, followed by Flow injection gas diffusion cdistillation not requiredd Digestion, followed by any of the following: AA direct aspiration cFLAAd Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd Stabilized temperature GFAA cSTGFAAd Inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission spectrometry cICP{AESd 36} Inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry cICP{MSd Direct current plasma cDCPd 36 | 200.9, Rev. 2.2 c1994d 200.5, Rev 4.2 c2003d; ⁶⁸ 200.7, Rev. 4.4 c1994d 200.8, Rev. 5.4 | 3111 B-1999 o 3111 C-1999. 3113 B-2004 | r D3559-08 cA or Bd D3559-08 cDd D1976-07 D5673-05 D4190-08 | Note ³⁹ Note ⁴¹ 974.27, ³ I-3399-85 ² I-4403-89 ⁵¹ I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| , | metric cdistillation not requiredd Block digester, followed by Auto distillation and Titration Block Digester, followed by Flow injection gas diffusion cdistillation not requiredd Digestion, followed by any of the following: AA direct aspiration cFLAAd Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd Stabilized temperature GFAA cSTGFAAd Inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission spectrometry cICP{AESd 36} Inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry cICP{MSd | 200.9, Rev. 2.2 c1994d 200.5, Rev 4.2 c2003d; ⁶⁸ 200.7, Rev. 4.4 c1994d 200.8, Rev. 5.4 | 3111 B-1999 o 3111 C-1999. 3113 B-2004 | r D3559-08 cA or Bd D3559-08 cDd | Note ³⁹ Note ⁴¹ 974.27, ³ I-3399-85 ² I-4403-89 ⁵¹ I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ 993.14, ³ I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |

Table B (continued)
List of Approved Inorganic Test Procedures For Wastewater

| Parameter, Units | Analytical Technology ⁵⁸ | EPA ⁵² | Standard methods | ASTM | USGS AOAC Other |
|---|---|---|---------------------|-------------------------|---|
| 33. Magne- | Digestion, ⁴ followed by any of the | | | | |
| sium—Total,4mg{L | following: | | | | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd | | 3111 B-1999 | D511-08 cBd | 974.27,3 |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-atomic | 200.5, Rev 4.2 | 3120 B-1999 | D1976-07 | I-3447-85 ² I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| | emission spectrometry cICP{AESd | c2003d; ⁶⁸ 200.7, Rev. 4.4 c1994d | 3120 D -1999 | D1970-07 | 1-44/1-9/ |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry cICP{MSd | 200.8, Rev. 5.4 c1994d | 3125 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14 ³ |
| | Direct current plasma cDCPd Ion Chromatography | | | D6919-09 | Note ³⁴ |
| 34. Man- ganese—Total ⁴ , mg{L | Digestion ⁴ followed by any of the following: | | | D0919-09 | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd ³⁶ | | 3111 B-1999 | D858-07 cA or Bd | 974.27, ³ I-3454-85 ² |
| | Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd | | 3113 B-2004 | D858-07 cCd | |
| | Stabilized temperature GFAA cSTGFAAd | 200.9, Rev. 2.2 c1994d | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission spectrometry cICP{AESd ³⁶ | 200.5, Rev 4.2 c2003d; ⁶⁸ 200.7, Rev. 4.4 c1994d | 3120 B-1999 | D1976-07 | I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spec- | | 3125 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14,3 |
| | trometry cICP{MSd Direct current plasma cDCPd ³⁶ | c1994d | | D4190-08 | I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ Note ³⁴ |
| | Colorimetric cPersulfated | | 3500-Mn B- | D4190-06 | 920.203 ³ |
| | Colormetric of organica | | 1999 | | 20.203 |
| | Colorimetric cPeriodated | | | | Note ²³ |
| 35. Mercury—To- tal, 4 mg{L | Cold vapor, Manual | 245.1, Rev. 3.0 c1994d | 3112 B-2009 | D3223-02c07d | 977.22, ³ I-3462-85 ² |
| | Cold vapor, Automated | 245.2 cIssued 1974d ¹ | | | |
| | Cold vapor atomic fluorescence spectrometry cCVAFSd | 245.7 Rev. 2.0 c2005d ¹⁷ | | | I-4464-01 ⁷¹ |
| | Purge and Trap CVAFS | 1631E ⁴³ | | | |
| 36. Molybde- num—Total, 4mg{L | Digestion, ⁴ followed by any of the following: | | | | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd | | 3111 D-1999 | | I-3490-85 ² |
| | Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd | | 3113 B-2004 | | I-3492-96 47 |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission spectrometry cICP{AESd ³⁶ | 200.5, Rev 4.2 c2003d; ⁶⁸ 200.7, Rev. 4.4 c1994d | 3120 B-1999 | D1976-07 | I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry cICP{MSd | | 3125 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14, ³ I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| | Direct current plasma cDCPd | | | | Note 34 |
| 37. Nickel—To- tal, 4mg{L | Digestion ⁴ followed by any of the following: | | | | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd ³⁶ | | 3111 C-1999 | or D1886-08 cA or Bd | I-3499-85 ² |
| | Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd Stabilized temperature GFAA cSTGFAAd | 200.9, Rev. 2.2 c1994d | 3113 B-2004 | D1886-08 cCd | I-4503-89 ⁵¹ |
| | 551G1711u | ∪1//TU | | | |

Table B (continued)
List of Approved Inorganic Test Procedures For Wastewater

| Donomoter II- | Analytical Tashnal 58 | EPA ⁵² | Standard | A CUDA | USGS AOAC |
|--|---|--|--|------------------|---|
| Parameter, Units | Analytical Technology ⁵⁸ Inductively coupled plasma-atomic | 200.5, Rev 4.2 | methods 3120 B-1999 | ASTM D1976-07 | Other I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| | emission spectrometry cICP{AESd ³⁶ | c2003d; ⁶⁸ 200.7, Rev. 4.4 c1994d | 3120 B-1999 | D19/6-0/ | 1-44/1-9/ |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spec- | 200.8, Rev. 5.4 | 3125 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14,3 |
| | trometry cICP{MSd | c1994d | 3123 B 2007 | D3073 03 | I-4020-05 ⁷⁰ |
| | Direct current plasma cDCPd ³⁶ | CIJJAG | | D4190-08 | Note ³⁴ |
| 38. Nitrate cas Nd, | Ion Chromatography | 300.0, Rev 2.1 | 4110 B-2000 or | | 993.30 ³ |
| mg{L | Ton Chromatography | c1993d and 300.1- 1, Rev 1.0 c1997d | | D4327-03 | 993.30 |
| | Capillary ion electrophoresis eCIE{UVd | | 4140 B-1997 | D6508-00c05d | D6508, Rev. 2 54 |
| | Ion Selective Electrode | | 4500-NO ₃ -D- 2000 | | |
| | Nitrate-nitrite N minus Nitrite N cSee | | | | Note 62 |
| | parameters 39 and 40d | | | | |
| 39. Nitrate + nitrite cas Nd, mg{L | Cadmium reduction, Manual | | 4500-NO ₃ -E- 2000 | D3867-04 cBd | |
| | Cadmium reduction, Automated | 353.2, Rev. 2.0 c1993d | 4500-NO ₃ -F- 2000 | D3867-04 cAd | I-2545-90 ⁵¹ |
| | Automated hydrazine | | 4500-NO ₃ -H- 2000 | | |
| | Reduction{Colorimetric | | | | Note 62 |
| | Ion Chromatography | 300.0, Rev 2.1 c1993d and 300.1- 1, Rev 1.0 c1997d | 4110 B-2000 or C-2000 | D4327-03 | 993.30 ³ |
| | Capillary ion electrophoresis cCIE{UVd | | 4140 B-1997 | D6508-00c05d | D6508, Rev. 2 54 |
| 40. Nitrite cas Nd, mg{L | Spectrophotometric: Manual | | 4500-NO ₂ -B- 2000 | | Note ²⁵ |
| | Automated cDiazotizationd | | | | I-4540-85, ² Note ⁶² |
| | Automated c*bypass cadmium reductiond | 353.2, Rev. 2.0 c1993d | 4500-NO ₃ ·F- 2000 | D3867-04 cAd | I-4545-85 ² |
| | Manual c*bypass cadmium reductiond | | 4500-NO ₃ ⁻ E- 2000 | D3867-04 cBd | 2 |
| | Ion Chromatography | 300.0, Rev 2.1 c1993d and 300.1- 1, Rev 1.0 c1997d | 4110 B-2000 or C-2000 | D4327-03 | 993.30 ³ |
| | Capillary ion electrophoresis cCIE{UVd | | 4140 B-1997 | D6508-00c05d | D6508, Rev. 2 54 |
| 41. Oil and grease—Total recoverable, mg{L | Hexane extractable material cHEMd: n- Hexane extraction and gravimetry | 1664 Rev. A; 1664 Rev. B ⁴² | 5520 B-2001 ³⁸ | | |
| | Silica gel treated HEM cSGT-HEMd: Silica gel treatment and gravimetry | 1664 Rev. A; 1664 Rev. B ⁴² | 5520 B- 2001 ³⁸ and 5520 F-2001 ³⁸ | | |
| 42. Organic carbon—Total cTOCd, mg{L | Combustion | | 5310 B-2000 | D7573-09 | 973.47, ³ p. 14 ²⁴ |
| | Heated persulfate or UV persulfate oxidation | | 5310 C- 2000 5310 D-2000 | D4839-03 | 973.47, ³ p. 14 ²⁴ |
| 43. Organic nitrogen cas Nd, mg{L | Total Kjeldahl N cParameter 31d minus ammonia N cParameter 4d | | | | * |
| 44. Ortho-phos- | Colorimetry, Ascorbic acid, Automated | 365.1, Rev. 2.0 | 4500-P F-1999 | | 973.56, ³ |
| phate cas Pd, mg{L | | c1993d | or | | I-4601-85 ² |
| - 1 | | | G-1999 | | |

Table B (continued)
List of Approved Inorganic Test Procedures For Wastewater

| Parameter Units | Analytical Technology 58 | EPA ⁵² | Standard methods | ASTM | USGS AOAC Other |
|---|--|--|---|----------------------|---|
| Tarameter, emis | Colorimetry, Ascorbic Acid, Manual single reagent | EI II | 4500-P E-1999 | | 973.55 ³ |
| | Colorimetry, Ascorbic Acid, Manual two reagent | 365.3 cIssued 1978d ¹ | | | |
| | Ion Chromatography | 300.0, Rev 2.1 c1993d and 300.1- 1, Rev 1.0 c1997d | 4110 B-2000 or C-2000 | D4327-03 | 993.30 ³ |
| | Capillary ion electrophoresis c CIE{UVd | , | 4140 B-1997 | D6508- 00c05d | D6508, Rev. 2 54 |
| 45. Osmium—To- tal ⁴ , mg{L | Digestion ⁴ , followed by any of the following: | | | | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd | | 3111 D-1999 | | |
| | Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd | 252.2 cIssued 1978d ¹ | | | |
| 46. Oxygen, dissolved, mg{L | Winkler cAzide modificationd | | 4500-O B- 2001, C-2001, D-2001, E-2001, F-2001 | D888-09 cAd | 973.45B, ³ I-1575-78 ⁸ |
| | Electrode | | 4500-O G-2001 | D888-09 cBd | I-1576-78 ⁸ |
| | Luminescence Based Sensor | | | D888-09 cCd | Note ⁶³ Note ⁶⁴ |
| 47. Palladium—To- tal, ⁴ mg{L | Digestion ⁴ , followed by any of the following: | | | | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd | | 3111 B-1999 | | |
| | Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd | 253.2 ¹ cIssued 1978d | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry cICP{MSd | | 3125 B-2009 | | |
| 48. Phenols, mg{L | Direct current plasma cDCPd Manual distillation ²⁶ , followed by any of the following: | 420.1 ¹ cRev. 1978d | 5530 B-2005 | D1783-01 | Note ³⁴ |
| | Colorimetric c4AAPd manual | 420.1¹cRev. 1978d | 5530 D-2005 ²⁷ | D1783-01 cA or Bd | |
| | Colorimetric c4AAPd, Automated | 420.4 Rev. 1.0 c1993d | | | |
| 49. Phosphorus celementald, mg{L | Gas-liquid chromatography | | | | Note ²⁸ |
| 50. Phosphorus—Total, mg{L | Digestion ²⁰ , followed by any of the following: | | 4500-P Bc5d- 1999 | | 973.55 ³ |
| | Colorimetric, Manual ascorbic acid | 365.3 ¹ cIssued 1978d | 4500-P E-1999 | D515-88 cAd | |
| | Colorimetric, Automated ascorbic acid reduction | 365.1 Rev. 2.0 c1993d | 4500-P F-1999, G-1999, H-1999 | | 973.56, ³ I-4600-85 ² |
| | Colorimetric, Semi-automated block digestor cTKP digestiond | 365.4 ¹ cIssued 1974d | | D515-88 cBd | I-4610-91 ⁴⁸ |
| 51. Platinum—To- tal, 4mg{L | Digestion ⁴ followed by any of the following: | | | | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd | | 3111 B-1999 | | |
| | Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd | 255.2 cIssued 1978d ¹ | | | |

Table B (continued)
List of Approved Inorganic Test Procedures For Wastewater

| Parameter, Units | Analytical Technology 58 | EPA ⁵² | Standard methods | ASTM | USGS AOAC Other |
|--|--|---|--------------------------------|-------------------|---|
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry cICP{MSd | | 3125 B-2009 | - | |
| | Direct current plasma cDCPd | | | | Note 34 |
| 52. Potassium—To- tal, 4mg{L | Digestion ⁴ , followed by any of the following: | | | | 71000 |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd | | 3111 B-1999 | | 973.53, ³ I-3630-85 ² |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission spectrometry cICP{AESd | 200.7, Rev. 4.4 c1994d | 3120 B-1999 | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry cICP{MSd | 200.8, Rev. 5.4 c1994d | 3125 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14 ³ |
| | Flame photometric | | 3500-K B-1997 | | |
| | Electrode | | 3500-K C-1997 | | |
| | Ion Chromatography | | | D6919-09 | |
| mg{L | Gravimetric, 103-105vC | | 2540 B-1997 | | I-3750-85 ² |
| able cTDSd, mg{L | Gravimetric, 180vC | | 2540 C-1997 | D5907-03 | I-1750-85 ² |
| $\label{eq:cTSSd} \begin{array}{c} \text{filterable cTSSd,} \\ \text{mg}\{L \end{array}$ | Gravimetric, 103-105vC post washing of residue | | 2540 D-1997 | D5907-03 | I-3765-85 ² |
| 56. Residue—set- tleable, mg{L | Volumetric, cImhoff coned, or gravimetric | | 2540 F-1997 | | |
| 57. Residue—Volatile, mg{L | Gravimetric, 550vC | 160.4 cIssued 1971d ¹ | 2540-E-1997 | | I-3753-85 ² |
| 58. Rhodium—To- | Digestion ⁴ followed by any of the | | | | |
| tal,4 mg{L | following: | | | | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd, or | | 3111 B-1999 | | |
| | Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd | 265.2 cIssued 1978d ¹ | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry cICP{MSd | | 3125 B-2009 | | |
| 59. Ruthe- nium—Total, ⁴ mg{L | Digestion ⁴ followed by any of the following: | | | | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd, or | 267.21 | 3111 B-1999 | | |
| | Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd | 267.21 | 2125 F 2000 | | |
| (0.01.; *** | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry cICP{MSd | 200.8 | 3125 B-2009 | | |
| 60. Selenium—To-tal, 4mg{L | Digestion ⁴ , followed by any of the following: | | | | |
| | Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd | | 3113 B-2004 | D3859-08 cBd | I-4668-98 ⁴⁹ |
| | Stabilized temperature GFAA cSTGFAAd | 200.9, Rev. 2.2 c1994d | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission spectrometry cICP{AESd³6} | 200.5, Rev 4.2 c2003d; ⁶⁸ 200.7, Rev. 4.4 c1994d | 3120 B-1999 | D1976-07 | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry cICP{MSd | 200.8, Rev. 5.4 c1994d | 3125 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14, ³ I-4020-05 ⁷⁰ |
| | AA gaseous hydride | | 3114 B-2009, or 3111 C-2009 | D3859-08 9 cAd | I-3667-85 ² |
| 61. Silica—Dis- solved, ³⁷ mg{L | 0.45-micron filtration followed by any of the following: | | | | |

Table B (continued)
List of Approved Inorganic Test Procedures For Wastewater

| B | List of Approved Inc. | | Standard | | USGS AOAC |
|---------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| Parameter, Units | Analytical Technology 58 Colorimetric, Manual | EPA 52 | methods 4500-SiO ₂ C- | ASTM D859-05 | Other I-1700-85 ² |
| | Colorimetric, Manual | | 4500-810 ₂ C- 1997 | D839-03 | 1-1700-85 |
| | Colorimetric, Automated | | 4500-SiO ₂ E- | | I-2700-85 ² |
| | cMolybdosilicated | | 1997 or | | 1 2700 03 |
| | | | F-1997 | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-atomic | 200.5, Rev 4.2 | 3120 B-1999 | | I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| | emission spectrometry cICP{AESd | c2003d; ⁶⁸ 200.7, | | | |
| | | Rev. 4.4 c1994d | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spec- | | 3125 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14 ³ |
| | trometry cICP{MSd | c1994d | | | |
| 62. Silver—Total, ^{4,} | Digestion ^{4, 29} , followed by any of the | | | | |
| 31 mg{L | following: | | | | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd | | 3111 B-1999 or | | 974.27, ³ |
| | AA direct aspiration creaAd | | 3111 G -1999 01 | | p. 37, ⁹ |
| | | | 3111 C-1999 | | J. 37, I-3720-85 ² |
| | Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd | | 3113 B-2004 | | I-4724-89 ⁵¹ |
| | Stabilized temperature GFAA | 200.9, Rev. 2.2 | | | . ~. |
| | cSTGFAAd | c1994d | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-atomic | 200.5, Rev 4.2 | 3120 B-1999 | D1976-07 | I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| | emission spectrometry cICP{AESd | c2003d; ⁶⁸ 200.7, | | | |
| | | Rev. 4.4 c1994d | | | 2 |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spec- | 200.8, Rev. 5.4 | 3125 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14, ³ |
| | trometry cICP{MSd | c1994d | | | I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| 63. Sodium—To- | Direct current plasma cDCPd | | | | Note 34 |
| tal,4mg{L | Digestion ⁴ , followed by any of the following: | | | | |
| tai, mg{L | ionowing. | | | | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd | | 3111 B-1999 | | 973.54 ³ , |
| | The direct aspiration of Errica | | 3111 B 1777 | | I-3735-85 ² |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-atomic | 200.5, Rev 4.2 | 3120 B-1999 | | I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| | emission spectrometry cICP{AESd | c2003d ⁶⁸ ; 200.7, | | | |
| | | Rev. 4.4 c1994d | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spec- | | 3125 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14 ³ |
| | trometry cICP{MSd | c1994d | | | - 24 |
| | Direct current plasma cDCPd | | 2500 N. D | | Note 34 |
| | Flame photometric | | 3500-Na B- 1997 | | |
| | Ion Chromatography | | 1997 | D6919-09 | |
| 64. Specific con- | Wheatstone bridge | 120.1¹cRev. 1982d | 2510 R-1007 | D1125- | 973.40, ³ |
| ductance, mi- | wheatstone bridge | 120.1 CRCV. 1702u | 2310 B -1777 | 95c99d cAd | I-2781-85 ² |
| cromhos{cm at 25 | | | | | |
| νC | | | | | |
| 65. Sulfate cas | Colorimetric, Automated | 375.2, Rev. 2.0 | 4500-SO ₄ ² -F- | | |
| SO ₄ d, mg{L | | c1993d | 1997 or G-1997 | | |
| | | | | | 22222 |
| | Gravimetric | | 4500-SO ₄ ² -C- | | 925.54 ³ |
| | | | 1997 or D-1997 | | |
| | Turbidimetric | | 4500-SO ₄ ² -E- | D516-07 | |
| | T. Cl. | 200 0 P 2.1 | 1997 | D4207 02 | 002.20.3 |
| | Ion Chromatography | 300.0, Rev 2.1 c1993d and 300.1- | 4110 B-2000 or | D4327-03 | 993.30, ³ I-4020-05 ⁷⁰ |
| | | 1, Rev 1.0 c1997d | C-2000 | | 1-4020-03 |
| | Capillary ion electrophoresis c | 1, ICV 1.0 C1///U | 4140 B-1997 | D6508- | D6508, Rev. 2 54 |
| | CIE{UVd | | 7140 D-133/ | 00c05d | D0500, RCV. 2 |
| 66. Sulfide cas Sd, | Sample Pretreatment | | 4500-S ² -B, C- | 30003u | |
| mg{L | r | | 2000 | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Titrimetric ciodined | | 4500-S ² -F-2000 | | I-3840-85 ² |
| | | | | | |

Table B (continued)
List of Approved Inorganic Test Procedures For Wastewater

| | | | G/ * * | | USGS |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|------------------|---|
| Parameter Units | Analytical Technology 58 | EPA 52 | Standard methods | ASTM | AOAC Other |
| Turumeter, emes | Colorimetric cmethylene blued | 2377 | 4500-S ² -D- | 7101111 | ouici |
| | | | 2000 | | |
| | Ion Selective Electrode | | 4500-S ² -G- 2000 | D4658-08 | |
| 67. Sulfite cas SO ₃ d, | Titrimetric ciodine-iodated | | 4500-SO ₃ ² -B- 2000 | | |
| 58. Surfactants, | Colorimetric cmethylene blued | | 5540 C-2000 | D2330-02 | |
| ing { L 69. Temperature, vC | Thermometric | | 2550 B-2000 | | Note 32 |
| | Digestion ⁴ , followed by any of the | | 2000 B 2000 | | 11010 |
| mg{L | following: | | | | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd | | 3111 B-1999 | | |
| | Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd | 279.2 ¹ cIssued 1978d | 3113 B-2004 | | |
| | Stabilized temperature GFAA cSTGFAAd | 200.9, Rev. 2.2 c1994d | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission spectrometry cICP{AESd | 200.7, Rev. 4.4 c1994d; 200.5 Rev. 4.2 c2003d ⁶⁸ | 3120 B-1999 | D1976-07 | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry cICP{MSd | 200.8, Rev. 5.4 c1994d | 3125 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14, ³ I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| 71. Tin-Total, 4mg{L | Digestion ⁴ , followed by any of the following: | | | | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd | | 3111 B-1999 | | I-3850-78 ⁸ |
| | Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd | | 3113 B-2004 | | |
| | Stabilized temperature GFAA | 200.9, Rev. 2.2 | | | |
| | cSTGFAAd | c1994d | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission spectrometry cICP{AESd | 200.5, Rev 4.2 c2003d; ⁶⁸ 200.7, Rev. 4.4 c1994d | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry cICP{MSd | 200.8, Rev. 5.4 c1994d | 3125 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14 ³ |
| 72. Titanium-To- al, 4mg{L | Digestion ⁴ followed by any of the following: | | | | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd | | 3111 D-1999 | | |
| | Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd | 283.2 ¹ cIssued 1978d | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission spectrometry cICP{AESd | 200.7, Rev. 4.4 c1994d | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry cICP{MSd | | 3125 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14 ³ |
| | Direct current plasma cDCPd | | | | Note 34 |
| 73. Turbidity, NTU ⁵³ | Nephelometric | 180.1, Rev. 2.0 c1993d | 2130 B-2001 | D1889-00 | I-3860-85 ² Note ⁶⁵ |
| | | | | | Note ⁶⁶ Note ⁶⁷ |
| 74. Vanadium-To- al, 4mg{L | Digestion ⁴ , followed by any of the following: | | | | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd | | 3111 D-1999 | | |
| | Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd | | 3113 B-2004 | D3373- 03c07d | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-atomic | 200.5, Rev 4.2 | 3120 B-1999 | D1976-07 | I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| | emission spectrometry cICP{AESd | c2003d; ⁶⁸ 200.7, Rev. 4.4 c1994d | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry cICP{MSd | 200.8, Rev. 5.4 c1994d | 3125 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14, ³ I-4020-05 ⁷⁰ |

Table B (continued) List of Approved Inorganic Test Procedures For Wastewater

| Parameter, Units | Analytical Technology 58 | EPA ⁵² | Standard methods | ASTM | USGS AOAC Other |
|------------------------------------|---|---|------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| | Colorimetric cGallic Acidd | | 3500-V B-199 | 7 | |
| 75. Zinc-Total ⁴ , mg{L | Digestion ⁴ , followed by any of the following: | | | | |
| | AA direct aspiration cFLAAd ³⁶ | | 3111 B-1999 o 3111 C-1999 | or D1691- 02c07d cA or Bd | 974.27, ³ p. 37, ⁹ I-3900-85 ² |
| | Graphite furnace AA cGFAAd | 289.2 ¹ cIssued 1978d | | | |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission spectrometry cICP{AESd³6 | 200.5, Rev 4.2 c2003d; ⁶⁸ 200.7, Rev. 4.4 c1994d | 3120 B-1999 | D1976-07 | I-4471-97 ⁵⁰ |
| | Inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry cICP{MSd | 200.8, Rev. 5.4 c1994d | 3125 B-2009 | D5673-05 | 993.14 ³ I-4020-05 ⁷⁰ |
| | Direct current plasma cDCPd ³⁶ | | | D4190-08 | Note 34 |
| | Colorimetric cZincond | | 3500 Zn B- 1997 | | Note ³³ |
| 76. Acid Mine Drainage | | 1627 ⁶⁹ | | | |

Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes, EPA-600{4-79-020. Revised March 1983 and 1979, where applicable. U.S. EPA. Available from: National Technical Information Service, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, Virginia 22161.

