

ADMINISTRATIVE RULES Fiscal Estimate & Economic Impact Analysis

1. Type of Estimate and Analysis

Original Updated Corrected

2. Administrative Rule Chapter, Title and Number

Pod 1.08 (5), Pod 3.02 (4), Pod 3.03 (3)

3. Subject

Temporary licenses and continuing education

4. Fund Sources Affected

GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEG-S

5. Chapter 20, Stats. Appropriations Affected

20.165 (1) (g)

6. Fiscal Effect of Implementing the Rule

No Fiscal Effect Increase Existing Revenues Increase Costs
 Indeterminate Decrease Existing Revenues Could Absorb Within Agency's Budget
 Decrease Cost

7. The Rule Will Impact the Following (Check All That Apply)

State's Economy Specific Businesses/Sectors
 Local Government Units Public Utility Rate Payers
 Small Businesses **(if checked, complete Attachment A)**

8. Would Implementation and Compliance Costs Be Greater Than \$20 million?

Yes No

9. Policy Problem Addressed by the Rule

The Podiatry Affiliated Credentialing Board reviewed the pertinent rules and determined that s. Pod 1.08 (5) should be revised to address the issue of podiatric temporary license holders having to reapply for a temporary license half way through their required 2-year post graduate training. The issue is resolved by these proposed rules by changing the duration of temporary licensure from 1 year to 2 years. There was also a need to resolve the issue of new licensees undertaking their first renewal. The problem was new licensees would not have enough time to fulfill their 50 hours of continuing education if they had received their license towards the end of the renewal period. These proposed rules will allow new licensees to satisfy the continuing education requirement by providing approved verified documentary evidence of graduation from a school of podiatric medicine and surgery such as a verified copy of the diploma conferring the degree of doctorate of podiatric medicine.

10. Summary of the businesses, business sectors, associations representing business, local governmental units, and individuals that may be affected by the proposed rule that were contacted for comments.

The rule was posted on the Department of Safety and Professional Service's website for 14 days in order to solicit comments from the public regarding the rule. No comments were received from the public regarding the rule.

11. Identify the local governmental units that participated in the development of this EIA.

No local government units participated in the development of this EIA.

12. Summary of Rule's Economic and Fiscal Impact on Specific Businesses, Business Sectors, Public Utility Rate Payers, Local Governmental Units and the State's Economy as a Whole (Include Implementation and Compliance Costs Expected to be Incurred)

This rule will have no economic or fiscal impact on specific businesses, business sectors, public utility rate payers, local governmental units of the State's economy as a whole.

13. Benefits of Implementing the Rule and Alternative(s) to Implementing the Rule

Pursuant to Wis. Stat. s. 448.63, persons seeking licensure as a podiatrist in Wisconsin must complete 2 years of post graduate training. A temporary educational license allows individuals currently participating in postgraduate training to practice podiatric medicine. However, per Wis. Admin. Code section POD 1.08 (5), a temporary educational license is only one year. By changing the duration of the temporary educational license from 1 to 2 years, applicants would be allowed to complete the required post graduate training without interruption of licensure.

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14. Long Range Implications of Implementing the Rule
There are no long range implications of implementing this rule.

15. Compare With Approaches Being Used by Federal Government
None.

16. Compare With Approaches Being Used by Neighboring States (Illinois, Iowa, Michigan and Minnesota)

Illinois:

A temporary license is valid for one year. 68 Ill. Adm.Code 1360.65(b) (2012). A renewal applicant is not required to comply with continuing education requirements for his/her first renewal. 68 Ill. Admin. Code 1360.70(a)(3) (2012).

Iowa:

A temporary license is valid for one year 645 IAC 220.6 (149) (1) (2012).

First time licensees are not required to complete continuing education requirements for the first renewal period. 645 IAC 222.2 (149, 272 C) (2) (2012).

Michigan:

There is no language stating the duration for temporary license. MICH. ADMIN. CODE R 338.8109 (2012). The Administrative code is silent with regards to continuing education requirements for a first renewal. MICH. ADMIN. CODE R 338.3703 (2012).

Minnesota:

A temporary permit is valid for 12 months, starting on the first day of graduate training. Minn. R. 6900.0160 Subp. 2. (2011). The continuing education requirement for a first renewal is not entirely waived, but rather the hours are prorated according to how long the applicant has had his/her license. Minn. R. 6900.0300 Subp. 1a (2011).

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ATTACHMENT A

1. Summary of Rule's Economic and Fiscal Impact on Small Businesses (Separately for each Small Business Sector, Include Implementation and Compliance Costs Expected to be Incurred)

2. Summary of the data sources used to measure the Rule's impact on Small Businesses

3. Did the agency consider the following methods to reduce the impact of the Rule on Small Businesses?

- Less Stringent Compliance or Reporting Requirements
 - Less Stringent Schedules or Deadlines for Compliance or Reporting
 - Consolidation or Simplification of Reporting Requirements
 - Establishment of performance standards in lieu of Design or Operational Standards
 - Exemption of Small Businesses from some or all requirements
 - Other, describe:
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4. Describe the methods incorporated into the Rule that will reduce its impact on Small Businesses

5. Describe the Rule's Enforcement Provisions

6. Did the Agency prepare a Cost Benefit Analysis (if Yes, attach to form)

- Yes No
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