

ADMINISTRATIVE RULES Fiscal Estimate & Economic Impact Analysis

1. Type of Estimate and Analysis

Original Updated Corrected

2. Administrative Rule Chapter, Title and Number

Ch. NR 115, Wisconsin's Shoreland Protection Program

3. Subject

Modify the rule relating to the impervious surface limits, nonconforming structure provisions, vegetation standards and administrative procedures to reduce the administrative burden on counties.

4. Fund Sources Affected

GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEG-S

5. Chapter 20, Stats. Appropriations Affected

6. Fiscal Effect of Implementing the Rule

No Fiscal Effect Increase Existing Revenues Increase Costs
 Indeterminate Decrease Existing Revenues Could Absorb Within Agency's Budget
 Decrease Cost

7. The Rule Will Impact the Following (Check All That Apply)

State's Economy Specific Businesses/Sectors
 Local Government Units Public Utility Rate Payers
 Small Businesses (if checked, complete Attachment A)

8. Would Implementation and Compliance Costs Be Greater Than \$20 million?

Yes No

9. Policy Problem Addressed by the Rule

The modifications to Wisconsin's minimum shoreland zoning standards (NR 115) in 2009, generated some concerns for counties that certain provisions are difficult to implement or are administratively burdensome. The current proposal is to clarify and modify certain sections of the code to reduce the implementation concerns and administrative burden on counties. See Attachment Part I for a more detailed explanation.

10. Summary of the businesses, business sectors, associations representing business, local governmental units, and individuals that may be affected by the proposed rule that were contacted for comments.

Groups likely to be impacted or interested in the proposed rule include local governments, businesses located along the waterfront, builders, contractors, landscapers, building centers, nurseries, and garden centers and particular property owners within the shoreland zone. Recreational users of lakes and rivers may experience some negative impacts from the proposed rule if there is a decline in water quality, fish and wildlife habitat or natural scenic beauty due to increased impervious surface limits for highly developed shorelines and lateral expansion of nonconforming structures.

11. Identify the local governmental units that participated in the development of this EIA.

No local governments have participated in the development of this draft EIA. However, the department will solicit comments from local governments on this draft EIA and will send a notice to the Wisconsin County Code Administrators, Wisconsin Counties Association, Wisconsin Towns Association and the League of Municipalities.

12. Summary of Rule's Economic and Fiscal Impact on Specific Businesses, Business Sectors, Public Utility Rate Payers, Local Governmental Units and the State's Economy as a Whole (Include Implementation and Compliance Costs Expected to be Incurred)

See Attachment Part II

13. Benefits of Implementing the Rule and Alternative(s) to Implementing the Rule

The primary benefit of these proposed rule revisions is to ease the administrative burden on counties and provide more flexibility for properties that are either highly developed and/or have nonconforming principal structures. The proposed rule revisions will also establish clear and consistent regulatory requirements associated with vegetative management standards and reporting requirements. The proposed rules establish more flexibility and clarify the minimum requirements.

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An alternative to promulgation of these proposed rule revisions is to retain the current rule language, but this would not address the concerns that have been raised and would not alleviate concerns about the number of variance applications counties will receive from property owners wishing to expand above the maximum impervious surface limit or those who wish to expand their nonconforming structure within the setback. While the current rule attempted to reduce the administrative burden on counties and reduce the number of variances that property owners would need to expand nonconforming structures, the proposed rule would provide more flexibility for counties. The Department does not believe that there is an alternative method to achieve the rule intent, yet address the concerns that have been expressed.

14. Long Range Implications of Implementing the Rule
See Attachment- Part III

15. Compare With Approaches Being Used by Federal Government
There are no specific existing or proposed federal regulation that are intended to address the activities regulated by the shoreland zoning program or the proposed rule modifications.

16. Compare With Approaches Being Used by Neighboring States (Illinois, Iowa, Michigan and Minnesota)
See Attachment- Part IV

17. Contact Name Russ Rasmussen

18. Contact Phone Number 608-267-7651
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ATTACHMENT A

1. Summary of Rule's Economic and Fiscal Impact on Small Businesses (Separately for each Small Business Sector, Include Implementation and Compliance Costs Expected to be Incurred)

2. Summary of the data sources used to measure the Rule's impact on Small Businesses

3. Did the agency consider the following methods to reduce the impact of the Rule on Small Businesses?

- Less Stringent Compliance or Reporting Requirements
- Less Stringent Schedules or Deadlines for Compliance or Reporting
- Consolidation or Simplification of Reporting Requirements
- Establishment of performance standards in lieu of Design or Operational Standards
- Exemption of Small Businesses from some or all requirements
- Other, describe:

4. Describe the methods incorporated into the Rule that will reduce its impact on Small Businesses

5. Describe the Rule's Enforcement Provisions

6. Did the Agency prepare a Cost Benefit Analysis (if Yes, attach to form)

- Yes No
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