For non-platform graphite furnace atomic absorption determinations a digestion using nitric acid cas specified in Section 4.1.3 of Methods for the Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastesd is required prior to analysis. The procedure used should subject the sample to gentle, acid refluxing and at no time should the sample be taken to dryness.

For direct aspiration flame atomic absorption determinations cFLAAd a combination acid cnitric and hydrochloric acidsd digestion is preferred prior to analysis. The approved total recoverable digestion is described as Method 200.2 in Supplement I of XMethods for the Determination of Metals in Environmental SamplesY EPA{600R-94{111, May, 1994, and is reproduced in EPA Methods 200.7, 200.8, and 200.9 from the same Supplement. However, when using the gaseous hydride technique or for the determination of certain elements such as antimony, arsenic, selenium, silver, and tin by non-EPA graphite furnace atomic absorption methods, mercury by cold vapor atomic absorption, the noble metals and titanium by FLAA, a specific or modified sample digestion procedure may be required and in all cases the referenced method write-up should be consulted for specific instruction and{or cautions.

For analyses using inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission spectrometry cICP-AESd, the direct current plasma cDCPd technique or the EPA spectrochemical techniques cplatform furnace AA, ICP-AES, and ICP-MSd use EPA Method 200.2 or an approved alternate procedure ce.g., CEM microwave digestion, which may be used with certain analytes as indicated in Table IBd; the total recoverable digestion procedures in EPA Methods 200.7, 200.8, and 200.9 may be used for those respective methods. Regardless of the digestion procedure, the results of the analysis after digestion procedure are reported as XtotalY metals.

² Methods for Analysis of Inorganic Substances in Water and Fluvial Sediments, Techniques of Water-Resource Investigations of the U.S. Geological Survey, Book 5, Chapter A1., unless otherwise stated. 1989. USGS.

³ Official Methods of Analysis of the Association of Official Analytical Chemists, Methods Manual, Sixteenth Edition, 4th Revision, 1998. AOAC International.

⁴ For the determination of total metals cwhich are equivalent to total recoverable metalsd the sample is not filtered before processing. A digestion procedure is required to solubilize analytes in suspended material and to break down organic-metal complexes cto convert the analyte to a detectable form for colorimetric analysisd.

⁵ Copper sulfate or other catalysts that have been found suitable may be used in place of mercuric sulfate.

⁶ Manual distillation is not required if comparability data on representative effluent samples are on file to show that this preliminary distillation step is not necessary: however, manual distillation will be required to resolve any controversies. In general, the analytical method should be consulted regarding the need for distillation. If the method is not clear, the laboratory may compare a minimum of 9 different sample matrices to evaluate the need for distillation. For each matrix, a matrix spike and matrix spike duplicate are analyzed both with and without the distillation step. cA total of 36 samples, assuming 9 matricesd. If results are comparable, the laboratory may dispense with the distillation step for future analysis. Comparable is defined as < 20% RPD for all tested matricesd. Alternatively the two populations of spike recovery percentages may be compared using a recognized statistical test.</p>

⁷ Industrial Method Number 379-75 WE Ammonia, Automated Electrode Method, Technicon Auto Analyzer II. February 19, 1976. Bran & Luebbe Analyzing Technologies Inc.

⁸ The approved method is that cited in Methods for Determination of Inorganic Substances in Water and Fluvial Sediments, Techniques of Water-Resources Investigations of the U.S. Geological Survey, Book 5, Chapter A1. 1979. USGS.

⁹ American National Standard on Photographic Processing Effluents. April 2, 1975. American National Standards Institute cANSId, 25 West 43rd St., New York, NY 10036.

- ¹⁰ In-Situ Method 1003-8-2009, Biochemical Oxygen Demand cBODd Measurement by Optical Probe. 2009. In-Situ Incorporated.
- 11 The use of normal and differential pulse voltage ramps to increase sensitivity and resolution is acceptable.
- ¹² Carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand cCBOD₅d must not be confused with the traditional BOD₅test method which measures Xtotal BOD.Y The addition of the nitrification inhibitor is not a procedural option, but must be included to report the CBOD₅parameter. A discharger whose permit requires reporting the traditional BOD₅may not use a nitrification inhibitor in the procedure for reporting the results. Only when a discharger[s permit specifically states CBOD₅is required can the permittee report data using a nitrification inhibitor.
- ¹³ OIC Chemical Oxygen Demand Method. 1978. Oceanography International Corporation. 512 West Loop, P.O. Box 2980, College Station, TX 77840.
- ¹⁴ Method 8000, Chemical Oxygen Demand, Hach Handbook of Water Analysis, 1979. Hach Company. P.O. Box 389, Loveland, CO 80537. Available on-line at http:{www.hach.com.
- ¹⁵ The back titration method will be used to resolve controversy.
- ¹⁶ Orion Research Instruction Manual, Residual Chlorine Electrode Model 97-70. Thermo Scientific, 81 Wyman Street, Waltham, MA 02454. 1977. Orion Research Incorporated. The calibration for the Orion residual chlorine method must be derived using at least three standard solutions, prepared from a 0.00281 N potassium iodate solution.
- Method 245.7, Mercury in Water by Cold Vapor Atomic Fluorescence Spectrometry, EPA-821-R-05-001. Revision 2.0, February 2005. US EPA., available from the U.S. EPA Sample Control Center coperated by CSCd, 6101 Stevenson Avenue, Alexandria, VA 22304.
- ¹⁸ National Council of the Paper Industry for Air and Stream Improvement cNCASId Technical Bulletin 253, December 1971.
- ¹⁹ Method 8506, Biocinchoninate Method for Copper, Hach Handbook of Water Analysis. 1979. Hach Company. P.O. Box 389, Loveland, CO 80537. Available on-line at http:{www.hach.com.
- ²⁰ When using a method with block digestion, this treatment is not required.
- ²¹ Industrial Method Number 378-75WA, Hydrogen ion cpHd Automated Electrode Method, Bran & Luebbe cTechnicond Autoanalyzer II. October 1976. Bran & Luebbe Analyzing Technologies. Elmsford, NY 10523.
- ²² Method 8008, 1,10-Phenanthroline Method using FerroVer Iron Reagent for Water. 1980. Hach Company P.O. Box 389, Loveland, CO 80537. Available on-line at http:{www.hach.com.
- ²³ Method 8034, Periodate Oxidation Method for Manganese, Hach Handbook of Wastewater Analysis. 1979. Hach Company Loveland, CO 80537. Available on-line at http:{www.hach.com.
- ²⁴ Methods for Analysis of Organic Substances in Water and Fluvial Sediments, Techniques of Water-Resources Investigations of the U.S. Geological Survey, Book 5, Chapter A3, c1972 Revised 1987d p. 14. 1987. USGS. Available from: U.S. Geological Survey, 604 S. Pickett Street, Alexandria, VA 22304.
- ²⁵ Method 8507, Nitrogen, Nitrite-Low Range, Diazotization Method for Water and Wastewater. 1979. Hach Company P.O. Box 389, Loveland, CO 80537. Available on-line at http:{www.hach.com.
- ²⁶ Just prior to distillation, adjust the sulfuric-acid-preserved sample to pH 4 with 1 + 9 NaOH.
- ²⁷ The colorimetric reaction must be conducted at a pH of 10.0 o 0.2.
- ²⁸ Addison, R.F., and R.G. Ackman. 1970. Direct Determination of Elemental Phosphorus by Gas-Liquid Chromatography, *Journal of Chromatography*, 47c3d:421-426. Available in most public libraries. Back volumes of the Journal of Chromatography are available from: Elsevier{North-Holland, Inc., Journal Information Centre, 52 Vanderbilt Avenue, New York, NY 10164.
- ²⁹ Approved methods for the analysis of silver in industrial wastewaters at concentrations of 1 mg{L and above are inadequate where silver exists as an inorganic halide. Silver halides such as the bromide and chloride are relatively insoluble in reagents such as nitric acid but are readily soluble in an aqueous buffer of sodium thiosulfate and sodium hydroxide to pH of 12. Therefore, for levels of silver above 1 mg{L, 20 mL of sample should be diluted to 100 mL by adding 40 mL each of 2 M Na₂S₂O₃ and NaOH. Standards should be prepared in the same manner. For levels of silver below 1 mg{L the approved method is satisfactory.
- 30 The use of EDTA decreases method sensitivity. Analysts may omit EDTA or replace with another suitable complexing reagent provided that all method specified quality control acceptance criteria are met.
- ³¹ For samples known or suspected to contain high levels of silver ce.g., in excess of 4 mg{Ld, cyanogen iodide should be used to keep the silver in solution for analysis. Prepare a cyanogen iodide solution by adding 4.0 mL of concentrated NH₄OH, 6.5 g of KCN, and 5.0 mL of a 1.0 N solution of I2 to 50 mL of reagent water in a volumetric flask and dilute to 100.0 mL. After digestion of the sample, adjust the pH of the digestate to >7 to prevent the formation of HCN under acidic conditions. Add 1 mL of the cyanogen iodide solution to the sample digestate and adjust the volume to 100 mL with reagent water cNOT acidd. If cyanogen iodide is added to sample digestates, then silver standards must be prepared that contain cyanogen iodide as well. Prepare working standards by diluting a small volume of a silver stock solution with water and adjusting the pH>7 with NH₄OH. Add 1 mL of the cyanogen iodide solution and let stand 1 hour. Transfer to a 100-mL volumetric flask and dilute to volume with water.
- ³² XWater Temperature-Influential Factors, Field Measurement and Data Presentation, Y Techniques of Water-Resources Investigations of the U.S. Geological Survey, Book 1, Chapter D1. 1975. USGS. Available from: U.S. Geological Survey, 604 S. Pickett Street, Alexandria, VA 22304.
- ³³ Method 8009, Zincon Method for Zinc, Hach Handbook of Water Analysis, 1979. Hach Company. Loveland, CO 80537. Available on-line at http:{www.hach.com.
- ³⁴ Method AES0029, Direct Current Plasma cDCPd Optical Emission Spectrometric Method for Trace Elemental Analysis of Water and Wastes. 1986-Revised 1991. Thermo Jarrell Ash Corporation. Available from: Thermo Scientific, 81 Wyman Street, Waltham, MA 02454.
- 35 In-Situ Method 1004-8-2009, Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand cCBODd Measurement by Optical Probe. 2009. In-Situ Incorporated.
- ³⁶ Microwave-assisted digestion may be employed for this metal, when analyzed by this methodology. Closed Vessel Microwave Digestion of Wastewater Samples for Determination of Metals. April 16, 1992. CEM Corporation, P.O. Box 200, Matthews, NC 28106]0200.

- ³⁷ When determining boron and silica, only plastic, PTFE, or quartz laboratory ware may be used from start until completion of analysis.
- 38 Only use n-hexane cn-Hexane—85% minimum purity, 99.0% min. saturated C6 isomers, residue less than 1 mg{Ld extraction solvent when determining Oil and Grease parameters—Hexane Extractable Material cHEMd, or Silica Gel Treated HEM canalogous to EPA Methods 1664 Rev. A and 1664 Rev. Bd. Use of other extraction solvents is prohibited.39 Method PAI-DK01, Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl, Block Digestion, Steam Distillation, Titrimetric Detection. Revised December 22, 1994. OI Analytical{ALP- KEM, P.O. Box 9010, College Station, TX 77842.
- ⁴⁰ Method PAI-DK02, Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl, Block Digestion, Steam Distillation, Colorimetric Detection. Revised December 22, 1994. OI Analytical.
- ⁴¹ Method PAI-DK03, Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl, Block Digestion, Automated FIA Gas Diffusion. Revised December 22, 1994. OI Analytical (ALP-KEM, P.O. Box 9010, College Station, TX 77842.
- ⁴² Method 1664 Rev. B is the revised version of EPA Method 1664 Rev. A. U.S. EPA. February 1999, Revision A. Method 1664, n-Hexane Extractable Material cHEM; Oil and Greased and Silica Gel Treated n-Hexane Extractable Material cSGT-HEM; Non-polar Material by Extraction and Gravimetry. EPA-821-R-98-002. U.S. EPA. February 2010, Revision B. Method 1664, n-Hexane Extractable Material cHEM; Oil and Greased and Silica Gel Treated n-Hexane Extractable Material cSGT-HEM; Non-polar Materiald by Extraction and Gravimetry. EPA-821-R-10-001. Available at NTIS, PB]121949, U.S. Department of Commerce, 5285 Port Royal, Springfield, VA 22161.
- ⁴³ Method 1631, Mercury in Water by Oxidation, Purge and Trap, and Cold Vapor Atomic Fluorescence Spectrometry, EPA-821-R-02-019. Revision E. August 2002, U.S. EPA. The application of clean techniques described in EPA[s Method 1669:Sampling Ambient Water for Trace Metals at EPA Water Quality Criteria Levels, EPA-821-R-96-011, are recommended to preclude contamination at low-level, trace metal determinations. Available at NTIS, PB-121949, U.S. Department of Commerce, 5285 Port Royal, Springfield, Virginia 22161.
- ⁴⁴ Method OIA-1677-09, Available Cyanide by Ligand Exchange and Flow Injection Analysis cFIAd. 2010. OI Analytical (ALPKEM, P.O. Box 9010, College Station, TX 77842.
- ⁴⁵ Open File Report 00-170, Methods of Analysis by the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of Ammonium Plus Organic Nitrogen by a Kjeldahl Digestion Method and an Automated Photometric Finish that Includes Digest Cleanup by Gas Diffusion. 2000. USGS.
- ⁴⁶Open File Report 93-449, Methods of Analysis by the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of Chromium in Water by Graphite Furnace Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometry, 1993. USGS.
- ⁴⁷ Open File Report 97-198, Methods of Analysis by the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of Molybdenum by Graphite Furnace Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometry. 1997. USGS.
- ⁴⁸ Open File Report 92-146, Methods of Analysis by the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of Total Phosphorus by Kjeldahl Digestion Method and an Automated Colorimetric Finish That Includes Dialysis. 1992. USGS.
- ⁴⁹ Open File Report 98-639, Methods of Analysis by the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of Arsenic and Selenium in Water and Sediment by Graphite Furnace-Atomic Absorption Spectrometry. 1999. USGS.
- Open File Report 98-165, Methods of Analysis by the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of Elements in Whole-water Digests Using Inductively Coupled Plasma-Optical Emission Spectrometry and Inductively Coupled Plasma-Mass Spectrometry. 1998 USGS
- ⁵¹ Open File Report 93-125, Methods of Analysis by the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of Inorganic and Organic Constituents in Water and Fluvial Sediments, 1993, USGS.
- ⁵² Unless otherwise indicated, all EPA methods, excluding EPA Method 300.1-1, are published in U.S. EPA. May 1994. Methods for the Determination of Metals in Environmental Samples, Supplement I, EPA (600 (R-94 (111; or U.S. EPA. August 1993. Methods for the Determination of Inorganic Substances in Environmental Samples, EPA (600 (R-93 (100. EPA Method 300.1 is US EPA. Revision 1.0, 1997, including errata cover sheet April 27, 1999. Determination of Inorganic Ions in Drinking Water by Ion Chromatography.
- ⁵³ Styrene divinyl benzene beads ce.g., AMCO-AEPA-1 or equivalentd and stabilized formazin ce.g., Hach StablCal[™]or equivalentd are acceptable substitutes for formazin.
- ⁵⁴ Method D6508, Test Method for Determination of Dissolved Inorganic Anions in Aqueous Matrices Using Capillary Ion Electrophoresis and Chromate Electrolyte. December 2000. Waters Corp., 34 Maple St., Milford, MA, 01757, Telephone: 508[482]2131, Fax: 508[482]3625.
- ⁵⁵ Kelada-01, Kelada Automated Test Methods for Total Cyanide, Acid Dissociable Cyanide, and Thiocyanate, EPA 821-B-01-009, Revision 1.2, August 2001. US EPA. National Technical Information Service cNTISd, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA 22161 [Order Number PB 2001]108275]. The toll free telephone number is: 800]553]6847.
 - **Note:** A 450-W UV lamp may be used in this method instead of the 550-W lamp specified if it provides performance within the quality control cQCd acceptance criteria of the method in a given instrument. Similarly, modified flow cell configurations and flow conditions may be used in the method, provided that the QC acceptance criteria are met.
- ⁵⁶ QuikChem Method 10-204-00-1-X, Digestion and Distillation of Total Cyanide in Drinking and Wastewaters using MICRO DIST and Determination of Cyanide by Flow Injection Analysis. Revision 2.2, March 2005. Lachat Instruments. Available from Hach Company, P.O. Box 389, Loveland, CO 80537.
- ⁵⁷When using sulfide removal test procedures described in EPA Method 335.4-1, reconstitute particulate that is filtered with the sample prior to distillation.
- 58 Unless otherwise stated, if the language of this table specifies a sample digestion and (or distillation Xfollowed by Y analysis with a method, approved digestion and (or distillation are required prior to analysis.
- 59 Samples analyzed for available cyanide using OI Analytical method OIA-1677-09 or ASTM method D6888-09 that contain particulate matter may be filtered only after the ligand exchange reagents have been added to the samples, because the ligand exchange process converts complexes contain-

- ing available cyanide to free cyanide, which is not removed by filtration. Analysts are further cautioned to limit the time between the addition of the ligand exchange reagents and sample filtration to no more than 30 minutes to preclude settling of materials in samples.
- ⁶⁰ Analysts should be aware that pH optima and chromophore absorption maxima might differ when phenol is replaced by a substituted phenol as the color reagent in Berthelot Reaction cXphenol-hypochlorite reactionYd colorimetric ammonium determination methods. For example when phenol is used as the color reagent, pH optimum and wavelength of maximum absorbance are about 11.5 and 635 nm, respectively—see, Patton, C.J. and S.R. Crouch. March 1977. Anal. Chem. 49:464-469. These reaction parameters increase to pH > 12.6 and 665 nm when salicylate is used as the color reagent—see, Krom, M.D. April 1980. The Analyst 105:305-316.
- 61 If atomic absorption or ICP instrumentation is not available, the aluminon colorimetric method detailed in the 19th Edition of Standard Methods may be used. This method has poorer precision and bias than the methods of choice.
- ⁶² Easy c1-Reagentd Nitrate Method, Revision November 12, 2011. Craig Chinchilla.
- ⁶³ Hach Method 10360, Luminescence Measurement of Dissolved Oxygen in Water and Wastewater and for Use in the Determination of BOD₅ and cBOD₅. Revision 1.2, October 2011. Hach Company. This method may be used to measure dissolved oxygen when performing the methods approved in Table IB for measurement of biochemical oxygen demand cBODd and carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand cCBODd.
- ⁶⁴ In-Situ Method 1002-8-2009, Dissolved Oxygen cDOd Measurement by Optical Probe. 2009. In-Situ Incorporated.
- ⁶⁵ Mitchell Method M5331, Determination of Turbidity by Nephelometry. Revision 1.0, July 31, 2008. Leck Mitchell.
- ⁶⁶ Mitchell Method M5271, Determination of Turbidity by Nephelometry. Revision 1.0, July 31, 2008. Leck Mitchell.
- ⁶⁷ Orion Method AQ4500, Determination of Turbidity by Nephelometry. Revision 5, March 12, 2009. Thermo Scientific.
- ⁶⁸ EPA Method 200.5, Determination of Trace Elements in Drinking Water by Axially Viewed Inductively Coupled Plasma-Atomic Emission Spectrometry, EPA{600{R-06{115. Revision 4.2, October 2003. US EPA.
- ⁶⁹ Method 1627, Kinetic Test Method for the Prediction of Mine Drainage Quality, EPA-821-R-09-002. December 2011. US EPA.
- ⁷⁰ Techniques and Methods Book 5-B1, Determination of Elements in Natural-Water, Biota, Sediment and Soil Samples Using Collision (Reaction Cell Inductively Coupled Plasma-Mass Spectrometry, Chapter 1, Section B, Methods of the National Water Quality Laboratory, Book 5, Laboratory Analysis, 2006. USGS.
- National Water Resources Investigations Report 01-4132, Methods of Analysis by the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of Organic Plus Inorganic Mercury in Filtered and Unfiltered Natural Water With Cold Vapor-Atomic Fluorescence Spectrometry, 2001. USGS.
- ⁷² Quality control requirements for low level mercury are found in s. NR 106.145 c9d and c10d, Wis. Adm. Code. Low-level mercury methods are performance based so some method modifications are allowable, provided quality control requirements are met. If an atomic absorption detector is substituted for atomic fluorescence detector, the appropriate method citation is 245.1 cmanuald or 245.2 cautomatedd. If method 1631E is modified to eliminate the purge and trap step, the appropriate method citation is 245.7.

