Incurred)

DIVISION OF EXECUTIVE BUDGET AND FINANCE 101 EAST WILSON STREET, 10TH FLOOR P.O. BOX 7864 MADISON, WI 53707-7864 FAX: (608) 267-0372

ADMINISTRATIVE RULES

Fiscal Estimate & Economic Impact Analysis

Type of Estimate and Analysis	2. Date
☑ Original ☐ Updated ☐Corrected	November 21, 2019
3. Administrative Rule Chapter, Title and Number (and Clearinghe $CB\ 6$	
4. Subject Mausoleums	
5. Fund Sources Affected GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEG-S	6. Chapter 20, Stats. Appropriations Affected
7. Fiscal Effect of Implementing the Rule	
☑ No Fiscal Effect☐ Increase Existing Revenues☐ Decrease Existing Revenues	☐ Increase Costs ☐ Decrease Costs ☐ Could Absorb Within Agency's Budget
☐ Indeterminate ☐ Decrease Existing Revenues	Codid Absorb Within Agency's Budget
☐ Local Government Units ☐ Pu	ecific Businesses/Sectors blic Utility Rate Payers
	nall Businesses (if checked, complete Attachment A)
 Estimate of Implementation and Compliance to Businesses, Lo 	cal Governmental Units and Individuals, per \$.227.137(3)(b)(1).
	ocal Governmental Units and Individuals Be \$10 Million or more Over
11. Policy Problem Addressed by the Rule This rule project will amend ss. CB 6.07 and 6.08 to revise "temporary certification" in order to be consistent with the revised to clarify that in order to obtain temporary certifications structural defects.	terminology used in statute. Section CB 6.07 will also be
Further, s. CB 6.08 will also be revised to bring the rule int mausoleum space and the burial of human remains while a	
Finally, the project creates a uniform procedure for municipulation when deciding whether or not to approve an ordinance und care fund than what is required by s. 157.12 (3) (a) 1. and 2	
	Representing Business, Local Governmental Units, and Individuals
that may be Affected by the Proposed Rule that were Contact. The proposed rule was posted on the Department of Safety.	ed for Comments. and Professional Services's website for 14 days in order to
solicit comments from businesses, representative association	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
affected by the rule. No comments were received.	, G-:
13. Identify the Local Governmental Units that Participated in the No local governmental units participated in the developmental units participated in the development	
14. Summary of Rule's Economic and Fiscal Impact on Specific B	usinesses, Business Sectors, Public Utility Rate Payers, Local

Governmental Units and the State's Economy as a Whole (Include Implementation and Compliance Costs Expected to be

This proposed rule will not have a significant impact on specific businesses, business sectors, public utility rate payers, local governmental units, or the state's economy as a whole

15. Benefits of Implementing the Rule and Alternative(s) to Implementing the Rule

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The benefits of implementing the rule will be to allow for the sale of mausoleum space and the burial of human remains while a mausoleum has temporary certification status, as anticipated by statute. The rule will also provide greater clarity for cemetery authorities constructing mausoleums as to what a minor defect is. Finally, the rule will provide criteria for approval of requests from municipalities seeking to require a greater care fund for mausoluems than what is required under statute.

16. Long Range Implications of Implementing the Rule

The long range implication of implementing the rule is that the rule will be brought into conformity with statutory requirements and will give stakeholders greater clarity as to what is allowable under the law.

17. Compare With Approaches Being Used by Federal Government

The federal government does not regulate the construction of mausoluems or the maintenance of mausoleum care funds.

18. Compare With Approaches Being Used by Neighboring States (Illinois, Iowa, Michigan and Minnesota)

Illinois: Illinois requires that 50% of the proceeds of sales of undeveloped spaces, be deposited into a preneed trust fund (815 ILCS 390/15 (a)). Sellers of undeveloped space are required to maintain temporary burial facilities for those who die prior to completion of the space (Id. at (d)).

Illinois law does not require the establishment of care funds for mausoleums. However, if a cemetery authority requires the establishment of a care fund, or a deposit to an existing care fund as a condition of the sale of a plot, the cemetery authority is required by law to deposit certain percentages of the sale into the care fund:

- 1. For interment rights, \$1 per square foot of the space sold or 15% of the sales price or imputed value, whichever is the greater, with a minimum of \$25 for each individual interment right.
- 2. For entombment rights, not less than 10% of the sales price or imputed value with a minimum of \$25 for each individual entombment right.
- 3. For inurnment rights, not less than 10% of the sales price or imputed value with a minimum of \$15 for each individual inurnment right.
- 4. For any transfer of interment rights, entombment rights, or inurnment rights recorded in the records of the cemetery authority, excepting only transfers between members of the immediate family of the transferor, a minimum of \$25 for each such right transferred. For the purposes of this paragraph "immediate family of the transferor" means the spouse, parents, grandparents, children, grandchildren, and siblings of the transferor.
- 5. Upon an interment, entombment, or inurnment in a grave, crypt, or niche in which rights of interment, entombment, or inurnment were originally acquired from a cemetery authority prior to January 1, 1948, a minimum of \$25 for each such right exercised.
- 6. For the special care of any lot, grave, crypt, or niche or of a family mausoleum, memorial, marker, or monument, the full amount received (760 ILCS 100/4).

