

Chapter Phar 1

AUTHORITY AND DEFINITIONS

Phar 1.01 Authority.

Phar 1.02 Definitions.

Note: Chapter Phar 1 as it existed on January 31, 1983 was repealed and a new chapter Phar 1 was created effective February 1, 1983.

Phar 1.01 Authority. Rules in chs. Phar 1 to 16 are adopted under authority of ss. 15.08 (5) (b), 227.11 (2), Stats., and ch. 450, Stats.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2–1–83; am. Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9–1–91; am., Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1–1–99; am., Register, March, 2000, No. 531, eff. 4–1–00; correction made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register January 2002 No. 553.

Phar 1.02 Definitions. As used in chs. Phar 1 to 16:

(1) “Board” means the pharmacy examining board.

Note: The board office is located at 1400 East Washington Avenue, Madison, Wisconsin 53702.

(2) “Community pharmacy” means practice in a licensed pharmacy providing pharmaceutical services primarily on an out-patient basis.

(3) “DEA” means the drug enforcement administration.

(4) “Institutional pharmacy” means practice in a licensed pharmacy providing pharmaceutical services primarily on an inpatient basis.

(4m) “Long term care facility” means a facility for the developmentally disabled or other nursing home.

(5) “LTCF” means a long term care facility.

(6) “Managing pharmacist” means a pharmacist designated by the pharmacy owner to have responsibility for and direct control of pharmaceutical operations in a pharmacy.

(6m) “NABP” means the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy.

(7) “NAPLEX” means the North American Pharmacy Licensing Examination.

(8) “Pharmacist” has the meaning given in s. 450.01 (15), Stats.

(9) “Pharmacist-in-charge” means a pharmacist who is physically present in the licensed facility and responsible for the routine operation of a pharmacy for the period of time specified by the managing pharmacist.

(10) “Pharmacy” means any place of practice licensed by the board under s. 450.06 or 450.065, Stats., unless otherwise provided for in s. 450.065, Stats.

(11) “Pharmacy owner” means a person or entity to whom a pharmacy license is issued.

(12) “Practice of pharmacy” has the meaning under s. 450.01 (16), Stats.

(13) “PRN” means renew as needed.

(14) “Professional service area” means the area of a pharmacy in which prescriptions are compounded or dispensed, hypodermic needles, syringes, poisons and schedule V controlled substances as listed in s. 961.22, Stats., and ch. CSB 2 are available, or where patients are consulted.

(15) “Terminal illness” means an incurable condition caused by injury or illness that reasonable medical judgment finds would cause death.

History: Cr. Register, January, 1983, No. 325, eff. 2–1–83; am. (intro.), renum. (2) to (9) to be (6) to (12) and (14) and am. (8), (10) and (12), cr. (2) to (5) and (13), Register, August, 1991, No. 428, eff. 9–1–91; cr. (4m) and (15), Register, September, 1994, No. 465, eff. 10–1–94; am. (7), (8), (11) and (14), Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1–1–99; am. (intro.), Register, March, 2000, No. 531, eff. 4–1–00; emerg. cr. (3c), (4c), (4e), and (14m), eff. 1–1–02; correction in (intro.) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register January 2002 No. 553; CR 14–023; am. (7) Register August 2014 No. 704, eff. 9–1–14; **CR 15–064; am. (10) Register September 2016 No. 729, eff. 10–1–16; CR 16–017; cr. (6m) Register September 2016 No. 729, eff. 10–1–16; correction in (10) made under s. 35.17, Stats., Register September 2016 No. 729.**