Table C List of Approved Test Procedures for Non-Pesticide Organic Compounds in Wastewater

| Parameter ¹ | Analytical Technology | EPA ^{2,7} | Standard methods | ASTM | Other |
|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| 1. Acenaphthene | GC | 610 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625,1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| | HPLC | 610 | 6440 B-2000 | D4657-92 c98d | |
| 2. Acenaphthylene | GC | 610 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625,1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| | HPLC | 610 | 6440 B-2000 | D4657-92 c98d | |
| 3. Acrolein | GC | 603 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 624 ⁴ ,1624B | | | |
| 4. Acrylonitrile | GC | 603 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 624 ⁴ , 1624B | | | |
| 5. Anthracene | GC | 610 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| | HPLC | 610 | 6440B-2000 | D4657-92 c98d | |
| 6. Benzene | GC | 602 | 6200 C-1997 | | |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1624B | 6200 B-1997 | | |
| 7. Benzidine | Spectro- | | | | Note, ³ p.1 |
| | photometric | | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, ⁵ 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | |
| | HPLC | 605 | | | |
| 8. Benzocadanthracene | GC | 610 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |

Table C (continued)
List of Approved Test Procedures for Non-Pesticide Organic Compounds in Wastewater

| Parameter ¹ | Analytical Technology | EPA ^{2,7} | Standard methods | ASTM | Other |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|
| | HPLC | 610 | 6440 B-2000 | D4657-92 c98d | |
| 9. Benzocadpyrene | GC | 610 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| | HPLC | 610 | 6440 B-2000 | D4657-92 c98d | |
| 10. Benzocbdfluoranthene | GC | 610 | (410 P. 2000 | | N 9 07 |
| | GC{MS HPLC | 625, 1625B 610 | 6410 B-2000 6440 B-2000 | D4657-92 c98d | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 11. Benzocg,h,idperylene | GC | 610 | 0440 D-2000 | D4037-92 C980 | |
| 11. Benzoeg,n,iaperyiene | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| | HPLC | 610 | 6440 B-2000 | D4657-92 c98d | 110te, p. 27 |
| 12. Benzockdfluoranthene | GC | 610 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| | HPLC | 610 | 6440 B-2000 | D4657-92 c98d | |
| 13. Benzyl chloride | GC | | | | Note, ³ p. 130 |
| | GC{MS | | | | Note, ⁶ p. S102 |
| 14. Butyl benzyl phthalate | GC | 606 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 15. bisc2-Chloroethoxyd methane | GC | 611 | | | <u> </u> |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note 9, p. 27 |
| 16. bisc2-Chloroethyld ether | GC | 611 | 0.110 2 2000 | | 1,000 , p. 27 |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 17. bisc2-Ethylhexyld phthalate | GC | 606 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 18. Bromodichloromethane | GC | 601 | 6200 C-1997 | | |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1624B | 6200 B-1997 | | |
| 19. Bromoform | GC | 601 | 6200 C-1997 | | |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1624B | 6200 B-1997 | | |
| 20. Bromomethane | GC | 601 | 6200 C-1997 | | |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1624B | 6200 B-1997 | | |
| 21. 4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether | GC | 611 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 22. Carbon tetrachloride | GC | 601 | 6200 C-1997 | | Note, ³ p. 130 |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1624B | 6200 B-1997 | | |
| 23. 4-Chloro-3-methyl phenol | GC | 604 | 6420 B-2000 | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 24. Chlorobenzene | GC | 601, 602 | 6200 C-1997 | | Note, ³ p. 130 |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1624B | 6200 B-1997 | | |
| 25. Chloroethane | GC | 601 | 6200 C-1997 | | |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1624B | 6200 B-1997 | | |
| 26. 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether | GC | 601 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1624B | | | |
| | | | | | Note, ³ p. |

Table C (continued)
List of Approved Test Procedures for Non-Pesticide Organic Compounds in Wastewater

| Parameter ¹ | Analytical Technology | EPA ^{2,7} | Standard methods | ASTM | Other |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| | GC{MS | 624, 1624B | 6200 B-1997 | | |
| 28. Chloromethane | GC | 601 | 6200 C-1997 | | |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1624B | 6200 B-1997 | | |
| 29. 2-Chloronaphthalene | GC | 612 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 30. 2-Chlorophenol | GC | 604 | 6420 B-2000 | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 31. 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether | GC | 611 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 32. Chrysene | GC | 610 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| | HPLC | 610 | 6440 B-2000 | D4657-92 c986 | |
| 33. Dibenzoca,hdanthracene | GC | 610 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| | HPLC | 610 | 6440 B-2000 | D4657-92 c986 | |
| 34. Dibromochloromethane | GC | 601 | 6200 C-1997 | | |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1624B | 6200 B-1997 | | |
| 35. 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | GC | 601, 602 | 6200 C-1997 | | |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1625B | 6200 B-1997 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 36. 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | GC | 601, 602 | 6200 C-1997 | | |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1625B | 6200 B-1997 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 37. 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | GC | 601, 602 | 6200 C-1997. | | |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1625B | 6200 B-1997 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 38. 3,3[-Dichlorobenzidine | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | • |
| | HPLC | 605 | | | |
| 39. Dichlorodifluoromethane | GC | 601 | | | |
| | GC{MS | | 6200 C-1997 | | |
| 40. 1,1-Dichloroethane | GC | 601 | 6200 C-1997 | | |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1624B | 6200 B-1997 | | |
| 41. 1,2-Dichloroethane | GC | 601 | 6200 C-1997 | | |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1624B | 6200 B-1997 | | |
| 42. 1,1-Dichloroethene | GC | 601 | 6200 C-1997 | | |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1624B | 6200 B-1997 | | |
| 43. trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | GC | 601 | 6200 C-1997 | | |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1624B | 6200 B-1997 | | |
| 44. 2,4-Dichlorophenol | GC | 604 | 6420 B-2000 | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, ⁹ p. 27 |
| 45. 1,2-Dichloropropane | GC | 601 | 6200 C-1997 | | |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1624B | 6200 B-1997 | | |
| | • | | | | |

Table C (continued)
List of Approved Test Procedures for Non-Pesticide Organic Compounds in Wastewater

| Parameter ¹ | Analytical Technology | EPA ^{2,7} | Standard methods | ASTM | Other |
|--|--------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|
| 46. cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | GC | 601 | 6200 C-1997 | | |
| | CCOMO | (24 1(24P | (200 P. 1007 | | |
| 47. trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | GC{MS | 624, 1624B 601 | 6200 B-1997 6200 C-1997 | | |
| 47. trans-1,3-Dictiloropropene | GC | 001 | 0200 C-1997 | | |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1624B | 6200 B-1997 | | |
| 48. Diethyl phthalate | GC | 606 | | | |
| | CCIMS | 625 1625D | 6410 B 2000 | | Note 9 = 27 |
| 49. 2,4-Dimethylphenol | GC{MS | 625, 1625B 604 | 6410 B-2000 6420 B-2000 | | Note, ⁹ p. 27 |
| 49. 2,4 Dimensiphenor | GC | 004 | 0420 B 2000 | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 50. Dimethyl phthalate | GC | 606 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 51. Di-n-butyl phthalate | GC{MS | 606 | 0410 D-2000 | | Note, p. 27 |
| 31. Di li outyi pinimute | GC | 000 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 52. Di-n-octyl phthalate | GC | 606 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 53. 2, 3-Dinitrophenol | GC | 604 | 6420 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 20. 2, 2 2 mm opnenor | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | 1,000, p. 27 |
| 54. 2, 4-Dinitrophenol | GC | 604 | 6420 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| | | | | | |
| 55. 2, 6-Dinitrophenol | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | N-4- 9 - 27 |
| 33. 2, 6-Dinitrophenol | GC GC{MS | 604 625, 1625B | 6420 B-2000 6410 B-2000 | | Note, ⁹ p. 27 |
| 56. 2,3-Dinitrotoluene | GC | 609 | 0410 B 2000 | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 57. 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | GC | 609 | | | • |
| | GGOVG | (05. 1(05P) | (410 P. 2000 | | N 9 27 |
| 58. 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | GC{MS | 625, 1625B 609 | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 38. 2,0-Diminotolucile | GC | 009 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 59. Epichlorohydrin | GC | | | | Note, ³ p. |
| | CCOME | | | | 130 |
| | GC{MS | | | | Note, ⁶ p. S102 |
| 60. Ethylbenzene | GC | 602 | 6200 C-1997 | | 5102 |
| • | | | | | |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1624B | 6200 B-1997 | | |
| 61. Fluoranthene | GC | 610 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| | HPLC | 610 | 6440 B-2000 | D4657-92 c98d | |
| 62. Fluorene | GC | 610 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| | HPLC | 610 | 6440 B-2000 | D4657-92 c98d | |
| 63. 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachloro- dibenzofuran | HRGC{MS | 1613B | | | |
| 64. 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-Heptachloro- | HRGC{MS | 1613B | | | |
| dibenzofuran | 11100(1110 | 10101 | | | |
| 65. 1,2,3,4,6,7,8- Heptachloro- | HRGC{MS | 1613B | | | |
| dibenzo-p-dioxin | | | | | |

Table C (continued)
List of Approved Test Procedures for Non-Pesticide Organic Compounds in Wastewater

| Parameter ¹ | Analytical Technology | EPA ^{2,7} | Standard methods | ASTM | Other |
|---|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| 66. Hexachlorobenzene | GC | 612 | | | |
| | CCIME | (25 1(25D | 6410 B-2000 | | NI-4- 9 22 |
| 67. Hexachlorobutadiene | GC{MS | 625, 1625B 612 | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 2 |
| o/. Hexacinorodutaciene | GC | 012 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 68. Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | GC | 612 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, ⁵ 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 69. 1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachloro- | HR GC{MS | 1613B | | | |
| dibenzofuran | HR GC{MS | 1613B | | | |
| 70. 1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachloro-dibenzofuran | HR GC{MS | 1013B | | | |
| 71. 1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachloro- | HR GC{MS | 1613B | | | |
| dibenzofuran | | | | | |
| 72. 2,3,4,6,7,8-Hexachloro- | HR GC{MS | 1613B | | | |
| dibenzofuran 73. 1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachloro- | HR GC{MS | 1613B | | | |
| dibenzo-p-dioxin | THE GC (MIS | 1013 D | | | |
| 74. 1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachloro- | HR GC{MS | 1613B | | | |
| dibenzo-p-dioxin | TID GG() IG | 16100 | | | |
| 75. 1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachloro-dibenzo-p-dioxin | HR GC{MS | 1613B | | | |
| 76. Hexachloroethane | GC | 612 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 77. Indenoc1,2,3-c,dd pyrene | GC | 610 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| | HPLC | 610 | 6440 B-2000 | D4657-92 c98d | |
| 78. Isophorone | GC | 609 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 79. Methylene chloride | GC | 601 | 6200 C-1997 | | Note, ³ p. |
| | | | | | 130 |
| 00.036.1.146.11.11 | GC{MS | 624, 1624B | 6200 B-1997 | | |
| 80. 2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol | GC | 604 | 6420 B-2000 | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 81. Naphthalene | GC | 610 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000. | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| | HPLC | 610 | 6440 B-2000. | | 110te, p. 27 |
| 82. Nitrobenzene | GC | 609 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, ⁹ p. 27 |
| | HPLC | 023, 1023B | 0410 B-2000 | D4657-92 c98d | Note, p. 27 |
| 83. 2-Nitrophenol | GC | 604 | 6420 B-2000 | 50. 72 076d | |
| - | | | | | |
| 04.427 | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 84. 4-Nitrophenol | GC | 604 | 6420 B-2000 | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, ⁹ p. 27 |
| 85. N-Nitrosodimethylamine | GC | 607 | 0.102 2000 | | 1.000, p. 27 |
| • | | | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, ⁵ 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |

Table C (continued)
List of Approved Test Procedures for Non-Pesticide Organic Compounds in Wastewater

| Parameter ¹ | Analytical | EPA ^{2,7} | Standard | ASTM | Other |
|---|------------------|---------------------------|-------------|---------------|--|
| 86. N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine | Technology GC | 607 | methods | | |
| 80. N-Mitosodi-ii-propytamine | GC | 007 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, ⁵ 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 87. N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | GC | 607 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, ⁵ 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 88. Octachlorodibenzofuran | HR GC{MS | 1613B 10 | | | |
| 89. Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin | HR GC{MS | 1613B 10 | | | |
| 90. 2,2[-Oxybisc2-chloro-propaned [prev.: bisc2-Chloroisopropyld ether] | GC | 611 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, ⁹ p. 27 |
| 91. PCB-1016, cAroclor or congenersd ^{12,13} | GC | 608 | | | Note, ³ p. 43; Note ⁸ |
| | GC{MS | 625 | 6410 B-2000 | | |
| | HR GC{MS | 1668A ¹⁴ | | | |
| 92. PCB-1221, cAroclor or congenersd ^{12,13} | GC | 608 | | | Note, ³ p. 43; Note ⁸ |
| | GC{MS | 625 | 6410 B-2000 | | |
| | HRGC{ MS | 1668A ¹⁴ | | | |
| 93. PCB-1232, cAroclor or congenersd ^{12,13} | GC | 608 | | | Note, ³ p. 43; Note ⁸ |
| | GC{MS | 625 | 6410 B-2000 | | |
| | HRGC{ MS | 1668A ¹⁴ | | | |
| 94. PCB-1242, cAroclor or congenersd ^{12,13} | GC | 608 | | | Note, ³ p. 43; Note ⁸ |
| | GC{MS | 625 | 6410 B-2000 | | |
| | HRGC{ MS | 1668A ¹⁴ | | | |
| 95. PCB-1248, cAroclor or congenersd ^{12,13} | GC | 608 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625 | 6410 B-2000 | | |
| | HRGC{ MS | 1668A ¹⁴ | | | |
| 96. PCB-1254, cAroclor or congenersd ^{12,13} | GC | 608 | | | Note, ³ p. 43; Note ⁸ |
| | GC{MS | 625 | 6410 B-2000 | | |
| | HRGC{ MS | 1668A ¹⁴ | | | |
| 97. PCB-1260, cAroclor or congenersd ^{12,13} | GC | 608 | | | Note, ³ p. 43; Note ⁸ |
| | GC{MS | 625 | 6410 B-2000 | | |
| | HRGC{ MS | 1668A ¹⁴ | | | |
| 98. 1,2,3,7,8-Pentachloro-dibenzofuran | GC{MS | 1613B | | | |
| 99. 2,3,4,7,8-Pentachloro-dibenzofuran | GC{MS | 1613B | | | |
| 100. 1,2,3,7,8,-Pentachloro-dibenzo-p-dioxin | GC{MS | 1613B | | | |
| 101. Pentachlorophenol | GC | 604 | 6420 B-2000 | | Note, ³ p. 140 |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 102. Phenanthrene | GC | 610 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| | HPLC | 610 | 6440 B-2000 | D4657-92 c98d | |
| 103. Phenol | GC | 604 | 6420 B-2000 | | |
| | | | | | |

Table C (continued)
List of Approved Test Procedures for Non-Pesticide Organic Compounds in Wastewater

| Parameter ¹ | Analytical Technology | EPA ^{2,7} | Standard methods | ASTM | Other |
|--|--------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 104. Pyrene | GC | 610 | | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, ⁹ p. 27 |
| | HPLC | 610 | 6440 B-2000 | D4657-92 c98d | |
| 105. 2,3,7,8-Tetrachloro-dibenzofuran | HR GC{MS | 1613B ¹⁰ | | | |
| 106. 2,3,7,8-Tetrachloro-dibenzo-p-dioxin | n GC{MS | 613, 625, ^{5a} | | | |
| 107. 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | GC | 601 | 6200 C-1997 | | Note, ³ p. 130 |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1624B | 6200 B-1997 | | |
| 108 Tetrachlorocatechol | GC | | 6420 B-2000 | | |
| | GC{MS | 165311 | 6410 B-2000 | | |
| 109. Tetrachloroethene | GC | 601 | 6200 C-1997 | | Note, ³ p. 130 |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1624B | 6200 B-1997 | | |
| 110. Tetrachloroguaicol | GC | | 6420 B-2000 | | |
| | GC{MS | 165311 | 6410 B-2000 | | |
| 111. 2,3,4,6- Tetrachlorophenol | GC | | 6420 B-2000 | | |
| | GC{MS | | 6410 B-2000 | | |
| 112. Toluene | GC | 602 | 6200 C-1997 | | |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1624B | 6200 B-1997 | | |
| 113. 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | GC | 612 | | | Note, ³ p. 130 |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 9 p. 27 |
| 114. 3,4,5-Trichlorocatechol | GC | | 6420 B-2000 | | • |
| | GC{MS | 165311 | 6410 B-2000 | | |
| 115. 3,4,6-Trichlorocatechol | GC | | 6420 B-2000 | | |
| | GC{MS | 165311 | 6410 B-2000 | | |
| 116. 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | GC | 601 | 6200 C-1997 | | |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1624B | 6200 B-1997 | | |
| 117. 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | GC | 601 | 6200 C-1997 | | Note, ³ p. 130 |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1624B | 6200 B-1997 | | |
| 118. Trichloroethene | GC | 601 | 6200 C-1997 | | |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1624B | 6200 B-1997 | | |
| 119. Trichlorofluoromethane | GC | 601 | 6200 C-1997 | | |
| | GC{MS | 624 | 6200 B-1997 | | |
| 120. 3,4,5-Trichloroguaicol | GC | | 6420 B-2000 | | |
| 101 246 T: 11 | GC{MS | 165311 | 6410 B-2000 | | |
| 121. 3,4,6-Trichloroguaicol | GC GC{MS | 165311 | 6420 B-2000 6410 B-2000 | | |
| 122. 4,5,6-Trichloroguaicol | GC | 1033 | 6420 B-2000 | | |
| a payer a series of the series | GC{MS | 165311 | 6410 B-2000 | | |
| 123. 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | GC | | 6420 B-2000 | | |
| 124. 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | GC{MS | 1653 ¹¹ 604 | 6410 B-2000 6420 B-2000 | | |
| | GC{MS | 625, 1625B | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, ⁹ p. 27 |
| 125. Trichlorosyringol | GC | 020, 1020 D | 6420 B-2000 | | 11010, p. 21 |
| | GC{MS | 1653 ¹¹ | 6410 B-2000 | | |
| 126. Vinyl chloride | GC | 601 | 6200 C-1997 | | |
| | GC{MS | 624, 1624B | 6200 B-1997 | D=0.65.06 | |
| 127. Nonylphenol | GC{MS | | | D7065-06 | |

| 128. Bisphenol A cBPAd | GC{MS | | D7065-06 |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|---------|----------|
| 129. p-tert-Octylphenol cOPd | GC{MS | | D7065-06 |
| 130. Nonylphenol Monoethoxylate | GC{MS | | D7065-06 |
| cNP1EOd | | | |
| 131. Nonylphenol Diethoxylate cNP2EOc | l GC{MS | | D7065-06 |
| 132. Adsorbable Organic Halides cAOXd | Adsorption and | 1650 11 | _ |
| | Coulometric | | |
| | Titration | | |
| 133. Chlorinated Phenolics | In Situ Acetylation | 1653 11 | |
| | and GC{MS | | |

¹ All parameters are expressed in micrograms per liter cμg{Ld except for Method 1613B, in which the parameters are expressed in picograms per liter cpg{Ld.

Florisil, Gel Permeation, Silica Gel, Alumina, Sulfur Clean Up, Sulfuric Acid Clean Up.

²The full text of Methods 601-613, 624, 625, 1613B, 1624B, and 1625B are provided at Appendix A, Test Procedures for Analysis of Organic Pollutants, of 40 CFR Part 136. The standardized test procedure to be used to determine the method detection limit cMDLd for these test procedures is given at 40 CFR Part136, Appendix B, Definition and Procedure for the Determination of the Method Detection Limit.

³ Methods for Benzidine: Chlorinated Organic Compounds, Pentachlorophenol and Pesticides in Water and Wastewater. September 1978. U.S. EPA.

⁴Method 624 may be used for quantitative determination of acrolein and acrylonitrile, provided that the laboratory has documentation to substantiate the ability to detect and quantify these analytes at levels necessary to comply with any associated regulations. In addition, the use of sample introduction techniques other than simple purge-and-trap may be required. QC acceptance criteria from Method 603 should be used when analyzing samples for acrolein and acrylonitrile in the absence of such criteria in Method 624.

Method 625 may be extended to include benzidine, hexachlorocyclopentadiene, N-nitrosodimethylamine, N-nitrosodin-propylamine, and N-nitrosodiphenylamine. However, when they are known to be present, Methods 605, 607, and 612, or Method 1625B, are preferred methods for these compounds.

^{5a} Method 625, screening only.

⁶ Selected Analytical Methods Approved and Cited by the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Supplement to the 15th Edition of Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater. 1981. American Public Health Association cAPHAd.

