STATE OF WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION DOA 2049 (R 07/2011)

## ADMINISTRATIVE RULES FISCAL ESTIMATE AND ECONOMIC IMPACT ANALYSIS

ECONOMIC IMPACT ANALYSIS	
Type of Estimate and Analysis	
X Original Updated Corrected	
Administrative Rule Chapter, Title and Number	
Administrative Rule Chapter PD 3, Indigency Criteria, § 3.02 Administrative Rule Chapter PD 6, Payment for State Public Defender Representation, §§ 6.01 and 6.02	
Subject	
Creation of Felony Diversion case category	
Fund Sources Affected	Chapter 20, Stats. Appropriations Affected
☐ GPR ☐ FED ☐ PRO ☐ PRS ☐ SEG SEG-S	None
Fiscal Effect of Implementing the Rule	
x No Fiscal Effect  Indeterminate  Increase Existing Revenues  Decrease Existing Revenues	☐ Increase Costs ☐ Could Absorb Within Agency's Budget ☐ Decrease Costs
The Rule Will Impact the Following (Check All That Apply)	
State's Economy Specific Businesses/Sectors	
☐ Local Government Units ☐ Public Utility Rate Payers  Would Implementation and Compliance Costs Be Greater Than \$20 million?	
would implementation and compilance costs be Greater Than \$20 million:	
Yes X No	
Policy Problem Addressed by the Rule	
The anticipated cost of counsel reflects the likely cost for a prospective client to hire a private attorney. The SPD includes this amount in its determination of an applicant's financial eligibility for SPD services. The required payment for legal representation reflects the average attorney costs for the SPD in the respective case categories. A new felony diversion case category will more accurately reflect the amount of time attorneys spend when representing clients in felony diversion cases.	
Summary of Rule's Economic and Fiscal Impact on Specific Businesses, Business Sectors, Public Utility Rate Payers, Local Governmental Units and the State's Economy as a Whole (Include Implementation and Compliance Costs Expected to be Incurred)	
This rule has no economic or fiscal impact on specific businesses, business sectors, public utility rate payers, local governmental units or the state's economy as a whole. There are no implementation or compliance costs.	
Benefits of Implementing the Rule and Alternative(s) to Implementing the	Rule
A new felony diversion case category will more accurately reflect the amount of time attorneys spend when representing clients in felony diversion cases. The rule will require individuals who are represented in felony diversion cases to pay $$240$ toward the cost of their representation, which is lower than for other felony cases. This increased cost reflects the significant time attorneys invest in felony diversion cases. Clients also have the option to pay a lower discount amount of $$60$ as provided in PD $$6.02(1)$ .	
Long Range Implications of Implementing the Rule	
There are no long range implications of implementing the rule.	
Compare With Approaches Being Used by Federal Government	
The case categories used by the office of the state public defender are unique to the SPD and have no federal equivalent.	

Compare With Approaches Being Used by Neighboring States (Illinois, Iowa, Michigan and Minnesota)

Neither Illinois nor Michigan has a statewide public defender system. In Iowa, courts order defendants to repay the costs for a public defender to the extent they are able. In Minnesota, courts may require a defendant to reimburse the state for legal fees.

Name and Phone Number of Contact Person

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