Illinois does not appear to provide municipalities with the option of requiring greater deposits.

Iowa: Iowa law requires that an amount equal to or greater than fifty dollars or twenty percent of the gross selling price received by the cemetery for each sale of interment rights, whichever is greater, must be deposited into a care fund for the cemetery's perpetual care (IA Code s. 523I.807 (1)). Iowa does not appear to specifically provide that a municipality may require a greater deposit. Iowa does not allow for the sale of interment rights in a mausoleum that will be completed in the future unless the commissioner has approved the cemetery authority to make sales. The cemetery authority is required to submit a notification to the cemetery commissioner for approval including the following information:

a. A description of the new facility or the proposed expansion, including a description of the interment rights to be offered to prospective purchasers.

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- b. A statement of the financial resources available for the project.
- c. A copy of the proposed interment rights agreement to be used, which shall include the following:
- (1) That purchase payments will be held in trust in accordance with the requirements of chapter 523A until construction of the mausoleum or columbarium is complete.
- (2) That the purchaser may request a refund of the purchase amount, if construction does not begin within five years of the purchaser's first payment.
- (3) That the new facility will operate as a perpetual care cemetery in compliance with this chapter, even if the facility is located at a nonperpetual care cemetery.
- (4) That the purchaser will receive an ownership certificate upon payment in full or, if later, when construction is complete.

(IA Code s. 523I.314).

Michigan: Preconstruction sales of crypts or niches in a mausoleum or columbarium are prohibited unless the cemetery authority does one of the following:

- (a) Agrees to complete the mausoleum or columbarium within 4 years after the date of the first sale of an entombment or inurnment right in the proposed mausoleum or columbarium or, if construction is not completed within that time and upon the request of the purchaser, agrees to offer to the purchaser a refund of 100% of the purchase price with interest calculated at the rate of 4% per annum.
- (b) Agrees that if the person for whom the entombment or inurnment right in the proposed mausoleum or columbarium dies before completion of the mausoleum or columbarium, an alternative disposition of the remains shall be provided until completion of the mausoleum or columbarium or until a refund is made of 100% of the purchase price with interest calculated at the rate of 4% per annum. (MCL s. 456.536a).

Michigan law requires the establishment of a perpetual care fund of \$50,000 before any sales may be made. Each month thereafter, the cemetery must deposit not less than 15% of its proceeds received from the sales of burial rights, entombment rights, or columbarium rights (MCL 456.536 (5) and (6)). Michigan does not appear to have a specific provision allowing individual municipalities to increase the required deposit percentage.

Minnesota: Cemetery authorities may sell burial space in a mausoleum or columbarium prior to completion if they have obtained a performance bond sufficient to cover all construction costs associated with building the mausoleum or columbarium at the time of sale (Minn. Stats. s. 306.90). Minnesota law requires that cemetery authorities deposit 10% of the proceeds of all sales of mausoleum burial spaces into the cemetery's permanent care and improvement fund. Minnesota does not appear to have a specific provision allowing individual municipalities to increase the required deposit percentage.

19. Contact Name	20. Contact Phone Number
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STATE OF WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION DOA-2049 (R09/2016) DIVISION OF EXECUTIVE BUDGET AND FINANCE 101 EAST WILSON STREET, 10TH FLOOR P.O. BOX 7864 MADISON, WI 53707-7864 FAX: (608) 267-0372

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ATTACHMENT A

 Summary of Rule's Economic and Fiscal Impact on Small Businesses (Separately for each Small Business Sector, Include Implementation and Compliance Costs Expected to be Incurred)
2. Summary of the data sources used to measure the Rule's impact on Small Businesses
 ☑ Did the agency consider the following methods to reduce the impact of the Rule on Small Businesses? ☐ Less Stringent Compliance or Reporting Requirements ☐ Less Stringent Schedules or Deadlines for Compliance or Reporting ☐ Consolidation or Simplification of Reporting Requirements ☐ Establishment of performance standards in lieu of Design or Operational Standards ☐ Exemption of Small Businesses from some or all requirements Other, describe:
4. Describe the methods incorporated into the Rule that will reduce its impact on Small Businesses
5. Describe the Rule's Enforcement Provisions
6. Did the Agency prepare a Cost Benefit Analysis (if Yes, attach to form) Yes No