⁷ Each analyst must make an initial, one-time demonstration of their ability to generate acceptable precision and accuracy with Methods 601-603, 624, 625, 1624B, and 1625B in accordance with procedures each in Section 8.2 of each of these Methods. Additionally, each laboratory, on an on-going basis must spike and analyze 10% c5% for Methods 624 and 625 and 100% for methods 1624B and 1625Bd of all samples to monitor and evaluate laboratory data quality in accordance with Sections 8.3 and 8.4 of these methods. When the recovery of any parameter falls outside the warning limits, the analytical results for that parameter in the unspiked sample are suspect. The results should be reported, but cannot be used to demonstrate regulatory compliance. These quality control requirements also apply to the Standard Methods, ASTM Methods, and other methods cited.

⁸ Organochlorine Pesticides and PCBs in Wastewater Using EmporeTMDisk. Revised October 28, 1994. 3M Corporation.

⁹ Method O-3116-87 is in Open File Report 93-125, Methods of Analysis by U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of Inorganic and Organic Constituents in Water and Fluvial Sediments. 1993. USGS.

Analysts may use Fluid Management Systems, Inc. Power-Prep system in place of manual cleanup provided the analyst meets the requirements of Method 1613B cas specified in Section 9 of the methodd and permitting authorities. Method 1613, Revision B, Tetra-through Octa-Chlorinated Dioxins and Furans by Isotope Dilution HRGC{HRMS. Revision B, 1994. U.S. EPA. The full text of this method is provided in Appendix A to 40 CFR Part 136 and at https://water.epa.gov/scitech/methods/cwa/index.cfm.

Method 1650, Adsorbable Organic Halides by Adsorption and Coulometric Titration. Revision C, 1997. U.S. EPA. Method 1653, Chlorinated Phenolics in Wastewater by In Situ Acetylation and GCMS. Revision A, 1997. U.S. EPA. The full text for both of these methods is provided at Appendix A, XMethods 1650 and 1653Y, in Part 430, The Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Point Source Category. Also available on-line at http:{www.gpo.gov{.

¹² EPA Method 1668A may be used to test for all PCB congeners. If this method is employed, all PCB congeners shall be delineated. Non-detects shall be treated as zero. The values that are between the limit of detection and the limit of quantitation shall be used when calculating the total value of all congeners. All results shall be added together and the total PCB concentration reported. It is recognized a number of congeners will coelute with others, so there will not be 209 results to sum.

¹³ If congener specific analysis is performed, the list of congeners tested shall include at least congener numbers 5, 18, 31, 44, 52, 66, 87, 101, 110, 138, 141, 151, 153, 170, 180, 183, 187, and 206 plus any other additional congeners which might be reasonably expected to occur in the particular sample. If Aroclor analysis is performed, clean up steps of the extract shall be performed as necessary to remove interference. If congener specific analysis is done, clean up steps of the extract shall be performed as necessary to remove interference. If desired limits of detection cannot be achieved after using the appropriate clean up techniques, a reporting limit that is achievable for the Aroclors or each congener for sample shall be determined. This report limit should be reported and qualified indicating the presence of an interference. The laboratory conducting the analysis shall perform as many the following methods as necessary to remove interference:

¹⁴ XMethod 1668A, Revision A: Chlorinated Biphenyl Congeners in Water, Soil, Sediment, and Tissue by HRGC{HRMSY, EPA-821-R-00-002, Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Water, Washington, D.C., December 1999. Available from: the National Technical Information Service, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, Virginia 22161.

Table D
List of Approved Test Procedures for Pesticides ¹

| Parameter | Analytical Technology | EPA ^{2,7,10} | Standard Methods | ASTM | Other |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| 1. Aldrin | GC | 608, 617 | 6630 B-2000 6630 C-2000 | D3086-90, D5812-96 c02d | Note, ³ p. 7; Note, ⁴ O-3104-83; Note, ⁸ 3M0222 |
| | GC{MS | 625 | 6410 B-2000 | | 11000, 31110222 |
| 2. Ametryn | GC | 507, 619 | | | Note, ³ p. 83; Note, ⁹ O-3106-93; Note, ⁶ p. S68 |
| | GC{MS | 525.2 | | | Note, 14 O-1121-91 |
| 3. Aminocarb | TLC | | | | Note, ³ p. 94; Note, ⁶ p. S60 |
| | HPLC | 632 | | | |
| I. Atraton | GC | 619 | | | Note, ³ p. 83; Note, ⁶ p. S68 |
| 5. Atrazine | GC | 507, 619 | | | Note, ³ p. 83; Note, ⁶ p. S68; Note, ⁹ O-3106-93 |
| | HPLC{MS | | | | Note, ¹² O-2060-01 |
| | GC{MS | 525.1, 525.2 | | | Note, 11 O-1126-95 |
| 6. Azinphos methyl | GC | 614, 622, 1657 | | | Note, ³ p. 25; Note, ⁶ p. S51 |
| | GC-MS | | | | Note, 11 O-1126-95 |
| 7. Barban | TLC | | | | Note, ³ p. 104; Note, ⁶ p. S64 |
| | HPLC | 632 | | | |
| 8. α-BHC | GC | 608, 617 | 6630 B-2000 6630 C-2000 | D3086-90, D5812-96c02d | Note, ³ p. 7; Note, ⁸ 3M0222 |
| | GC{MS | 625 5 | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, ¹¹ O-1126-95 |
| Э. β-ВНС | GC | 608, 617 | 6630 B-2000 6630 C-2000 | D3086-90, D5812-96c02d | Note, 8 3M0222 |
| | GC{MS | 625 | 6410 B-2000 | | |
| 0. δ-ΒΗС | GC | 608, 617 | 6630 B-2000 6630 C-2000 | D3086-90, D5812-96c02d | Note, ⁸ 3M0222 |
| | GC{MS | 625 | 6410 B-2000 | | |
| 11. γ-BHC cLindaned | GC | 608, 617 | 6630 B-2000 6630 C-2000 | D3086-90, D5812-96c02d | Note, ³ p. 7; Note, ⁴ O-3104-83; Note, ⁸ 3M0222 |
| | GC{MS | 625 5 | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 11 O-1126-95 |
| 12. Captan | GC | 617 | 6630 B-2000 | D3086-90, D5812-96c02d | Note, ³ p. 7 |
| 13. Carbaryl | TLC | | | | Note, ³ p. 94, Note, ⁶ p. S60 |
| | HPLC | 531.1, 632 | | | |
| | HPLC{MS | 553 | | | Note, 12 O-2060-01 |
| | GC{MS | <u> </u> | | | Note, 11 O-1126-95 |
| 4. Carbophenothion | GC | 617 | 6630 B-2000 | | Note, ⁴ page 27; Note, ⁶ p. S73 |
| 15. Chlordane | GC | 608, 617 | 6630 B-2000 6630 C-2000 | D3086-90, D5812-96c02d | Note, ³ p. 7; Note, ⁴ O-3104-83; Note, ⁸ 3M0222 |
| | GC{MS | 625 | 6410 B-2000 | | |
| 16. Chloropropham | TLC | | | | Note, ³ p. 104; Note, ⁶ p. S64 |
| | HPLC | 632 | | | , F. 22. |
| 17. 2,4-D | GC | 615 | 6640 B-2001 | | Note, ³ p. 115; Note, ⁴ O-3105 -83 |
| | | | | | |

Table D (continued)
List of Approved Test Procedures for Pesticides ¹

| | | | rocedures for I | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Parameter | Analytical Technology | EPA ^{2,7,10} | Standard Methods | ASTM | Other |
| 18. 4,4[-DDD | GC | 608, 617 | 6630 B-2000 6630 C-2000 | D3086-90, D5812-96c02d | Note, ³ p. 7; Note, ⁴ O-3105-83; Note, ⁸ 3M0222 |
| | GC{MS | 625 | 6410 B-2000. | | Note, SWI0222 |
| 19. 4,4[-DDE | GC | 608, 617 | 6630 B-2000 | D3086-90, | Note, ³ p. 7; |
| 17. 4,4[-DDL | GC | 000, 017 | 6630 C-2000 | D5812-96c02d | Note, ⁴ O-3104-83; Note, ⁸ 3M0222 |
| | GC{MS | 625 | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, 11 O-1126-95 |
| 20. 4,4[-DDT | GC | 608, 617 | 6630 B-2000 | D3086-90, | Note, ³ p. 7; |
| , L | | | 6630 C-2000 | D5812-96c02d | Note, ⁴ O-3104-83; Note, ⁸ 3M0222 |
| | GC{MS | 625 | 6410 B-2000 | | |
| 21. Demeton-O | GC | 614, 622 | | | Note, ³ p. 25; Note, ⁶ p. S51 |
| 22. Demeton-S | GC | 614, 622 | | | Note, ³ p. 25; Note, ⁶ p. S51 |
| 23. Diazinon | GC | 507, 614, 622, 1657 | 1 | | Note ³ , p. 25; Note ⁴ , O-3104-83; Note ⁶ , p. S51 |
| | GC{MS | 525.2 | | | Note 11, O-1126-95 |
| 24. Dicamba | GC | 615 | | | Note ³ , p. 115 |
| | HPLC{MS | | | | Note 12, O-2060-01 |
| 25. Dichlofenthion | GC | 622.1 | | | Note ⁴ , page 27; Note ⁶ , p. S73 |
| 26. Dichloran | GC | 608.2, 617 | 6630 B-2000 | | Note ³ , p. 7 |
| 27. Dicofol | GC | 617 | | | Note ⁴ , O-3104-83 |
| 28. Dieldrin | GC | 608, 617 | 6630 B-2000 6630 C-2000 | D3086-90, D5812-96c02d | Note ³ , p. 7; Note ⁴ , O-3104-83; Note ⁸ , 3M0222 |
| | GC{MS | 625 | 6410 B-2000 | | Note 11, O-1126-95 |
| 29. Dioxathion | GC | 614.1, 1657 | | | Note ⁴ , page 27; Note ⁶ , p. S73 |
| 30. Disulfoton | GC | 507, 614, 622, 1657 | 7 | | Note ³ , p. 25; Note, ⁶ p. S51 |
| | GC{MS | 525.2 | | | Note, ¹¹ O-1126-95 |
| 31. Diuron | TLC | | | | Note, ³ p. 104; Note, ⁶ p. S64 |
| | HPLC | 632 | | | , I |
| | HPLC{MS | 553 | | | Note, 12 O-2060-01 |
| 32. Endosulfan I | GC | 608, 617 | 6630 B-2000 6630 C-2000 | D3086-90, D5812-96c02d | Note, ³ p. 7; Note, ⁴ O-3104-83; Note, ⁸ 3M0222 |
| | GC{MS | 625 5 | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, ¹³ O-2002-01 |
| 33. Endosulfan II | GC | 608, 617 | 6630 B-2000 6630 C-2000 | D3086-90, D5812-96c02d | Note, ³ p. 7; Note, ⁸ 3M0222 |
| | GC{MS | 625 ⁵ | 6410 B-2000 | | Note, ¹³ O-2002-01 |
| 34. Endosulfan Sulfate | GC | 608, 617 | 6630 C-2000 | | Note, 8 3M0222 |
| | GC{MS | 625 | 6410 B-2000 | | |
| 35. Endrin | GC | 505, 508, 608, 617, 1656 | 6630 B-2000 6630 C-2000 | D3086-90, D5812-96c02d | Note, ³ p. 7; Note, ⁴ O-3104-83; Note, ⁸ 3M0222 |
| | GC{MS | 525.1, 525.2, 625 ⁵ | 6410 B-2000 | | · |
| 36. Endrin aldehyde | GC | 608, 617 | 6630 C-2000 | | Note, 8 3M0222 |
| | GC{MS | 625 | | | |
| 37. Ethion | GC | 614, 614.1,1657 | | | Note, ⁴ page 27; Note, ⁶ p. S73 |
| | GC{MS | | | | Note, ¹³ O-2002-01 |

Table D (continued)
List of Approved Test Procedures for Pesticides ¹

| Parameter | Analytical Technology | EPA ^{2,7,10} | Standard Methods | ASTM | Other |
|------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| 38. Fenuron | TLC | | | | Note, ³ p. 104; Note, ⁶ p. S64 |
| | HPLC | 632 | | | |
| | HPLC{MS | | | | Note, 12 O-2060-01 |
| 39. Fenuron-TCA | TLC | | | | Note, ³ p. 104; Note, ⁶ p. S64 |
| | HPLC | 632 | | | |
| 40. Heptachlor | GC | 505, 508, 608, 617, 1656 | 6630 B-2000 6630 C-2000 | D3086-90, D5812-96c02d | Note, ³ p. 7; Note, ⁴ O-3104-83; Note, ⁸ 3M0222 |
| | GC{MS | 525.1, 525.2, 625 | 6410 B-2000 | | |
| 41. Heptachlor epoxide | GC | 608, 617 | 6630 B-2000 6630 C-2000 | D3086-90, D5812-96c02d | Note, ³ p. 7; Note, ⁴ O-3104-83; Note, ⁶ p. S73; Note, ⁸ 3M0222 |
| | GC{MS | 625 | 6410 B-2000. | | |
| 42. Isodrin | GC | 617 | 6630 B-2000 6630 C-2000 | | Note, ⁴ O-3104-83; Note, ⁶ p. S73 |
| 43. Linuron | GC | | | | Note, ³ p. 104; Note, ⁶ p. S64 |
| | HPLC | 632 | | | |
| | HPLC{MS | 553 | | | Note, 12 O-2060-01 |
| | GC{MS | | | | Note, 11 O-1126-95 |
| 44. Malathion | GC | 614, 1657 | 6630 B-2000 | | Note, ³ p. 25; Note, ⁶ p. S51 |
| | GC{MS | | | | Note, 11 O-1126-95 |
| 45. Methiocarb | TLC | | | | Note, ³ p. 94; Note, ⁶ p. S60 |
| | HPLC | 632 | | | |
| | HPLC{MS | | | | Note, 12 O-2060-01 |
| 46. Methoxychlor | GC | 505, 508, 608.2, 617, 1656 | 6630 B-2000 6630 C-2000 | D3086-90, D5812-96c02d | Note, ³ p. 7; Note, ⁴ O-3104 -83; Note, ⁸ 3M0222 |
| | GC{MS | 525.1, 525.2 | | | Note, 11 O-1126-95 |
| 47. Mexacarbate | TLC | | | | Note, ³ p. 94; Note, ⁶ p.S60 |
| | HPLC | 632 | | | |
| 48. Mirex | GC | 617 | 6630 B-2000 6630 C-2000 | D3086-90, D5812-96c02d | Note, ³ p. 7; Note, ⁴ O-3104-83 |
| 49. Monuron | TLC | | | | Note, ³ p. 104; Note, ⁶ p. S64 |
| | HPLC | 632 | | | |
| 50. Monuron-TCA | TLC | | | | Note, ³ p. 104; Note, ⁶ p. S64 |
| | HPLC | 632 | | | |
| 51. Neburon | TLC | | | | Note, ³ p. 104; Note, ⁶ p. S64 |
| | HPLC | 632 | | | |
| | HPLC{MS | | | | Note, 12 O-2060-01 |
| 52. Parathion methyl | GC | 614, 622, 1657 | 6630 B-2000 | | Note, ³ p. 25; Note, ⁴ page 27 |
| | GC{MS | | | | Note, 11 O-1126-95 |
| 53. Parathion ethyl | GC | 614 | 6630 B-2000 | | Note, ³ p. 25; Note, ⁴ page 27 |
| | GC{MS | | | | Note, 11 O-1126-95 |
| 54. PCNB | GC | 608.1, 617 | 6630 B-2000 6630 C-2000 | D3086-90, D5812-96c02d | Note, ³ p. 7. |
| | | | | | |

| Parameter | Analytical Technology | EPA ^{2,7,10} | Standard Methods | ASTM | Other |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------|--|
| 56. Prometon | GC | 507, 619 | | | Note, ³ p. 83; |
| 00.110 | | 207, 017 | | | Note, ⁶ p. S68; |
| | | | | | Note, 9 O-3106-93 |
| | GC{MS | 525.2 | | | Note, 11 O-1126-95 |
| 57. Prometryn | GC | 507, 619 | | | Note, ³ p. 83; |
| | | | | | Note, ⁶ p. S68; |
| | | | | | Note, 9O-3106-93 |
| | GC{MS | 525.1, 525.2 | | | Note, ¹³ O-2002-01 |
| 58. Propazine | GC | 507, | | | Note, ³ p. 83; |
| | | 619, | | | Note, ⁶ p. S68; Note, ⁹ O-3106-93 |
| | CCCMC | 1656 | | | Note, ' O-3106-93 |
| 50 D 1 | GC{MS | 525.1, 525.2. | | | N 3 104 |
| 59. Propham | TLC | | | | Note, ³ p. 104; Note, ⁶ p. S64 |
| | HPLC | 632 | | | Note, p. 304 |
| | HPLC{MS | 032 | | | Note, ¹² O-2060-01 |
| 60. Propoxur | TLC | | | | Note, ³ p. 94; |
| oo. Fropoxui | ILC | | | | Note, ⁶ p. S60 |
| | HPLC | 632 | | | 110tc, p. 500 |
| 61. Secbumeton | TLC | 032 | | | Note, ³ p. 83; |
| or. seediffeton | TEC | | | | Note, ⁶ p. S68 |
| | GC | 619 | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| 62. Siduron | TLC | | | | Note, ³ p. 104; |
| | | | | | Note, ⁶ p. S64 |
| | HPLC | 632 | | | |
| | HPLC{MS | | | | Note, 12 O-2060-01 |
| 63. Simazine | GC | 505, 507, 619, 165 | 6 | | Note, ³ p. 83; |
| | | | | | Note, ⁶ p. S68; |
| | | | | | Note, 9 O-3106-93 |
| | GC{MS | 525.1, 525.2 | | | Note, 11 O-1126-95 |
| 64. Strobane | GC | 617 | 6630 B-2000 | | Note, ³ p. 7 |
| | | | 6630 C-2000 | | 1 |
| 65. Swep | TLC | | | | Note, ³ p. 104; |
| | HDI C | 622 | | | Note, ⁶ p. S64 |
| (C 0 4 5 TF | HPLC | 632 | ((40 D 2001 | | N 3 115 |
| 66. 2,4,5-T | GC | 615 | 6640 B-2001 | | Note, ³ p. 115; Note, ⁴ O-3105-83 |
| 67. 2,4,5-TP cSilvexd | GC | 615 | 6640 B-2001 | | Note, ³ p. 115; |
| 01. 2,4,3-11 CSHVCXU | GC . | 013 | 0040 D-2001 | | Note, ⁴ O-3105-83 |
| 68. Terbuthylazine | GC | 619, 1656 | | | Note, ³ p. 83; |
| oo. 1010uuiyiaziiic | GC | 012, 1030 | | | Note, ⁶ p. S68 |
| | GC{MS | | | | Note, ¹³ O-2002-01 |
| 69. Toxaphene | GC | 505, 508, 608, 617 | , 6630 B-2000 | D3086-90, | Note, ³ p. 7; |
| <u>r</u> | | 1656 | 6630 C-2000 | D5812-96c02d | Note, ⁴ O-3105-83 |
| | | | | | Note, 8 3M0222 |
| | GC{MS | 525.1, 525.2, 625 | 6410 B-2000 | | |
| 70. Trifluralin | GC | 508, 617, 627, 165 | 6 6630 B-2000 | | Note, ³ p. 7; |
| | | | | | Note, 9 O-3106-93 |
| | GC{MS | 525.2 | | | Note, 11 O-1126-95 |

¹Pesticides are listed in this table by common name for the convenience of the reader. Additional pesticides may be found under Table C, where entries are listed by chemical name.

² The standardized test procedure to be used to determine the method detection limit cMDLd for these test procedures is given at 40 CFR Part 136, Appendix B, Definition and Procedure for the Determination of the Method Detection Limit.

³ Methods for Benzidine, Chlorinated Organic Compounds, Pentachlorophenol and Pesticides in Water and Wastewater. September 1978. U.S. EPA. This EPA publication includes thin-layer chromatography cTLCd methods.

⁴ Methods for the Determination of Organic Substances in Water and Fluvial Sediments, Techniques of Water-Resources Investigations of the U.S. Geological Survey, Book 5, Chapter A3. 1987. USGS.

- ⁵The method may be extended to include á-BHC, ã-BHC, endosulfan I, endosulfan II, and endrin. However, when they are known to exist, Method 608 is the preferred method.
- ⁶ Selected Analytical Methods Approved and Cited by the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Supplement to the 15th Edition of Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater. 1981. American Public Health Association cAPHAd.
- ⁷ Each analyst must make an initial, one-time, demonstration of their ability to generate acceptable precision and accuracy with Methods 608 and 625 in accordance with procedures given in Section 8.2 of each of these methods. Additionally, each laboratory, on an on-going basis, must spike and analyze 10% of all samples analyzed with Method 608 or 5% of all samples analyzed with Method 625 to monitor and evaluate laboratory data quality in accordance with Sections 8.3 and 8.4 of these methods. When the recovery of any parameter falls outside the warning limits, the analytical results for that parameter in the unspiked sample are suspect. The results should be reported, but cannot be used to demonstrate regulatory compliance. These quality control requirements also apply to the Standard Methods, ASTM Methods, and other methods cited.
- ⁸ Organochlorine Pesticides and PCBs in Wastewater Using Empore TM Disk. Revised October 28, 1994. 3M Corporation.
- ⁹ Method O-3106-93 is in Open File Report 94-37, Methods of Analysis by the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of Triazine and Other Nitrogen-Containing Compounds by Gas Chromatography With Nitrogen Phosphorus Detectors. 1994. USGS.
- ¹⁰ EPA Methods 608.1, 608.2, 614, 614.1, 615, 617, 619, 622, 622.1, 627, and 632 are found in Methods for the Determination of Nonconventional Pesticides in Municipal and Industrial Wastewater, EPA 821-R-92-002, April 1992, U.S. EPA.

The full text of Methods 608 and 625 are provided at 40 CFR Part 136, Appendix A, Test Procedures for Analysis of Organic Pollutants.

EPA Methods 505, 507, 508, 525.1, 531.1 and 553 are in Methods for the Determination of Nonconventional Pesticides in Municipal and Industrial Wastewater, Volume II, EPA 821-R-93-010B, 1993, U.S. EPA.

EPA Method 525.2 is in Determination of Organic Compounds in Drinking Water by Liquid-Solid Extraction and Capillary Column Gas Chromatography (Mass Spectrometry, Revision 2.0, 1995, U.S. EPA.

EPA methods 1656 and 1657 are in Methods For The Determination of Nonconventional Pesticides In Municipal and Industrial Wastewater, Volume I, EPA 821-R-93-010A, 1993, U.S. EPA.

- Method O-1126-95 is in Open-File Report 95-181, Methods of Analysis by the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of pesticides in water by C-18 solid-phase extraction and capillary-column gas chromatography (mass spectrometry with selected-ion monitoring, 1995, USGS.
- Method O-2060-01 is in Water-Resources Investigations Report 01-4134, Methods of Analysis by the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of Pesticides in Water by Graphitized Carbon-Based Solid-Phase Extraction and High-Performance Liquid Chromatography (Mass Spectrometry, 2001. USGS.
- ¹³ Method O-2002-01 is in Water-Resources Investigations Report 01-4098, Methods of Analysis by the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of moderate-use pesticides in water by C-18 solid-phase extraction and capillary-column gas chromatography { mass spectrometry. 2001. USGS.
- ¹⁴ Method O-1121-91 is in Open-File Report 91-519, Methods of Analysis by the U.S. Geological Survey National Water Quality Laboratory—Determination of organonitrogen herbicides in water by solid-phase extraction and capillary-column gas chromatography {mass spectrometry with selected-ion monitoring. 1992. USGS.

Table E List of Approved Radiological Analytical Methods for Wastewater

| | | Reference cmethod number or paged | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--------------|-----------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Parameter and units | Method | EPA 1 | Standard Methods 18th, 19th, 20th Ed. | | | USGS ² | | | |
| 1. Alpha-Total, pCi per liter | Proportional or scintillation counter | 900.0 | 7110 B | 7110 B-00 | D1943-90, 96 | pp. 75 and 78 ³ | | | |
| 2. Alpha-Counting error, pCi per liter | Proportional or scintillation counter | Appendix B | 7110 B | 7110 B-00 | D1943-90, 96 | p. 79 | | | |
| 3. Beta-Total, pCi per liter | Proportional counter | 900.0 | 7110 B | 7110 B-00 | D1890-90, 96 | pp. 75 and 78 ³ | | | |
| 4. Beta-Counting error, pCi | Proportional counter | Appendix B | 7110 B | 7110 B-00 | D1890-90, 96 | p. 79 | | | |
| 5. cad Radium Total pCi per liter | Proportional counter | 903.0 | 7500-Ra B | 7500-Ra B-01 | D2460-90, 97 | | | | |
| cbd Radium, pCi per liter | Scintillation counter | 903.1 | 7500-Ra C | 7500-Ra C-01 | D3454-91, 97 | p. 81 | | | |

¹ Prescribed Procedures for Measurement of Radioactivity in Drinking Water, EPA-600{4-80-032 c1980d, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, August 1980.

Table EM
List of Approved Analytical Methods for Sludge

| | | Sample Preparation - | | | Determinative Method | | |
|-----------|---|----------------------|------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--|-------|
| Parameter | Analytical Technology | SW-846 ¹ | EPA ⁴ | SW-846 ¹ | EPA ^{2,3} | Standard Methods [ed.] ^{8,9} | Other |
| Metals | | | | | | | |
| Arsenic | Gaseous Hydride ⁵ | 7061A | | 7061A | | | |
| | Graphite Furnace Atomic Absorption | 3050B, 3051A | 200.2 | 7010 | 200.9 | 3113 B [18,19,21], 3113 B-99 | |
| | Inductively Coupled Plasma Emission | 3050B, 3051A | 200.2 | 6010B, 6010C | 200.7 | 3120 B [20,21], 3120 B-99 | |
| | Inductively Coupled Plasma{Mass Spectrometry | 3050B, 3051A | | 6020A | 200.8 | | |
| Beryllium | Flame Atomic Absorption | 3050B, 3051A | 200.2 | 7000B | | 3111 D [18,19,21], 3111 D-99 | |
| | Graphite Furnace Atomic Absorption | 3050B, 3051A | 200.2 | 7010 | 200.9 | 3113 B [18,19,21], 3113 B-99 | |
| | Inductively Coupled Plasma Emission | 3050B, 3051A | 200.2 | 6010B, 6010C | 200.7 | 3120 B [20,21], 3120 B-99 | |
| | Inductively Coupled Plasma{Mass Spectrometry | 3050B, 3051A | | 6020A | 200.8 | | |
| Cadmium | Flame Atomic Absorption | 3050B, 3051A | 200.2 | 7000B | | | |

² Fishman, M. J. and Brown, Eugene, XSelected Methods of the U.S. Geological Survey of Analysis of Wastewaters, Y U.S. Geological Survey, Open-File Report 76-177 c1976d.

³ The method found on p. 75 measures only the dissolved portion while the method on p. 78 measures only the suspended portion. Therefore, the two results must be added to obtain the Xtotal.Y

Table EM (continued)
List of Approved Analytical Methods for Sludge

| | | Sample Preparation - | | | Determinativ | e | |
|------------|--|----------------------|------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--|-------|
| Parameter | Analytical Technology | SW-846 ¹ | EPA ⁴ | SW-846 ¹ | EPA ^{2,3} | Standard Methods [ed.] ^{8,9} | Other |
| | Graphite Furnace Atomic Absorption | 3050B, 3051A | 200.2 | 7010 | 200.9 | 3113 B [18,19,21], 3113 B-99 | |
| | Inductively Coupled Plasma Emission | 3050B, 3051A | 200.2 | 6010B, 6010C | 200.7 | 3120 B [20,21], 3120 B-99 | |
| | Inductively Coupled Plasma{Mass Spectrometry | 3050B, 3051A | | 6020A | 200.8 | | |
| Chromium | Flame Atomic Absorption | 3050B, 3051A | 200.2 | 7000B | | 3111 B [18,19,21], 3111 B-99 | |
| | Graphite Furnace Atomic Absorption | 3050B, 3051A | 200.2 | 7010 | 200.9 | 3113 B [18,19,21], 3113 B-99 | |
| | Inductively Coupled Plasma Emission | 3050B, 3051A | 200.2 | 6010B, 6010C | 200.7 | 3120 B [20,21], 3120 B-99 | |
| | Inductively Coupled Plasma{Mass Spectrometry | 3050B, 3051A | | 6020A | 200.8 | | |
| Copper | Flame Atomic Absorption | 3050B, 3051A | 200.2 | 7000B | | 3111 B or C [18,19 ² 1], 3111 B-99 or C-99 | |
| | Inductively Coupled Plasma Emission | 3050B, 3051A | 200.2 | 6010B, 6010C | 200.7 | 3120 B [20,21], 3120 B-99 | |
| | Inductively Coupled Plasma{Mass Spectrometry | 3050B, 3051A | | 6020A | 200.8 | | |
| Lead | Flame Atomic Absorption | 3050B, 3051A | 200.2 | 7000B | | | |
| | Graphite Furnace ⁶ Atomic Absorption | 3050B, 3051A | 200.2 | 7010 | 200.9 | 3113 B [18,19,21], 3113 B-99 | |
| | Inductively Coupled Plasma Emission | 3050B, 3051A | 200.2 | 6010B, 6010C | 200.7 | 3120 B [20,21], 3120 B-99 | |
| | Inductively Coupled Plasma{Mass Spectrometry | 3050B, 3051A | | 6020A | 200.8 | | |
| Mercury | Cold Vapor Atomic Absorption | 7471A, 7471B | | 7471A, 7471B | | | |
| | Cold vapor atomic Fluorescence Spectrometry | 7474 | | | | | |
| Molybdenum | Graphite Furnace ⁶ Atomic Absorption | 3050B, 3051A | 200.2 | 7010 | 200.9 | 3113 B [18,19,21], 3113 B-99 | |
| | Inductively Coupled Plasma Emission | 3050B, 3051A | 200.2 | 6010B, 6010C | 200.7 | 3120 B [20,21], 3120 B-99 | |

Table EM (continued) List of Approved Analytical Methods for Sludge

| | | Sample Preparation - | | | Determinative Method | | |
|--|--|---------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|--|---|
| Parameter | Analytical Technology | SW-846 ¹ | EPA ⁴ | SW-846 ¹ | EPA ^{2,3} | Standard Methods [ed.] ^{8,9} | Other |
| | Inductively Coupled Plasma{Mass Spectrometry | 3050B, 3051A | | 6020A | 200.8 | | |
| Nickel | Flame Atomic Absorption | 3050B, 3051A | 200.2 | 7000B | | 3111 B or C [18,19,21], 3111 B-99 or C-99 | |
| | Inductively Coupled Plasma Emission | 3050B, 3051A | 200.2 | 6010B, 6010C | 200.7 | 3120 B [20,21], 3120 B-99 | |
| | Inductively Coupled Plasma{Mass Spectrometry | 3050B, 3051A | | 6020A | 200.8 | | |
| Selenium | Gaseous Hydride ⁵ | 7741A | | 7741A | | | |
| | Graphite Furnace Atomic Absorption | 3050B, 3051A | 200.2 | 7010 | 200.9 | 3113 B [18,19,21], 3113 B-99 | |
| | Inductively Coupled Plasma Emission | 3050B, 3051A | 200.2 | 6010B, 6010C | 200.7 | 3120 B [20,21], 3120 B-99 | |
| | Inductively Coupled Plasma{Mass Spectrometry | 3050B, 3051A | | 6020A | 200.8 | | |
| Zinc | Flame Atomic Absorption | 3050B, 3051A | 200.2 | 7000B | | 3111 B or C [18,19,21], 3111 B-99 or C-99 | |
| | Inductively Coupled Plasma Emission | 3050B, 3051A | 200.2 | 6010B, 6010C | 200.7 | 3120 B [20,21], 3120 B-99 | |
| | Inductively Coupled Plasma{Mass Spectrometry | 3050B, 3051A | | 6020A | 200.8 | | |
| Organics Dioxins and Furans | Gas Chromatography{ Mass Spectrometry | 8290A | 1613B | 8290A | 1613B | | |
| PCBs cAroclor or Congenersd | Gas Chromatography | 3540B, 3540C, 3545A | | 8082, 8082A ¹² | | | |
| PCB cCongenersd | Gas Chromatography{ Mass Spectrometry | 1668A ^{13,} | | | 1668A ^{13, 14, 15} | | |
| Biological | | | | | | | |
| Enteric Viruses | Centrifuge Concentration | | | | | | D 4994-89 c02d, Appendix H ¹⁰ |
| Coliform cfecald, number per gram dry weight | Most Probable Number cMPNd, 5 tube, 3 dilution, or | | p. 132, ¹⁶ 1680, ^{11,17} 1681 ^{11,18} | | p. 132, ¹⁶ 1680, ^{11,17} 1681 ^{11,18} | 9221 E-2014 | Appendix F ¹⁰ |
| - | Membrane filter cMFd ^{21,22} sin- gle step | | p. 124 ¹⁶ | | p. 124 ¹⁶ | 9222 D-2015 ¹⁹ | |

Table EM (continued) List of Approved Analytical Methods for Sludge

| | | Sample Preparation | _ | | Determinative Method | | |
|--|----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--|---|
| Parameter | Analytical Technology | SW-846 ¹ | EPA ⁴ | SW-846 ¹ | EPA ^{2,3} | Standard Methods [ed.] ^{8,9} | Other |
| Helminth ova | Density Gradient Flotation | | | | | | Note ⁹ or Appendix I ⁹ |
| Specific Oxygen Uptake Rate | Respirometer | | | | | 2710 B [18,19, 20,21], 2710 B-04 | Appendix D.2. ¹⁰ |
| Salmonella number per gram dry weight ¹¹ | MPN multiple tube | | 1682 ²⁰ | | 1682 ²⁰ | | |
| Physical | | | | | | | |
| Solids | Gravimetric | | | | | 2540 G [18,19,20,21], 2540 G-97 | |
| Percent Volatiles Solids Reduction | Calculation | | | | | | Appendix D.1. and 3 ¹⁰ |

¹ XTest Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical {Chemical Methods, Y SW]846, Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response, 401 M Street, S.W., Washington D.C. 20460, September 1986 cThird editiond, including July 1992 cUpdate Id, September 1994 cUpdate IId, August 1993 cUpdate IIAd, January 1995 cUpdate IIBd, December 1996 cUpdate IIId, April 1998 cUpdate IIIAd, November 2004 cUpdate IIIBd, February 2007 cUpdate IVd updates. Available from: The Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Room 190, Federal Building, P.O. Box 371954, Pittsburgh, PA 15250]7954. Available online at https:{{www.epa.gov{hw-sw846{sw-846-compendium.}}}

² If an alternative digestion procedure is specified in the analytical method, the digestion in this table shall be used. In all cases, consult the analytical method for special requirements and cautions. SW]846 method 3051A is an acceptable alternate digestion procedure to SW]846 method 3050B.

³ XMethods for the Determination of Metals in Environmental SamplesY, EPA-600{4-91-010, Environmental Protection Agency, Environmental Monitoring Systems Laboratory, Cincinnati, OH 45268, June 1991. Available from: the National Technical Information Service cNTISd, 5258 Port Royal Road, Springfield, Virginia 22161.

⁴XSample Preparation Procedure for Spectrochemical Determination of Total Recoverable ElementsY, Method 200.2, Revision 2.8, Environmental Protection Agency, Environmental Monitoring Systems Laboratory, Cincinnati, OH 45268, 1994. Available from: the National Technical Information Service cNTISd, 5258 Port Royal Road, Springfield, Virginia 22161.

⁵ High levels of chromium, copper, mercury, silver, cobalt, or molybdenum may interfere with the analysis. Consult Method 3114, of XStandard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater Y, 18th, 19th, 20th, or 21st edition, for more information.

⁶ Concentrations of lead in municipal sludge may exceed the working range of graphite furnace.

⁷ 1993 Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Section 11.02, Water and Environmental TechnologyY, American Society for Testing and Materials, 1993, 1916 Race Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103. Available from: the American Society for Testing and Materials, 1916 Race Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103.

Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, Joint Editorial Board, American Public Health Association, American Water Works Association, and Water Pollution Control Federation, 23rd Edition c2017d, 22nd Edition c2012d, 21st Edition c2005d, 20th Edition c1998d, 19th Edition c1995d, and 18th Edition c1992d.

⁹ XStandard Methods for the Examination of Water and WastewaterY, Joint Editorial Board, American Public Health Association, American Water Works Association, and Water Pollution Control Federation, 2006. On-line subscription service available at http:{www.standardmethods.org.

NOccurrence of Pathogens in Distribution and Marketing Municipal SludgesY, EPA 600{1]87]014, Environmental Protection Agency, 1987. Available from: the National Technical Information Service, order y PB 88]154273{AS, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, Virginia 22161.

¹¹ Recommended for enumeration of target organism in sewage sludge.

¹² Analysts may use Fluid Management Systems, Inc. PowerPrep system in place of manual cleanup provided that the analysis meet the requirements of Method 1613B cas specified in Section 9 of the methodd and permitting authorities.

¹³ EPA Method 1668A may be used to test for all PCB congeners. If this method is employed, all PCB congeners shall be delineated. Non-detects shall be treated as zero. The values that are between the limit of detection and the limit of quantitation shall be used when calculating the total value of all congeners. All results shall be added together and the total PCB concentration by dry weight reported. It is recognized that a number of the congeners will co-elute with others, so there will not be 209 results to sum.

¹⁴ EPA Method 8082A shall be used for PCB-Aroclor analysis and may be used for congener specific analysis as well. If congener specific analysis is

performed using Method 8082A, the list of congeners tested shall include at least congener numbers 5, 18, 31, 44, 52, 66, 87, 101, 110, 138, 141, 151, 153, 170, 180, 183, 187, and 206 plus any other additional congeners which might be reasonably expected to occur in the particular sample. For either type of analysis, the sample shall be extracted using Soxhlet extraction Method 3540C or Pressurized Fluid Extraction Method 3545A. If Aroclor analysis is performed using Method 8082A, clean up steps of the extract shall be performed as necessary to remove interference and achieve as close to a limit of detection of 0.11 mg{kg as possible. If congener specific analysis is done using Method 8082A, clean up steps of the extract shall be performed as necessary to remove interference and to achieve as close to a limit of detection of 0.003 mg{kg as possible for each congener. If the aforementioned limits of detection cannot be achieved after using the appropriate clean up techniques, a reporting limit that is achievable for the Aroclors or each congener for sample shall be determined. This report limit should be reported and qualified indicating the presence of an interference. The laboratory conducting the analysis shall perform as many the following methods as necessary to remove interference:

3620C - Florisil

3640A] Gel Permeation

3630C - Silica Gel

3611B - Alumina

3660B - Sulfur Clean Up

3665A] Sulfuric Acid Clean Up.

Table ES List of Approved Methods for Pharmaceutical Pollutants

| Pharmaceuticals pollutants | CAS registry No. | Analytical method number 1,2 |
|-----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|
| acetonitrile | 75-05-8 | 1666 { 1671 { D3371 { D3695 |
| n-amyl acetate | 628-63-7 | 1666 { D3695 |
| n-amyl alcohol | 71-41-0 | 1666 { D3695 |
| Benzene | 71-43-2 | D4763 { D3695 { 502.2 { 524.2 |
| n-butyl-acetate | 123-86-4 | 1666 { D3695 |
| tert-butyl alcohol | 75-65-0 | 1666 |
| chlorobenzene | 108-90-7 | 502.2 { 524.2 |
| chloroform | 67-66-3 | 502.2 { 524.2 { 551 |
| o-dichlorobenzene | 95-50-1 | 1625C { 502.2 { 524.2 |
| 1,2-dichloroethane | 107-06-2 | D3695 { 502.2 { 524.2 |
| diethylamine | 109-89-7 | 1666 { 1671 |
| dimethyl sulfoxide | 67-68-5 | 1666 { 1671 |
| Ethanol | 64-17-5 | 1666 { 1671 { D3695 |
| ethyl acetate | 141-78-6 | 1666 { D3695 |
| n-heptane | 142-82-5 | 1666 { D3695 |
| n-hexane | 110-54-3 | 1666 { D3695 |
| isobutyraldehyde | 78-84-2 | 1666 { 1667 |
| isopropanol | 67-63-0 | 1666 { D3695 |
| isopropyl acetate | 108-21-4 | 1666 { D3695 |
| isopropyl ether | 108-20-3 | 1666 { D3695 |
| methanol | 67-56-1 | 1666 { 1671 { D3695 |
| Methyl Cellosolve Δ | 109-86-4 | 1666 { 1671 |
| methylene chloride | 75-09-2 | 502.2 { 524.2 |
| methyl formate | 107-31-3 | 1666 |
| 4-methyl-2-pentanone cMIBKd | 108-10-1 | 1624C { 1666 { D3695 { D4763 { 524.2 |
| Phenol | 108-95-2 | D4763 |
| n-propanol | 71-23-8 | 1666 { 1671 { D3695 |

¹⁵ XMethod 1668A, Revision A: Chlorinated Biphenyl Congeners in Water, Soil, Sediment, and Tissue by HRGC{HRMSY, EPA-821-R-00-002, Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Water, Washington, D.C., December 1999. Available from: the National Technical Information Service, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, Virginia 22161.

¹⁶ Microbiological Methods for Monitoring the Environment, Water, and Wastes, EPA (600 (8-78 (017. 1978. U.S. EPA.

Method 1680: Fecal Coliforms in Sewage Sludge cBiosolidsd by Multiple-Tube Fermentation Using Lauryl-Tryptose Broth cLTBd and EC Medium, EPA-821-R-14-009. September 2014. U.S. EPA.

¹⁸ Method 1681: Fecal Coliforms in Sewage Sludge cBiosolidsd by Multiple-Tube Fermentation using A-1 Medium, EPA-821-R-06-013. July 2006. U.S. EPA.

¹⁹ On a monthly basis, at least ten blue colonies from positive samples must be verified using lauryl tryptose broth and EC broth, followed by count adjustment based on these results; and representative non-blue colonies should be verified using lauryl tryptose broth. Where possible, verifications should be done from randomized sample sources.

²⁰ Method 1682: Salmonella in Sewage Sludge cBiosolidsd by Modified Semisolid Rappaport-Vassiliadis cMSRVd Medium, EPA-821-R-14-012. September 2014. U.S. EPA.

²¹ A 0.45-μm membrane filter cMFd or other pore size certified by the manufacturer to fully retain organisms to be cultivated and to be free of extractables which could interfere with their growth.

²² Because the MF technique usually yields low and variable recovery from chlorinated wastewaters, the Most Probable Number method will be required to resolve any controversies.

Table ES (continued) List of Approved Methods for Pharmaceutical Pollutants

| Pharmaceuticals pollutants | CAS registry No. | Analytical method number 1,2 |
|----------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|
| 2-propanone cacetoned | 67-64-1 | D3695 { D4763 { 524.2 |
| Tetrahydrofuran | 109-99-9 | 1666 { 524.2 |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | D3695 { D4763 { 502.2 { 524.2 |
| Triethlyamine | 121-44-8 | 1666 { 1671 |
| Xylenes | csee Note 3d | 1624C { 1666 |

¹ For compounds that also appear in Table C, test methods listed in Table C may also be used.

EPA Methods 502.2 and 524.2 have been incorporated by reference into 40 CFR 141.24 and are in Methods for the Determination of Organic Compounds in Drinking Water, EPA-600{4-88-039, December 1988, Revised, July 1991, and Methods for the Determination of Organic Compounds in Drinking Water-Supplement II, EPA-600{R-92-129, August 1992, respectively. These EPA test method compendia are available from the National Technical Information Service, NTIS PB91-231480 and PB92-207703, U.S. Department of Commerce, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, Virginia 22161. The toll-free number is 800-553-6847. ASTM test methods D3371, D3695, and D4763 are available from the American Society for Testing and Materials, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959.

Table F
Required Containers, Preservation Techniques, and Holding Times for wastewater

| Parameter Number{Name | Container ¹ | Preservation ^{2,3} | Maximum Holding Time ⁴ |
|---|------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| Table A — Bacterial Tests | | | |
| 1-5. Coliform, total, fecal and E. coli | PA, G | Cool, <10vC, 0.0008% Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ ⁵ | 8 hours. ^{22,23} |
| 6. Fecal streptococci | PA, G | Cool, <10vC, 0.0008% Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ ⁵ | 8 hours. ²² |
| 7. Enterococci | PA, G | Cool, <10vC, 0.0008% Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ ⁵ | 8 hours. ²² |
| 8. Salmonella | PA, G | Cool, <10vC, 0.0008% Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ ⁵ | 8 hours. ²² |
| Table A — Aquatic Toxicity Tests | | | |
| 9-12. Toxicity, acute and chronic | P, FP, G | Cool, ≤6vC ¹⁶ | 36 hours |
| Table B — Inorganic Tests | | | |
| 1. Acidity | P, FP, G | Cool, ≤6vC ¹⁸ | 14 days |
| 2. Alkalinity | P, FP, G | Cool, ≤6vC ¹⁸ | 14 days |
| 4. Ammonia | P, FP, G | Cool, $\leq 6vC$, ¹⁸ H ₂ SO ₄ to pH \leq 2 | 28 days |
| 9. Biochemical oxygen demand | P, FP, G | Cool, ≤6vC ¹⁸ | 48 hours |
| 11. Bromide | P, FP, G | None required | 28 days |
| 14. Biochemical oxygen demand, carbonaceous | P, FP, G | Cool, ≤6vC¹8 | 48 hours |
| 15. Chemical oxygen demand | P, FP, G | Cool, $\leq 6vC$, ¹⁸ H ₂ SO ₄ to pH \leq 2 | 28 days |
| 16. Chloride | P, FP, G | None required | 28 days |
| 17. Chlorine, total residual | P, G | None required | Analyze within 15 minutes |
| 21. Color | P, FP, G | Cool, ≤6vC ¹⁸ | 48 hours |
| 23-24. Cyanide, total or available cor CATCd free | P, FP, G | Cool, ≤6vC, ¹⁸ NaOH to pH>10, ⁶ reducing agent if oxidizer present | 14 days |
| 25. Fluoride | P | None required | 28 days |
| 27. Hardness | P, FP, G | HNO ₃ or H ₂ SO ₄ to pH<2 | 6 months |
| 28. Hydrogen ion cpHd | P, FP, G | None required | Analyze within 15 minutes |
| 31, 43. Kjeldahl and organic N | P, FP, G | Cool, $\leq 6vC$, ¹⁸ H ₂ SO ₄ to pH ≤ 2 | 28 days |
| 38. Nitrate | P, FP, G | Cool, ≤6vC ¹⁸ | 48 hours |
| 39. Nitrate - nitrite | P, FP, G | Cool, $\leq 6vC$, ¹⁸ H ₂ SO ₄ to pH \leq 2 | 28 days |
| 40. Nitrite | P, FP, G | Cool, ≤6vC ¹⁸ | 48 hours |
| 41. Oil and grease | G | Cool, $\leq 6vC$, ¹⁸ HCl or H ₂ SO ₄ to pH ≤ 2 | 28 days |
| 42. Organic carbon | P, FP, G | Cool, $\leq 6vC$, ¹⁸ HCl, H ₂ SO ₄ or H ₃ PO ₄ to pH<2 | 28 days |

² EPA Methods 1666, 1667, and 1671 listed in the table above are published in the compendium titled Analytical Methods for the Determination of Pollutants in Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Industry Wastewaters cEPA 821-B-98-016d.

³ 1624C: m-xylene 108-38-3, o,p-xylene E-14095 cNot a CAS number; this is the number provided in the Environmental Monitoring Methods Index cEMMId database.d; 1666: m,p-xylene 136777-61-2, o-xylene 95-47-6

Table F (Continued) Required Containers, Preservation Techniques, and Holding Times for wastewater

| Parameter Number{Name | Container ¹ | Preservation ^{2,3} | Maximum Holding Time ⁴ | |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 44. Orthophosphate | P, FP, G | Cool, to ≤6vC ^{18,24} | Filter within 15 minutes; Analyze within 48 hours. | |
| 46. Oxygen, dissolved cProbe or Luminescenced | G, Bottle and top | None required | Analyze within 15 minutes | |
| 47. Oxygen, Dissolved Winkler | G, Bottle and top | Fix on site and store in dark | 8 hours | |
| 48. Phenols | G | Cool, $\leq 6vC$, ¹⁸ H ₂ SO ₄ to pH \leq 2 | 28 days | |
| 49. Phosphorus celementald | G | Cool, ≤6vC ¹⁸ | 48 hours | |
| 50. Phosphorus, total | P, FP, G | Cool, $\leq 6vC$, ¹⁸ H ₂ SO ₄ to pH \leq 2 | 28 days | |
| 53. Residue, total | P, FP, G | Cool, ≤6vC ¹⁸ | 7 days | |
| 54. Residue, Filterable cTDSd | P, FP, G | Cool, ≤6vC ¹⁸ | 7 days | |
| 55. Residue, Nonfilterable cTSSd | P, FP, G | Cool, ≤6vC ¹⁸ | 7 days | |
| 56. Residue, Settleable | P, FP, G | Cool, ≤6vC¹8 | 48 hours | |
| 57. Residue, Volatile | P, FP, G | Cool, ≤6vC¹8 | 7 days | |
| 61. Silica | P or Quartz | Cool, ≤6vC¹8 | 28 days | |
| 64. Specific conductance | P, FP, G | Cool, ≤6vC¹8 | 28 days | |
| 65. Sulfate | P, FP, G | Cool, $\leq 6vC^{18}$ | 28 days | |
| 66. Sulfide | P, FP, G | Cool, ≤6vC, ¹⁸ add zinc acetate plus sodium hydroxide to pH>9 | 7 days | |
| 67. Sulfite | P, FP, G | None required | Analyze within 15 minutes | |
| 68. Surfactants | P, FP, G | Cool, ≤6vC¹8 | 48 hours | |
| 69. Temperature | P, FP, G | None required | Analyze | |
| 73. Turbidity | P, FP, G | Cool, $\leq 6vC^{18}$ | 48 hours | |
| Table B — Metals ⁷ | -,, - | | | |
| 10. Boron | P, FP, or Quartz | HNO ₃ to pH<2 | 6 months | |
| 18. Chromium VI | P, FP, G | Cool, $\leq 6vC$, ¹⁸ pH = 9.3 - 9.7 ²⁰ | 28 days | |
| 35. Mercury cCVAAd | P, FP, G | HNO ₃ to pH<2 | 28 days | |
| 35. Mercury cCVAFSd | FP, G; and FP-lined cap ¹⁷ | 5 mL{L 12N HCl or 5 mL{L BrCl ¹⁷ | 90 days ¹⁷ | |
| 3, 5-8, 12, 13, 19, 20, 22, 26, 29, 30, 32-34, 36, 37, 45, 47, 51, 52, 58-60, 62, 63, 70-72, 74, 75. Metals, except boron, chromium VI, and mercury. | P, FP, G | HNO ₃ to pH<2, or at least 24 hours prior to analysis ¹⁹ | 6 months | |
| Table C — Organic Tests ⁸ | | | | |
| 3, 4. Acrolein and acrylonitrile | G, FP-lined septum | Cool, $\leq 6\nu$ C, ¹⁸ 0.008% Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ , pH to 4-5 ¹⁰ | 14 days ¹⁰ | |
| 119. Adsorbable Organic Halides cAOXd | G | Cool, <6vC, 0.008% Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ HNO ₃ to pH <2 | Hold <i>at least</i> 3 days, but not more than 6 months | |
| 114-118. Alkylated phenols | G | Cool, <6vC, H ₂ SO ₄ to pH <2 | 28 days until extraction, 40 days after extraction | |
| 7, 38. Benzidines ^{11, 12} | G, FP-lined cap | Cool, $\leq 6\nu$ C, ¹⁸ 0.008% Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ ⁵ | 7 days until extraction ¹³ | |
| 29, 35-37, 63-65, 107. Chlorinated hydrocarbons ¹¹ | G, FP-lined cap | Cool, ≤6νC¹8 | 7 days until extraction, 40 days after extraction | |
| 120. Chlorinated Phenolics | | Cool, <6vC, 0.008% Na ₂ S ₂ O _{3,} H ₂ SO ₄ to pH <2 | 30 days until acetylation, 30 days after acetylation. | |
| 15, 16, 21, 31, 87. Haloethers ¹¹ | G, FP-lined cap | Cool, $\leq 6\nu$ C, ¹⁸ 0.008% Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ ⁵ | 7 days until extraction, 40 days after extraction | |
| 54, 55, 75, 79. Nitroaromatics and Isophorone ¹¹ | G, FP-lined cap | Cool, $\leq 6\nu$ C, ¹⁸ store in dark, 0.008% Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ ⁵ | 7 days until extraction, 40 days after extraction | |
| 82-84. Nitrosamines ^{11, 14} | G, FP-lined cap | Cool, $\leq 6vC$, ¹⁸ store in dark, 0.008% Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ ⁵ | 7 days until extraction, 40 days after extraction | |
| 88-94. PCBs ¹¹ | G, FP-lined cap | Cool, ≤6vC ¹⁸ | 1 year until extraction, 1 year after extraction | |

60-62, 66-72, 85, 86, 95-97, 102, 103. PCDDs{PCDFs ¹¹

Table F (Continued)
Required Containers, Preservation Techniques, and Holding Times for wastewater

| Parameter Number{Name | Container ¹ | Preservation ^{2,3} | Maximum Holding Time ⁴ | |
|--|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Aqueous Samples: Field and Lab Preservation | G | Cool, ≤6vC ¹⁸ , 0.008% Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ ⁵ , pH<9 | 1 year | |
| Solids and Mixed-Phase Samples: Field Preservation | G | Cool, ≤6νC¹8 | 7 days | |
| Tissue Samples: Field Preservation | G | Cool, ≤6vC ¹⁸ | 24 hours | |
| Solids, Mixed-Phase, and Tissue Samples: Lab Preservation | G | Freeze, ≤ -10vC | 1 year | |
| Per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances cPFASd | | | | |
| Aqueous samples | HDPE or PP | Cool, ≤6°C | 28 days until extraction, 30 days after extraction | |
| Sludge cbiosolidsd samples | HDPE or PP | Cool, ≤6°C | 28 days until extraction,30 days after extraction | |
| Tissue samples | PE freezer bags or Al foil | Frozen | 1 year until extraction,30 days after extraction | |
| 23, 30, 44, 49, 53, 77, 80, 81, 98, 100, 112. Phenols 11 | G, FP-lined cap | Cool, ≤6vC, ¹⁸ 0.008% Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ | 7 days until extraction, 40 days after extraction | |
| 14, 17, 48, 50-52. Phthalate esters ¹¹ | G, FP-lined cap | Cool, ≤6vC ¹⁸ | 7 days until extraction, 40 days after extraction | |
| 1, 2, 5, 8-12, 32, 33, 58, 59, 74, 78, 99, 101. Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons ¹¹ | G, FP-lined cap | Cool, $\leq 6vC$, ¹⁸ store in dark, 0.008% Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ ⁵ | 7 days until extraction, 40 days after extraction | |
| 6, 57, 106. Purgeable aromatic hydrocarbons | G, FP-lined septum | Cool, $\leq 6vC$, ¹⁸ 0.008% Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ ⁵ , HCl to pH 2 ⁹ | 14 days ⁹ | |
| 13, 18-20, 22, 24-28, 34-37, 39-43, 45-47, 56, 76, 104, 105, 108-111, 113. Purgeable halocarbons. | G, FP-lined septum | Cool, ≤6vC, ¹⁸ 0.008% Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ ⁵ | 14 days | |
| Table D — Pesticides Tests: | | | | |
| 1-70. Pesticides ¹¹ | G, FP-lined cap | Cool, $\leq 6vC$, ¹⁸ pH 5-9 ¹⁵ | 7 days until extraction, 40 days after extraction | |
| Table E — Radiological Tests: | | | | |
| 1-5. Alpha, beta and radium | P, FP, G | HNO ₃ to pH<2 | 6 months | |
| Table H — Bacterial Tests: | | | | |
| 1. E. coli | PA, G | Cool, <10vC, 0.0008% Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ ⁵ | 8 hours. ²² | |
| 2. Enterococci | PA, G | Cool, <10vC, 0.0008% Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ ⁵ | 8 hours. ²² | |
| Table H — Protozoan Tests: | | | | |
| 8.Cryptosporidium | LDPE; field filtration | 1-10 vC | 96 hours. ²¹ | |
| 9.Giardia | LDPE; field filtration | 1-10 vC | 96 hours. ²¹ | |

¹XPY is for polyethylene; XFPY is fluoropolymer cpolytetrafluoroethylene cPTFEd; Teflon®d, or other fluoropolymer, unless stated otherwise in this Table F; XGY is glass; XPAY is any plastic that is made of a sterilizable material cpolypropylene or other autoclavable plasticd; XLDPEY is low density polyethylene; XHDPEY is high density polyethylene; XPEY is polyethylene; XPPY is polypropylene.

The temperature of the samples shall be documented upon receipt at the laboratory. If the samples are shipped in crushed or cube ice cnot Xblue iceY packsd and solid ice is still present in the cooler, the lab may simply report the samples as Xreceived on iceY. If the ice has melted, the lab must report the either the temperature of the melt-water or of a temperature blank. A temperature blank is defined as an aliquot of deionized water, in an appropriate sample container, which is transported along with the samples. Since shipping simply with Xblue iceY packs does not insure that samples are maintained at the appropriate temperatures, the sample collector must submit a temperature blank when using these ice packs for shipping.

² Except where noted in this table and the method for the parameter, preserve each grab sample within 15 minutes of collection. For a composite sample collected with an automated sample ce.g., using a 24-hour composite sampler, refrigerate the sample at ≤ 6 vC during collection unless specified otherwise in this table or in the methodcsd. For a composite sample to be split into separate aliquots for preservation and{or analysis, maintain the sample at ≤ 6 vC, unless specified otherwise in this table or in the methodcsd, until collection, splitting, and preservation is completed. Add the preservative to the sample container prior to sample collection when the preservative will not compromise the integrity of a grab sample, a composite sample, or aliquot split from a composite sample within 15 minutes of collection.

³ When any sample is to be shipped by common carrier or sent via the U.S. Postal Service, it must comply with the Department of Transportation Hazardous Materials Regulations c49 CFR part 172d. The person offering such material for transportation is responsible for ensuring such compliance. For the preservation requirement, the Office of Hazardous Materials, Materials Transportation Bureau, Department of Transportation has determined that the Hazardous Materials Regulations do not apply to the following materials: Hydrochloric acid cHCld in water solutions at concentrations of 0.04% by weight or less cpH about 1.96 or greater; Nitric acid cHNO₃d in water solutions at concentrations of 0.15% by weight or

less cpH about 1.62 or greaterd; Sulfuric acid cH_2SO_4d in water solutions at concentrations of 0.35% by weight or less cpH about 1.15 or greaterd; and Sodium hydroxide cNaOHd in water solutions at concentrations of 0.080% by weight or less cpH about 12.30 or less d.

- ⁴ Samples should be analyzed as soon as possible after collection. The times listed are the maximum times that samples may be held before the start of analysis and still be considered valid. Samples may be held for longer periods only if the permittee or monitoring laboratory has data on file to show that, for the specific types of samples under study, the analytes are stable for the longer time, and has received a variance from the EPA Regional Administrator under s. NR219.05d. For a grab sample, the holding time begins at the time of collection. For a composite sample collected with an automated sampler ce.g., using a 24-hour composite samplerd; the holding time begins at the time of the end of collection of the composite sample. For a set of grab samples composited in the field or laboratory, the holding time begins at the time of collection of the last grab sample in the set. Some samples may not be stable for the maximum time period given in the table. A permittee or monitoring laboratory is obligated to hold the sample for a shorter time if it knows that a shorter time is necessary to maintain sample stability. See 40 CFR 136.3ced for details.
- ⁵ ASTM D7365-09a specifies treatment options for samples containing oxidants ce.g., chlorined. Also, Section 9060A of Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater c20th and 21st editionsd addresses dechlorination procedures.
- ⁶ Sample collection and preservation: Collect a volume of sample appropriate to the analytical method in a bottle of the material specified. If the sample can be analyzed within 48 hours and sulfide is not present, adjust the pH to >12 with sodium hydroxide solution ce.g., 5% w{vd, refrigerate as specified, and analyze within 48 hours. Otherwise, to extend the holding time to 14 days and mitigate interferences, treat the sample immediately using any or all of the following techniques, as necessary, followed by adjustment of the sample pH to >12 and refrigeration as specified.

There may be interferences that are not mitigated by approved procedures. Any procedure for removal or suppression of an interference may be employed, provided the laboratory demonstrates that it more accurately measures cyanide. Particulate cyanide ce.g., ferric ferrocyanided or a strong cyanide complex ce.g., cobalt cyanided are more accurately measured if the laboratory holds the sample at room temperature and pH >12 for a minimum of 4 hours prior to analysis, and performs UV digestion or dissolution under alkaline cpH=12d conditions, if necessary.

Sulfur: To remove elemental sulfur cS8d, filter the sample immediately. If the filtration time will exceed 15 minutes, use a larger filter or a method that requires a smaller sample volume ce.g., EPA Method 335.4 or Lachat Method 01d. Adjust the pH of the filtrate to >12 with NaOH, refrigerate the filter and filtrate, and ship or transport to the laboratory. In the laboratory, extract the filter with 100 mL of 5% NaOH solution for a minimum of 2 hours. Filter the extract and discard the solids. Combine the 5% NaOH-extracted filtrate with the initial filtrate, lower the pH to approximately 12 with concentrated hydrochloric or sulfuric acid, and analyze the combined filtrate. Because the detection limit for cyanide will be increased by dilution by the filtrate from the solids, test the sample with and without the solids procedure if a low detection limit for cyanide is necessary. Do not use the solids procedure if a higher cyanide concentration is obtained without it. Alternatively, analyze the filtrates from the sample and the solids separately, add the amounts determined cin ?g or mgd, and divide by the original sample volume to obtain the cyanide concentration

c1d Sulfide: If the sample contains sulfide as determined by lead acetate paper, or if sulfide is known or suspected to be present, immediately con-duct one of the volatilization treatments or the precipitation treatment as follows: Volatilization—Headspace expelling. In a fume hood or well- ventilated area, transfer 0.75 liter of sample to a 4.4-L collapsible container ce.g., Cubitainer TMd. Acidify with concentrated hydrochloric acid to pH < 2. Cap the container and shake vigorously for 30 seconds. Remove the cap and expel the headspace into the fume hood or open area by collapsing the container without expelling the sample. Refill the headspace by expanding the container. Repeat expelling a total of five headspace volumes. Adjust the pH to >12, refrigerate, and ship or transport to the laboratory. Scaling to a smaller or larger sample volume must maintain the air to sample volume ratio. A larger volume of air will result in too great a loss of cyanide c> 10%d. Dynamic stripping: In a fume hood or well ventilated area, transfer 0.75 liter of sample to a container of the material specified and acidify with concentrated hydrochloric acid to pH <2. Using a calibrated air sampling pump or flowmeter, purge the acidified sample into the fume hood or open area through a fritted glass aerator at a flow rate of 2.25 L{min for 4 minutes. Adjust the pH to >12, refrigerate, and ship or transport to the laboratory. Scaling to a smaller or larger sample volume must maintain the air to sample volume ratio. A larger volume of air will result in too great a loss of cyanide c>10%d. Precipitation: If the sample contains particulate matter that would be removed by filtration, filter the sample prior to treatment to assure that cyanide associated with the particulate matter is included in the measurement. Ship or transport the filter to the laboratory. In the laboratory, extract the filter with 100 mL of 5% NaOH solution for a minimum of 2 hours. Filter the extract and discard the solids. Combine the 5% NaOH-extracted filtrate with the initial filtrate, lower the pH to approximately 12 with concentrated hydrochloric or sulfuric acid, and analyze the combined filtrate. Because the detection limit for cyanide will be increased by dilution by the filtrate from the solids, test the sample with and without the solids procedure if a low detection limit for cyanide is necessary. Do not use the solids procedure if a higher cyanide concentration is obtained without it. Alternatively, analyze the filtrates from the sample and the solids separately, add the amounts determined cin µg or mgd, and divide by the original sample volume to obtain the cyanide concentration. For removal of sulfide by precipitation, raise the pH of the sample to >12 with NaOH solution, then add approximately 1 mg of powdered cadmium chloride for each mL of sample. For example, add approximately 500 mg to a 500-mL sample. Cap and shake the container to mix. Allow the precipitate to settle and test the sample with lead acetate paper. If necessary, add cadmium chloride but avoid adding an excess. Finally, filter through 0.45 micron filter.

Cool the sample as specified and ship or transport the filtrate and filter to the laboratory. In the laboratory, extract the filter with 100 mL of 5% NaOH solution for a minimum of 2 hours. Filter the extract and discard the solids. Combine the 5% NaOH-extracted filtrate with the initial filtrate, lower the pH to approximately 12 with concentrated hydrochloric or sulfuric acid, and analyze the combined filtrate. Because the detection limit for cyanide will be increased by dilution by the filtrate form the solids, test the sample with and without the solids procedure if a low detection limit for cyanide is necessary. Do not use the solids procedure if a higher cyanide concentration is obtained without it. Alternatively, analyze the filtrates from the sample and the solids separately, add the amounts determined cin g or mgd, and divide by the original sample volume to obtain the cyanide concentration. If a ligand-exchange method is used ce.g., ASTM D6888d, it may be necessary to increase the ligand exchange reagent to offset any excess of cadmium chloride.

c2d Sulfite, thiosulfate, or thiocyanate: If sulfite, thiosulfate, or thiocyanate is known or suspected to be present, use UV digestion with a glass coil cMethod Kelada-01d or ligand exchange cMethod OIA]1677d to preclude cyanide loss or positive interference.

c3d Aldehyde: If formaldehyde, acetaldehyde, or another water-soluble aldehyde is known or suspected to be present, treat the sample with 20 mL of 3.5% ethylenediamine solution per liter of sample.

c4d Carbonate: Carbonate interference is evidenced by noticeable effervescence upon acidification in the distillation flask, a reduction in the pH of the absorber solution, and incomplete cyanide spike recovery. When significant carbonate is present, adjust the pH to 12 using calcium hydroxide instead of sodium hydroxide. Allow the precipitate to settle and decant or filter the sample prior to analysis calso see Standard Method 4500-CN.B.3.dd.

c5d Chlorine, hypochlorite, or other oxidant: Treat a sample known or suspected to contain chlorine, hypochlorite, or other oxidant as directed in footnote 5⁷ For dissolved metals, filter grab samples within 15 minutes of collection and before adding preservatives. For a composite sample collected with an automated sampler, filter the sample within 15 minutes after completion of collection and before adding preservatives. If it is known or suspected that dissolved sample integrity will be compromised during collection of a composite sample collected automatically over time ce.g., by interchange of a metal between dissolved and suspended formsd, collect and filter grab samples to be composited cfootnote 2d in place of a composite sample collected automatically.

- ⁷ For dissolved metals, filter grab samples within 15 minutes of collection and before adding preservatives. For a composite sample collected with an automated sampler, filter the sample within 15 minutes after completion of collection and before adding preservatives. If it is known or suspected that dissolved sample integrity will be compromised during collection of a composite sample collected automatically over time ce.g., by interchange of a metal between dissolved and suspended formsd, collect and filter grab samples to be composited cfootnote 2d in place of a composite sample collected automatically.
- ⁸ Guidance applies to samples to be analyzed by GC, LC, or GC{MS for specific compounds.
- ⁹ If the sample is not adjusted to pH < 2, then the sample must be analyzed within seven days of sampling.
- 10 The pH adjustment is not required if acrolein will not be measured. Samples for acrolein receiving no pH adjustment must be analyzed within 3 days of sampling.
- When the extractable analytes of concern fall within a single chemical category, the specified preservative and maximum holding times should be observed for optimum safeguard of sample integrity ci.e., use all necessary preservatives and hold for the shortest time listedd. When the analytes of concern fall within two or more chemical categories, the sample may be preserved by cooling to ≤ 6 vC, reducing residual chlorine with 0.008% sodium thiosulfate, storing in the dark, and adjusting the pH to 6-9; samples preserved in this manner may be held for seven days before extraction and for forty days after extraction. Exceptions to this optional preservation and holding time procedure are noted in footnote 5 cregarding the requirement for thiosulfate reductiond, and footnotes 12, 13 cregarding the analysis of benzidined.
- ¹² If 1,2-diphenylhydrazine is likely to be present, adjust the pH of the sample to 4.0 o 0.2 to prevent rearrangement to benzidine.
- 13 Extracts may be stored up to 30 days at < 0 vC.
- ¹⁴ For the analysis of diphenylnitrosamine, add 0.008% Na₂S₂O₃ and adjust pH to 7-10 with NaOH within 24 hours of sampling.
- 15 The pH adjustment may be performed upon receipt at the laboratory and may be omitted if the samples are extracted within 72 hours of collection. For the analysis of aldrin, add 0.008% Na₂S₂O₃.
- ¹⁶ Place sufficient ice with the samples in the shipping container to ensure that ice is still present when the samples arrive at the laboratory. However, even if ice is present when the samples arrive, immediately measure the temperature of the samples and confirm that the preservation temperature maximum has not been exceeded. In the isolated cases where it can be documented that this holding temperature cannot be met, the permittee can be given the option of on-site testing or can request a variance. The request for a variance should include supportive data which show that the toxicity of the effluent samples is not reduced because of the increased holding temperature. Aqueous samples must not be frozen. Hand-delivered samples used on the day of collection do not need to be cooled to 0 to 6 vC prior to test initiation.
- 17 Samples collected for the determination of trace level mercury c<100 ng{Ld using EPA Method 1631 must be collected in tightly-capped fluoropolymer or glass bottles and preserved with BrCl or HCl solution within 48 hours of sample collection. The time to preservation may be extended to 28 days if a sample is oxidized in the sample bottle. A sample collected for dissolved trace level mercury should be filtered in the laboratory within 24 hours of the time of collection. However, if circumstances preclude overnight shipment, the sample should be filtered in a designated clean area in the field in accordance with procedures given in Method 1669. If sample integrity will not be maintained by shipment to and filtration in the laboratory, the sample must be filtered in a designated clean area in the field within the time period necessary to maintain sample integrity. A sample that has been collected for determination of total or dissolved trace level mercury must be analyzed within 90 days of sample collection.</p>
- ¹⁸ Aqueous samples must be preserved at ≤6 vC, and should not be frozen unless data demonstrating that sample freezing does not adversely impact sample integrity is maintained on file and accepted as valid by the regulatory authority. Also, for purposes of NPDES monitoring, the specification of X≤6 vCY is used in place of the X4 vCY and X< 4 vCY sample temperature requirements listed in some methods. It is not necessary to measure the sample temperature to three significant figures c1{100th of 1 degreed; rather, three significant figures are specified so that rounding down to 6 vC may not be used to meet the ≤6 vC requirement. The preservation temperature does not apply to samples that are analyzed immediately cless than 15 minutesd.</p>
- ¹⁹ An aqueous sample may be collected and shipped without acid preservation. However, acid must be added at least 24 hours before analysis to dissolve any metals that adsorb to the container walls. If the sample must be analyzed within 24 hours of collection, add the acid immediately csee footnote 2d. Soil and sediment samples do not need to be preserved with acid. The allowances in this footnote supersede the preservation and holding time requirements in the approved metals methods.
- ²⁰ To achieve the 28-day holding time, use the ammonium sulfate buffer solution specified in EPA Method 218.6. The allowance in this footnote super-sedes preservation and holding time requirements in the approved hexavalent chromium methods, unless this supersession would compromise the measurement, in which case requirements in the method must be followed.
- ²¹ Holding time is calculated from time of sample collection to elution for samples shipped to the laboratory in bulk and calculated from the time of sample filtration to elution for samples filtered in the field.
- ²² Sample analysis should begin as soon as possible after receipt; sample incubation must be started no later than 8 hours from time of collection.

²³ For fecal coliform samples for sewage sludge cbiosolidsd only, the holding time is extended to 24 hours for the following sample types using either EPA Method 1680 cLTB-ECd or 1681 cA-1d: Class A composted, Class B aerobically digested, and Class B anaerobically digested.

Note: If the EPA Office of Water publishes a final approved 1600 series isotope dilution method for the analysis of PFAS in aqueous, sludge, biosolids, and tissue matrices, the department recommends use of the final approved EPA method.

Table G
Test Methods for Pesticide Active Ingredients

| | Test Methods for Pesticide Active Ingredients | | | | | |
|-------------|---|------------|--|--|--|--|
| EPA | Pesticide name | CAS No. | | | | |
| survey code | | | | | | |
| 8 | Triadimefon | | 1656, 507, 633, 525.1, 525.2 | | | |
| 12 | Dichlorvos | | 1657, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 622 | | | |
| 16 | 2,4-D; 2,4-D Salts and Esters | 94-75-7 | 1658, 515.1, 515.2, 555, 615 | | | |
| | [2,4-Dichloro-phenoxyacetic acid] | | | | | |
| 17 | 2,4-DB; 2,4-DB Salts and Esters | 94-82-6 | 1658, 515.1, 515.2, 555, 615 | | | |
| | [2,4-Dichlorophenoxybutyric acid] | | | | | |
| 22 | Mevinphos | | 1657, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 622 | | | |
| 25 | Cyanazine | 21725-46-2 | | | | |
| 26 | Propachlor | | 1656, 508, 608.1, 525.1, 525.2 | | | |
| 27 | MCPA; MCPA Salts and Esters | 94-74-6 | 1658, 555, 615 | | | |
| | [2-Methyl-4-chlorophenoxyacetic acid] | | | | | |
| 30 | Dichlorprop; Dichlorprop Salts and Esters | 120-36-5 | 1658, 515.1, 515.2, 555, 615 | | | |
| | [2-c2,4-Dichlorophenoxyd propionic acid] | | | | | |
| 31 | MCPP; MCPP Salts and Esters | 93-65-2 | 1658, 555, 615 | | | |
| | [2-c2-Methyl-4-chlorophenoxyd propionic acid] | | | | | |
| 35 | TCMTB | 21564-17-0 | 637 | | | |
| | [2-cThiocyanomethylthiod benzo-thiazole] | | | | | |
| 39 | Pronamide | 23950-58-5 | 507, 525.1, 525.2, 633.1 | | | |
| 41 | Propanil | | 1656, 632.1 | | | |
| 45 | Metribuzin | 21087-64-9 | 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 633 | | | |
| 52 | Acephate | 30560-19-1 | 1656, 1657 | | | |
| 53 | Acifluorfen | 50594-66-6 | 515.1, 515.2, 555 | | | |
| 54 | Alachlor | 15972-60-8 | 1656, 505, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 645 | | | |
| 55 | Aldicarb | 116-06-3 | 531.1 | | | |
| 58 | Ametryn | 834-12-8 | 507, 525.2, 619 | | | |
| 60 | Atrazine | 1912-24-9 | 1656, 505, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 | | | |
| 62 | Benomyl | 17804-35-2 | 631 | | | |
| 68 | Bromacil; Bromacil Salts and Esters | 314-40-9 | 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 633 | | | |
| 69 | Bromoxynil | 1689-84-5 | 1625, 1661 | | | |
| 69 | Bromoxynil octanoate | 1689-99-2 | 1656 | | | |
| 70 | Butachlor | 23184-66-9 | 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 645 | | | |
| 73 | Captafol | 2425-06-1 | 1656 | | | |
| 75 | Carbaryl [Sevin] | 63-25-2 | 531.1, 553, 632 | | | |
| 76 | Carbofuran | | 531.1, 632 | | | |
| 80 | Chloroneb | | 1656, 508, 525.1, 525.2, 608.1 | | | |
| 82 | Chlorothalonil | | 1656, 508, 525.1, 525.2, 608.2 | | | |
| 84 | Stirofos | | 1657, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 622 | | | |
| 86 | Chlorpyrifos | 2921-88-2 | <u> </u> | | | |
| 90 | Fenvalerate | 51630-58-1 | 1660 | | | |
| 103 | Diazinon | | 1657, 507, 525.2, 614, 622 | | | |
| 107 | Parathion methyl | | 1657, 614, 622 | | | |
| 110 | DCPA | | 1656, 508, 525.1, 525.2, 515.1 ² , 515.2 ² , 608.2 | | | |
| 110 | [Dimethyl 2,3,5,6-tetrachloro-terephthalate] | 1001-32-1 | 1030, 308, 323.1, 323.2, 313.1 , 313.2 , 008.2 | | | |
| 112 | Dinoseb | 88-85-7 | 1658, 515.1, 515.2, 555, 615 | | | |
| 113 | Dioxathion | | 1657, 614.1 | | | |
| 118 | | 138-93-2 | | | | |
| 110 | Nabonate [Disadium gyanodithioimidaearhanata] | 138-93-2 | 030.1 | | | |
| 119 | [Disodium cyanodithioimidocarbonate] | 220 54 1 | 553, 632 | | | |
| | Diuron Endothell | 330-54-1 | * | | | |
| 123 | Endothall | 145-73-3 | 548, 548.1 | | | |
| 124 | Endrin | 72-20-8 | 1656, 505, 508, 525.1, 525.2, 608, 617 | | | |
| 125 | Ethalfluralin | 55283-68-6 | 1656, 627 See footnote 1 | | | |
| 126 | Ethion | 563-12-2 | 1657, 614, 614.1 | | | |
| 127 | Ethoprop | 13194-48-4 | 1657, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 622 | | | |

²⁴ The immediate filtration requirement in orthophosphate measurement is to assess the dissolved or bio-available form of orthophosphorus ci.e., that which passes through a 0.45-micron filterd, hence the requirement to filter the sample immediately upon collection ci.e., within 15 minutes of collectiond.

Table G (continued)
Test Methods for Pesticide Active Ingredients

| survey code 132 Fenarimol 60168-88-9 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 633.1 133 Fenthion 55-38-9 1657, 622 138 Glyphosate [N-cPhosphonomethyld glycine] 1071-83-6 547 140 Heptachlor 76-44-8 1656, 505, 508, 525.1, 525.2, 608, 617 144 Isopropalin 33820-53-0 1656, 627 148 Linuron 330-55-2 553, 632 150 Malathion 121-75-5 1657, 614 154 Methamidophos 10265-92-6 1657 156 Methomyl 16752-77-5 531.1, 632 158 Methoxychlor 72-43-5 1656, 505, 508, 525.1, 525.2, 608.2, 617 172 Nabam 142-59-6 630, 630.1 173 Naled 300-76-5 1657, 622 | | Test Methods for Pesticide Active Ingredients | | | | | |
|--|-----|---|------------|---|--|--|--|
| Fenarimo | EPA | Pesticide name | CAS No. | EPA analytical method No.csd ³ | | | |
| 138 | | | | | | | |
| 188 | | | | | | | |
| 144 | | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | |
| 144 | 138 | | 1071-83-6 | | | | |
| 148 | 140 | Heptachlor | 76-44-8 | 1656, 505, 508, 525.1, 525.2, 608, 617 | | | |
| 150 Malathion | 144 | Isopropalin | 33820-53-0 | 1656, 627 | | | |
| 154 Methamilophos 10265-92-6 1657 1658 Methomy 16752-77-5 1659 Methomy 16752-77-5 172 Nabam 142-99-6 630, 630.1 173 Naled 300-76-5 1655, 622 175 Norflurazon 27314-13-2 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 645 178 Benfluralin 1861-40-1 1656, 627 182 Fensulfothion 115-90-2 1657, 622 183 Disultoton 298-44 1657, 627.2 185 Phosmet 732-11-6 1657, 622.1 185 Phosmet 732-11-6 1657, 622.1 185 Phosmet 732-11-6 1657, 622.1 186 Aziaphos Methyl 86-50-0 1657, 621.4 197 Bolstar 35400-43-2 1657, 622.1 198 Pentachlorophenol 87-68-3 1657, 614 104 Pendimethalin 40487-42-1 1656 105 Pentachlorophenol 87-68-3 1656, 608.1, 617 106 Pentachlorophenol 87-68-3 1656, 608.1, 617 107 Potrack 298-02-2 1657, 622 128 Busan 85 [Potassium dimethyldithiocarbamate] 128-03-0 630, 630.1 129 Busan 40 500-03-03-03-03-03-03-03-03-03-03-03-03-0 | 148 | Linuron | 330-55-2 | 553, 632 | | | |
| 16752.77.5 531.1, 632 188 | 150 | Malathion | 121-75-5 | 1657, 614 | | | |
| 158 | 154 | Methamidophos | 10265-92-6 | 1657 | | | |
| 172 Nabam | 156 | Methomyl | 16752-77-5 | 531.1, 632 | | | |
| 173 | 158 | Methoxychlor | 72-43-5 | 1656, 505, 508, 525.1, 525.2, 608.2, 617 | | | |
| 175 Norflurazon 27314-13-2 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 645 178 | 172 | Nabam | 142-59-6 | 630, 630.1 | | | |
| 178 | 173 | Naled | 300-76-5 | 1657, 622 | | | |
| Rensulfothion | 175 | Norflurazon | 27314-13-2 | 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 645 | | | |
| 183 | 178 | Benfluralin | 1861-40-1 | 1656, 627 See footnote 1 | | | |
| 183 | 182 | Fensulfothion | 115-90-2 | 1657, 622 | | | |
| No. | | | | | | | |
| 186 | | | | | | | |
| 192 Organo-tin pesticides 12379-54-3 200.7, 200.9, Ind-01 197 | | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | |
| 197 Bolstar 35400-43-2 1657, 622 1657, 612 1657, 612 1657, 614 1656 | | * * | | | | | |
| Parathion 56-38-2 1657, 614 Quit | | <u> </u> | | · · · · · | | | |
| 204 Pendimethalin 40487-42-1 1656 205 Pentachloronitrobenzne 82-68-8 1656, 608.1, 617 206 Pentachlorophenol 87-86-5 1625, 151.2, 555, 515.1, 525.1, 525.2, 608.2 208 Permethrin 52645-53-1 1656, 1660, 508, 525.1, 525.2, 608.2 212 Phorate 298-02-2 1657, 622 218 Busan 85 [Potassium dimethyldithiocarbamate] 128-03-0 630, 630.1 219 Busan 40 51026-28-9 630, 630.1 [Potassium N-hydroxymethyl-N-methyldithiocarbamate] 137-41-7 630, 630.1 220 KN Methyl 137-41-7 630, 630.1 Pometryn 7287-19-6 507, 525.2, 619 224 Prometryn 7287-19-6 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 224 Propazine 139-40-2 1660 230 Pyrethrin I 121-21-1 1660 232 Pyrethrin II 121-29-9 1660 233 Simazine 122-34-9 1665, 505, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 241 Carbam-S 128-04-1 | | | | , | | | |
| 205 Pentachloronitrobenzene 82-68-8 1656, 608.1, 617 206 Pentachlorophenol 87-86-5 1625, 515.2, 555, 515.1, 525.1, 525.2, 608.2 208 Permethrin 52645-53-1 1656, 1660, 508, 525.1, 525.2, 608.2 212 Phorate 298-02-2 1657, 622 218 Busan 85 [Potassium dimethyldithiocarbamate] 128-03-0 630, 630.1 219 Busan 40 [Potassium N-hydroxymethyl-N-methyldithiocarbamate] 137-41-7 630, 630.1 220 KN Methyl [Potassium N-methyl-dithiocarbamate] 137-41-7 630, 630.1 221 Prometron 1610-18-0 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 224 Prometryn 7287-19-6 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 224 Propazine 139-40-2 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 230 Pyrethrin I 121-21-1 1660 232 Pyrethrin II 121-29-9 1660 233 Simazine 122-34-9 1656, 505, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 241 Carbam-S 128-04-1 630, 630.1 243 Vapam [Sodium methyldithio-carbamate] <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | | | |
| 206 Pentachlorophenol 87-86-5 1625, 515.2, 555, 515.1, 525.1, 525.2, 625 208 Permethrin 52645-53-1 1656, 1660, 508, 525.1, 525.2, 608.2 212 Phorate 298-02-2 1657, 622 218 Busan 85 [Potassium dimethyldithiocarbamate] 128-03-0 630, 630.1 219 Busan 40 [Potassium N-hydroxymethyl-N-methyldithiocarbamate] 137-41-7 630, 630.1 220 KN Methyl [Potassium N-methyl-dithiocarbamate] 137-41-7 630, 630.1 224 Prometon 1610-18-0 507, 525.2, 619 224 Prometryn 7287-19-6 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 230 Pyrethrin I 121-21-1 1660 232 Pyrethrin II 121-21-1 1660 232 Pyrethrin II 121-29-9 1660 232 Pyrethrin II 121-29-9 1660 233 Pyrethrin II 121-23-4 1656, 505, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 241 Carbam-S [Sodium dimethyldithio-carbamate] 128-04-1 630, 630.1 243 Vapam [Sodium methyldithio-carbamate] 1 | | | | | | | |
| 208 Permethrin 52645-53-1 1656, 1660, 508, 525.1, 525.2, 608.2 212 Phorate 298-02-2 1657, 622 218 Busan 85 [Potassium dimethyldithiocarbamate] 128-03-0 630, 630.1 219 Busan 40 51026-28-9 630, 630.1 [Potassium N-hydroxymethyl-N-methyldithiocarbamate] 137-41-7 630, 630.1 220 KN Methyl 137-41-7 630, 630.1 [Potassium N-methyl-dithiocarbamate] 1610-18-0 507, 525.2, 619 224 Prometron 1610-18-0 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 226 Propazine 139-40-2 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 230 Pyrethrin I 121-21-1 1660 232 Pyrethrin II 121-29-9 1660 236 DEF [S,S,S-Tributyl phosphorotrithioate] 78-48-8 1657 239 Simazine 122-34-9 1650, 505, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 241 Carbam-S 128-04-1 630, 630.1 252 Tebutinion 34014-18-1 507, 525.1, 525.2, 633 252 Tebutini | | | | | | | |
| 212 Phorate 298-02-2 1657, 622 218 Busan 85 [Potassium dimethyldithiocarbamate] 128-03-0 630, 630.1 219 Busan 40 [Potassium N-hydroxymethyl-N-methyldithiocarbamate] 80, 630.1 220 KN Methyl [Potassium N-methyl-dithiocarbamate] 137-41-7 630, 630.1 223 Prometon 1610-18-0 507, 525.2, 619 224 Prometryn 7287-19-6 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 226 Propazine 139-40-2 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 230 Pyrethrin I 121-21-1 1660 232 Pyrethrin II 121-29-9 1660 232 Pyrethrin II 121-29-9 1660 233 Simazine 122-34-9 1656, 505, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 241 Carbam-S 128-04-1 630, 630.1 243 Vajam [Sodium dimethyldithio-carbamate] 137-42-8 630, 630.1 243 Vajam [Sodium methyldithio-carbamate] 137-42-8 630, 630.1 252 Tebuthiuron 34014-18-1 507, 525.1, 525.2, 633 | | * | | | | | |
| 218 Busan 85 [Potassium dimethyldithiocarbamate] 128-03-0 630, 630.1 219 Busan 40 51026-28-9 630, 630.1 220 KN Methyl 137-41-7 630, 630.1 221 Prometryn 1610-18-0 507, 525.2, 619 222 Prometryn 7287-19-6 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 223 Prometryn 7287-19-6 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 224 Prometryn 7287-19-6 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 226 Propazine 139-40-2 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 230 Pyrethrin II 121-21-1 1660 232 Pyrethrin II 121-29-9 1660 233 PSF [S,S,S-Tributyl phosphorotrithioate] 78-48-8 1657 239 Simazine 122-34-9 1656, 505, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 241 Carbam-S 128-04-1 630, 630.1 250 Tebuthiuron 34014-18-1 507, 525.1, 525.2, 633 251 Tebuthiuron 34014-18-1 507, 525.1, 525.2, 633 252 Tebuthiuron 34014-18-1 507, 525.1, 525.2, 633 253 Terbufos 13071-79-9 1657, 507, 614.1, 525.1, 525.2 254 Terbacil 5902-51-2 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 633 255 Terbufos 13071-79-9 1657, 507, 614.1, 525.1, 525.2 256 Terbuthylazine 5915-41-3 1656, 619 257 Terbutryn 886-50-0 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 259 Dazomet 533.74-4 1659, 630, 630.1 260 Toxaphene 8001-35-2 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 608, 617 261 Trifluralin 1582-09-8 1656, 508, 525.2, 617, 627 | | | | | | | |
| Busan 40 | | | | | | | |
| Potassium N-hydroxymethyl-N-methyldithiocarbamate 220 KN Methyl 137-41-7 630, 630.1 Potassium N-methyl-dithiocarbamate 223 Prometon 1610-18-0 507, 525.2, 619 224 Prometryn 7287-19-6 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 226 Propazine 139-40-2 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 230 Pyrethrin I 121-21-1 1660 232 Pyrethrin II 121-29-9 1660 233 DEF [S,S,S-Tributyl phosphorotrithioate] 78-48-8 1657 239 Simazine 122-34-9 1656, 505, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 241 Carbam-S 128-04-1 630, 630.1 243 Vapam [Sodium methyldithio-carbamate] 137-42-8 630, 630.1 244 Terbacil 5902-51-2 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 633 255 Terbuthuron 34014-18-1 507, 525.1, 525.2, 633 255 Terbuthylazine 5915-41-3 1656, 619 257 Terbuthylazine 5915-41-3 1656, 619 259 Dazomet 533-74-4 1659, 630, 630.1 260 Toxaphene 8001-35-2 1656, 508, 525.1, 525.2, 608, 617 261 Triffuralin 150-50-5 1657, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 608, 617 262 Triffuralin 150-50-5 1657, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 602 264 Triffuralin 1582-09-8 1656, 508, 525.2, 617, 627 | | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | |
| 220 KN Methyl 137-41-7 630, 630.1 Potassium N-methyl-dithiocarbamate 223 Prometon 1610-18-0 507, 525.2, 619 224 Prometryn 7287-19-6 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 226 Propazine 139-40-2 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 230 Pyrethrin I 121-21-1 1660 232 Pyrethrin II 121-29-9 1660 236 DEF [S,S,S-Tributyl phosphorotrithioate] 78-48-8 1657 239 Simazine 122-34-9 1656, 505, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 241 Carbam-S 128-04-1 630, 630.1 252 Tebuthiuron 34014-18-1 507, 525.1, 525.2 254 Terbacil 5902-51-2 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 633 255 Terbutfylazine 5915-41-3 1656, 619 257 Terbutryn 886-50-0 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 258 Toxaphene 533-74-4 1659, 630, 630.1 262 Toxaphene 8001-35-2 1656, 508, 525.1, 525.2, 608, 617 263 Merphos [Tributyl phosphorotrithioate] 1505-05 1657, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 622 264 Trifluralin 1582-09-8 1656, 508, 525.2, 617, 627 | 219 | | 31020-26-9 | 030, 030.1 | | | |
| Potassium N-methyl-dithiocarbamate 223 Prometon 1610-18-0 507, 525.2, 619 224 Prometryn 7287-19-6 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 226 Propazine 139-40-2 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 230 Pyrethrin I 121-21-1 1660 232 Pyrethrin II 121-29-9 1660 236 DEF [S.S.S-Tributyl phosphorotrithioate] 78-48-8 1657 239 Simazine 122-34-9 1656, 505, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 241 Carbam-S 128-04-1 630, 630.1 Sodium dimethyldithio-carbamate] 137-42-8 630, 630.1 252 Tebuthiuron 34014-18-1 507, 525.1, 525.2 254 Terbacil 5902-51-2 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 633 255 Terbufos 13071-79-9 1657, 507, 614.1, 525.1, 525.2 256 Terbuthylazine 5915-41-3 1656, 619 257 Terbutryn 886-50-0 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 258 Toxaphene 8001-35-2 1656, 505, 508, 525.1, 525.2, 608, 617 263 Merphos [Tributyl phosphorotrithioate] 150-50-5 1657, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 622 264 Trifluralin 1582-09-8 1656, 508, 525.2, 617, 627 | 220 | | 137 /11 7 | 630, 630, 1 | | | |
| 223 Prometon 1610-18-0 507, 525.2, 619 224 Prometryn 7287-19-6 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 226 Propazine 139-40-2 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 230 Pyrethrin I 121-21-1 1660 232 Pyrethrin II 121-29-9 1660 236 DEF [S.S.S-Tributyl phosphorotrithioate] 78-48-8 1657 239 Simazine 122-34-9 1656, 505, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 241 Carbam-S 128-04-1 630, 630.1 243 Vapam [Sodium methyldithio-carbamate] 137-42-8 630, 630.1 252 Tebuthiuron 34014-18-1 507, 525.1, 525.2 254 Terbacil 5902-51-2 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 633 255 Terbufos 13071-79-9 1657, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 633 255 Terbufos 13071-79-9 1657, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 256 Terbuthylazine 5915-41-3 1656, 619 257 Terbutryn 886-50-0 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 259 D | 220 | • | 137-41-7 | 030, 030.1 | | | |
| 224 Prometryn 7287-19-6 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 226 Propazine 139-40-2 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 230 Pyrethrin I 121-21-1 1660 232 Pyrethrin II 121-29-9 1660 236 DEF [S,S,S-Tributyl phosphorotrithioate] 78-48-8 1657 239 Simazine 122-34-9 1656, 505, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 241 Carbam-S 128-04-1 630, 630.1 Sodium dimethyldithio-carbamate] 137-42-8 630, 630.1 252 Tebuthiuron 34014-18-1 507, 525.1, 525.2 254 Terbacil 590-2-51-2 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 633 255 Terbufos 13071-79-9 1657, 507, 614.1, 525.1, 525.2 256 Terbuthylazine 5915-41-3 1656, 619 257 Terbuttryn 886-50-0 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 259 Dazomet 533-74-4 1659, 630, 630.1 262 Toxaphene 8001-35-2 1656, 505, 508, 525.1, 525.2, 608, 617 263 Merphos [Tribu | 223 | • | 1610 18 0 | 507 525 2 610 | | | |
| Propazine 139-40-2 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 | | | | | | | |
| 230 Pyrethrin I 121-21-1 1660 232 Pyrethrin II 121-29-9 1660 236 DEF [S,S,S-Tributyl phosphorotrithioate] 78-48-8 1657 239 Simazine 122-34-9 1656, 505, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 241 Carbam-S | | - | | | | | |
| 232 | | 1 | | | | | |
| T8-48-8 1657 122-34-9 1656, 505, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 122-34-9 1656, 505, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 128-04-1 | | • | | | | | |
| 239 Simazine 122-34-9 1656, 505, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 241 Carbam-S 128-04-1 630, 630.1 [Sodium dimethyldithio-carbamate] 137-42-8 630, 630.1 252 Tebuthiuron 34014-18-1 507, 525.1, 525.2 254 Terbacil 5902-51-2 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2 255 Terbufos 13071-79-9 1657, 507, 614.1, 525.1, 525.2 256 Terbuthylazine 5915-41-3 1656, 619 257 Terbutryn 886-50-0 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 259 Dazomet 533-74-4 1659, 630, 630.1 262 Toxaphene 8001-35-2 1656, 505, 508, 525.1, 525.2, 608, 617 263 Merphos [Tributyl phosphorotrithioate] 150-50-5 1657, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 622 264 Trifluralin 1582-09-8 1656, 508, 525.2, 617, 627 | | | | | | | |
| 241 Carbam-S [Sodium dimethyldithio-carbamate] 128-04-1 630, 630.1 243 Vapam [Sodium methyldithiocarbamate] 137-42-8 630, 630.1 252 Tebuthiuron 34014-18-1 507, 525.1, 525.2 254 Terbacil 5902-51-2 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 633 255 Terbufos 13071-79-9 1657, 507, 614.1, 525.1, 525.2 256 Terbuthylazine 5915-41-3 1656, 619 257 Terbutryn 886-50-0 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 259 Dazomet 533-74-4 1659, 630, 630.1 262 Toxaphene 8001-35-2 1656, 505, 508, 525.1, 525.2, 608, 617 263 Merphos [Tributyl phosphorotrithioate] 150-50-5 1657, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 622 264 Trifluralin 1 1582-09-8 1656, 508, 525.2, 617, 627 | | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| [Sodium dimethyldithio-carbamate] 243 Vapam [Sodium methyldithiocarbamate] 254 Tebuthiuron 255 Tebuthiuron 256 Terbacil 257 Terbufos 258 Terbufos 258 Terbufos 259 Terbuthylazine 259 Terbutryn 250 Terbutryn 250 Terbutryn 251 Terbutryn 252 Terbutryn 253 Terbutryn 254 Terbutryn 255 Terbutryn 256 Terbutryn 257 Terbutryn 258 B86-50-0 259 Dazomet 259 Dazomet 250 Toxaphene 250 Toxaphene 250 Toxaphene 251 Toxaphene 252 Toxaphene 253 Merphos [Tributyl phosphorotrithioate] 254 Trifluralin 255 Terbutryn 256 Toxaphene 257 Toxaphene 258 Toxaphene 259 Toxaphene 250 Toxaphene | | | | | | | |
| 243 Vapam [Sodium methyldithiocarbamate] 137-42-8 630, 630.1 252 Tebuthiuron 34014-18-1 507, 525.1, 525.2 254 Terbacil 5902-51-2 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 633 255 Terbufos 13071-79-9 1657, 507, 614.1, 525.1, 525.2 256 Terbuthylazine 5915-41-3 1656, 619 257 Terbutryn 886-50-0 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 259 Dazomet 533-74-4 1659, 630, 630.1 262 Toxaphene 8001-35-2 1656, 505, 508, 525.1, 525.2, 608, 617 263 Merphos [Tributyl phosphorotrithioate] 150-50-5 1657, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 622 264 Trifluralin 1 1582-09-8 1656, 508, 525.2, 617, 627 | 241 | | 128-04-1 | 050, 050.1 | | | |
| 252 Tebuthiuron 34014-18-1 507, 525.1, 525.2 254 Terbacil 5902-51-2 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 633 255 Terbufos 13071-79-9 1657, 507, 614.1, 525.1, 525.2 256 Terbuthylazine 5915-41-3 1656, 619 257 Terbutryn 886-50-0 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 259 Dazomet 533-74-4 1659, 630, 630.1 262 Toxaphene 8001-35-2 1656, 505, 508, 525.1, 525.2, 608, 617 263 Merphos [Tributyl phosphorotrithioate] 150-50-5 1657, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 622 264 Trifluralin 1 1582-09-8 1656, 508, 525.2, 617, 627 | 242 | | 127 42 0 | 620, 620,1 | | | |
| 254 Terbacil 5902-51-2 1656, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 633 255 Terbufos 13071-79-9 1657, 507, 614.1, 525.1, 525.2 256 Terbuthylazine 5915-41-3 1656, 619 257 Terbutryn 886-50-0 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 259 Dazomet 533-74-4 1659, 630, 630.1 262 Toxaphene 8001-35-2 1656, 505, 508, 525.1, 525.2, 608, 617 263 Merphos [Tributyl phosphorotrithioate] 150-50-5 1657, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 622 264 Trifluralin 1 1582-09-8 1656, 508, 525.2, 617, 627 | | | | | | | |
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| 257 Terbutryn 886-50-0 507, 525.1, 525.2, 619 259 Dazomet 533-74-4 1659, 630, 630.1 262 Toxaphene 8001-35-2 1656, 505, 508, 525.1, 525.2, 608, 617 263 Merphos [Tributyl phosphorotrithioate] 150-50-5 1657, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 622 264 Trifluralin 1 1582-09-8 1656, 508, 525.2, 617, 627 | | | | | | | |
| 259 Dazomet 533-74-4 1659, 630, 630.1 262 Toxaphene 8001-35-2 1656, 505, 508, 525.1, 525.2, 608, 617 263 Merphos [Tributyl phosphorotrithioate] 150-50-5 1657, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 622 264 Trifluralin 1 1582-09-8 1656, 508, 525.2, 617, 627 | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | |
| 262 Toxaphene 8001-35-2 1656, 505, 508, 525.1, 525.2, 608, 617 263 Merphos [Tributyl phosphorotrithioate] 150-50-5 1657, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 622 264 Trifluralin ¹ 1582-09-8 1656, 508, 525.2, 617, 627 | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | |
| 263 Merphos [Tributyl phosphorotrithioate] 150-50-5 1657, 507, 525.1, 525.2, 622 264 Trifluralin ¹ 1582-09-8 1656, 508, 525.2, 617, 627 | | | | | | | |
| 264 Trifluralin ¹ 1582-09-8 1656, 508, 525.2, 617, 627 | | 1 | | | | | |
| | | 1 - 1 1 | | | | | |
| 268 Ziram [Zinc dimethyldithiocarbamate] 137-30-4 630, 630.1 | | * * | | | | | |
| | 268 | Ziram [Zinc dimethyldithiocarbamate] | 137-30-4 | 630, 630.1 | | | |

¹ Monitor and report as total Trifluralin.

² Applicable to the analysis of DCPA degradates.

³ EPA Methods 608.1 through 645, 1645 through 1661, and Ind-01 are available in Methods For The Determination of Nonconventional Pesticides In Municipal and Industrial Wastewater, Volume I, EPA 821-R-93-010A, Revision I, August 1993, U.S. EPA. EPA Methods 200.9 and 505 through 555 are available in Methods For The Determination of Nonconventional Pesticides In Municipal and Industrial Wastewater, Volume II, EPA 821-R-93-010B, August 1993, U.S. EPA. The full text of Methods 608, 625 and 1625 are provided at Appendix A of this Part 136. The full text of Method 200.7 is provided at appendix C of this part 136.

Table H
List of Approved Microbiological Methods for Ambient Water

| Parameter and units | Method ¹ | EPA | Standard Methods ³³ | AOAC, ASTM, USGS | Other |
|---|--|--|---|------------------------|--|
| Bacteria: | | | | | |
| 1. Coliform cfecald, | Most Probable Number | p. 132 ³ | 9221 E-2014, | | |
| number per 100 mL | cMPNd, 5 tube, 3 dilution, or | • | 9221 F.2-2014 ³² | | |
| | Membrane filter cMFd, ² single step | p. 124 ³ | 9222 D-2015 ²⁶ | B-0050-85 ⁴ | |
| 2. Coliform ctotald, number per 100 mL | MPN, 5 tube, 3 dilution, or | p. 114 ³ | 9221 B-2014 | | |
| | MF, ² single step or two step | p. 108 ³ | 9222 B-2015 ²⁷ | B-0025-85 ⁴ | |
| | MF ² with enrichment | p. 111 ³ | 9222 cB + B.4ed- 2015 ²⁷ | | |
| 3. E. coli, number per 100 mL | MPN, ^{5,7,13} multiple tube, or | | 9221 B.3-2014{ 9221 F-2014 ^{10,12,32} | | |
| | Multiple tube{multiple well, or | | 9223 B-2016 ¹¹ | 991.15 9 | Colilert® 11,15 Colilert-18® 11,14,15 |
| | MF, ^{2, 5, 6, 7} two step, or | 1103.118 | 9222 B-2015{ 9222 I-2015, ¹⁷ 9213 D-2007 | D5392-93 ⁸ | |
| | Single step | 1603, ¹⁹ 1604 ²⁰ | 7911 | | m-ColiBlue24,®16 KwikCount TM EC ^{28,29} |
| 4. Fecal streptococci, number per 100 mL | MPN, 5 tube, 3 dilution, or | p. 139 ³ | 9230 B-2013 | | |
| , | MF, ² or | p. 136 ³ | 9230 C-2013 ³⁰ | B-0055-85 ⁴ | |
| | Plate count | p. 143 ³ | | | |
| 5. Enterococci, number per 100 mL | MPN ^{5,7} , multiple tube{multiple well, or | 1 | 9230 D-2013 | D6503-998 | Enterolert®11,21 |
| | MF, ^{2, 5, 6, 7} two step, or | 1106.122 | 9230 C-2013 ³⁰ | D5259-928 | |
| | Single step, or | 1600^{23} | 9230 C-2013 ³⁰ | | |
| | Plate count | p. 143 ³ | | | |
| Protozoa: | | • | | | |
| 6. Cryptosporidium | Filtration{IMS{FA | 1622, ²⁴ 1623, ²⁵ | | | |
| | | $1623.1^{25,31}$ | | | |
| 7. Giardia | Filtration{IMS{FA | 1623, ²⁵ 1623.1 ^{25,31} | | | |

¹ The method must be specified when results are reported.

² A 0.45-μm membrane filter cMFd or other pore size certified by the manufacturer to fully retain organisms to be cultivated and to be free of extractables which could interfere with their growth.

³ Microbiological Methods for Monitoring the Environment, Water and Wastes. EPA{600{8-78{017. 1978. U.S. EPA.

⁴ U.S. Geological Survey Techniques of Water-Resource Investigations, Book 5, Laboratory Analysis, Chapter A4, Methods for Collection and Analysis of Aquatic Biological and Microbiological Samples. 1989. USGS.

⁵ Tests must be conducted to provide organism enumeration cdensityd. Select the appropriate configuration of tubes{filtrations and dilutions{volumes to account for the quality, character, consistency, and anticipated organism density of the water sample.

⁶ When the MF method has not been used previously to test waters with high turbidity, large numbers of noncoliform bacteria, or samples that may contain organisms stressed by chlorine, a parallel test should be conducted with a multiple-tube technique to demonstrate applicability and comparability of results.

⁷ To assess the comparability of results obtained with individual methods, it is suggested that side-by-side tests be conducted across seasons of the year with the water samples routinely tested in accordance with the most current *Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater* or EPA alternate test procedure cATPd guidelines.

⁸ Annual Book of ASTM Standards—Water and Environmental Technology. Section 11.02. 2000, 1999, 1996. ASTM International.

Official Methods of Analysis of AOAC International, 16th Edition, Volume I, Chapter 17, 1995. AOAC International.

¹⁰ The multiple-tube fermentation test is used in 9221B.3-2014. Lactose broth may be used in lieu of lauryl tryptose broth cLTBd, if at least 25 parallel tests are conducted between this broth and LTB using the water samples normally tested, and this comparison demonstrates that the false-positive rate and false-negative rate for total coliform using lactose broth is less than 10 percent. No requirement exists to run the completed phase on 10 percent of all total coliform-positive tubes on a seasonal basis.

¹¹ These tests are collectively known as defined enzyme substrate tests.

¹² After prior enrichment in a presumptive medium for total coliform using 9221B.3-2014, all presumptive tubes or bottles showing any amount of gas,

- growth or acidity within 48 h o 3 h of incubation shall be submitted to 9221F-2014. Commercially available EC-MUG media or EC media supplemented in the laboratory with 50 μ g{mL of MUG may be used.
- ¹³ Samples shall be enumerated by the multiple-tube or multiple-well procedure. Using multiple-tube procedures, employ an appropriate tube and dilution configuration of the sample as needed and report the Most Probable Number cMPNd. Samples tested with Colilert® may be enumerated with the multiple-well procedures, Quanti-Tray® or Quanti-Tray® (2000, and the MPN calculated from the table provided by the manufacturer.
- ¹⁴ Colilert-18® is an optimized formulation of the Colilert® for the determination of total coliforms and *E. coli* that provides results within 18 h of incubation at 35 °C, rather than the 24 h required for the Colilert® test, and is recommended for marine water samples.
- 15 Descriptions of the Colilert®, Colilert-18®, Quanti-Tray®, and Quanti-Tray® {2000 may be obtained from IDEXX Laboratories Inc.
- ¹⁶ A description of the mColiBlue24® test may be obtained from Hach Company.
- ¹⁷ Subject coliform positive samples determined by 9222B-2015 or other membrane filter procedure to 9222I-2015 using NA-MUG media.
- ¹⁸ Method 1103.1: Escherichia coli cE. colid in Water by Membrane Filtration Using membrane-Thermotolerant Escherichia coli Agar cmTECd, EPA-821-R-10-002. March 2010. U.S. EPA.
- ¹⁹ Method 1603: Escherichia coli cE. colid in Water by Membrane Filtration Using Modified membrane-Thermotolerant Escherichia coli Agar cModified mTECd, EPA-821-R-14-010. September 2014. U.S. EPA.
- ²⁰ Method 1604: Total Coliforms and Escherichia coli cE. colid in Water by Membrane Filtration by Using a Simultaneous Detection Technique cMI Mediumd, EPA 821-R-02-024. September 2002. U.S. EPA.
- ²¹ A description of the Enterolert® test may be obtained from IDEXX Laboratories Inc.
- ²² Method 1106.1: Enterococci in Water by Membrane Filtration Using membrane-Enterococcus-Esculin Iron Agar cmE-EIAd, EPA-821-R-09-015. December 2009. U.S. EPA.
- ²³ Method 1600: Enterococci in Water by Membrane Filtration Using membrane-Enterococcus Indoxyl-β-D-Glucoside Agar cmEId, EPA-821-R-14-011. September 2014. U.S. EPA.
- ²⁴ Method 1622 uses a filtration, concentration, immunomagnetic separation of oocysts from captured material, immunofluorescence assay to determine concentrations, and confirmation through vital dye staining and differential interference contrast microscopy for the detection of *Cryptosporidium*. Method 1622: *Cryptosporidium* in Water by Filtration{IMS{FA, EPA-821-R-05-001. December 2005. U.S. EPA.
- ²⁵ Methods 1623 and 1623.1 use a filtration, concentration, immunomagnetic separation of oocysts and cysts from captured material, immunofluorescence assay to determine concentrations, and confirmation through vital dye staining and differential interference contrast microscopy for the simultaneous detection of *Cryptosporidium* and *Giardia* oocysts and cysts. Method 1623: *Cryptosporidium* and *Giardia* in Water by Filtration{IMS{FA. EPA-821-R-05-002. December 2005. US EPA. Method 1623.1: *Cryptosporidium* and *Giardia* in Water by Filtration{IMS{FA. EPA 816-R-12-001. January 2012. U.S. EPA.
- ²⁶ On a monthly basis, at least ten blue colonies from positive samples must be verified using lauryl tryptose broth and EC broth, followed by count adjustment based on these results; and representative non-blue colonies should be verified using lauryl tryptose broth. Where possible, verifications should be done from randomized sample sources.
- ²⁷ On a monthly basis, at least ten sheen colonies from positive samples must be verified using lauryl tryptose broth and brilliant green lactose bile broth, followed by count adjustment based on these results; and representative non-sheen colonies should be verified using lauryl tryptose broth. Where possible, verifications should be done from randomized sample sources.
- ²⁸ A description of KwikCount[®] EC may be obtained from Micrology Laboratories LLC.
- ²⁹ Approved for the analyses of *E. coli* in freshwater only.
- ³⁰ Verification of colonies by incubation of BHI agar at 10 o 0.5 °C for 48 o 3 h is optional. As per the Errata to the 23rd Edition of Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, XGrowth on a BHI agar plate incubated at 10 o 0.5 °C for 48 o 3 h is further verification that the colony belongs to the genus Enterococcus.Y
- 31 Method 1623.1 includes updated acceptance criteria for IPR, OPR, and MS{MSD and clarifications and revisions based on the use of Method 1623 for years and technical support questions.
- ³² 9221 F.2-2014: This procedure allows for simultaneous detection of *E. coli* and thermotolerant coliforms by adding inverted vials to EC-MUG; the inverted vials collect gas produced by thermotolerant coliforms.
- 33 Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, Joint Editorial Board, American Public Health Association, American Water Works Association, and Water Pollution Control Federation, 23rd Edition c2017d, 22nd Edition c2012d, 21st Edition c2005d, 20th Edition c1998d, 19th Edition c1995d, and 18th Edition c1992d.