# ORDER OF THE STATE OF WISCONSIN NATURAL RESOURCES BOARD REPEALING, RENUMBERING AND AMENDING, AMENDING, REPEALING AND RECREATING AND CREATING RULES

The Wisconsin Natural Resources Board proposes an order to repeal s. NR 10.40(3)(h); renumber and amend s. NR 10.02(1); amend ss. NR 10.01(3)(e)3.d., 10.10(1)(b), 10.102(2)(a), 10.25(4)(d), 10.27(6), 10.40(3)(b) and (f), 12.15(11)(b) and 45.09(2); to repeal and recreate s. NR 10.28(1); and to create ss. NR 10.02(1)(b), 10.07(1)(k), 10.102(2)(a)note and 15.026 relating to hunting and trapping regulation changes.

#### WM-01-05

#### Analysis Prepared by the Department of Natural Resources

**Statutory Authority and Explanation:** Statutes that authorize the promulgation of this rule order include § 23.09(2)(b), 29.014, 29.089(3), 29.091, 29.193(2) and 29.889(2), Stats. These sections grant rule making authority to the department to establish seasons, regulations and bag limits for hunting that ensure the citizens of the state continued opportunities for quality hunting. Additionally, these statutes provide authority for the department to establish refuge areas, manage state owned properties and provide options for landowners dealing with nuisance wildlife. All rules promulgated under this authority are subject to review under ch. 227, Stats.

**Statutes Interpreted and Explanation:** In promulgating this rule § 1.026(1)(b), 23.09(2)(b), 29.014, 29.089(3), 29.091, 29.193(2) and 29.889(2), Stats., have been interpreted as providing the department with the authority to allow landowners to protect their personal property from gray wolves, as well as implement various hunting and trapping regulation changes.

**Related Statute or Rule:** There are no rules or statutes currently under promulgation that relate to the provisions that are proposed in the administrative rule order.

**Plain Language Rule Analysis:** The Bureau of Wildlife Management recommends promulgating administrative rules that modify, repeal and create sections of chapters NR 10, 12, 15 and 45 relating to hunting, trapping, agricultural damage and use of public lands. These rule changes are proposed for inclusion on the 2005 Spring Hearing questionnaire. These proposals include:

- Allowing landowners on private land to shoot and kill any gray wolf in the act of attacking domestic animals provided that they report the shooting to the department within 24 hours and turn the carcass in to the Department.
- Prohibiting the tagging, collaring or marking and release of wild animals without the Department's authorization or as authorized under a Federally issued migratory bird banding permit.
- Eliminating the bear hunting "no dog zone" in bear management zone A.
- Modifying the bear hunting license application deadline and updating application submission information.
- Prohibiting the use of electronic turkey decoys for turkey hunting.
- Establishing a deer hunting season at Kohler-Andrae State Park and correct a drafting error relating to the hunting season at Yellowstone State Park.
- Allowing "Long Term" Class B disabled permit holders, that have a permit which has been issued for hunting from a vehicle and is valid for more than one year, to participate in disabled hunts.
- Allowing the hunting of other game species on lands open to disabled hunts.
- Eliminating the requirement for bear hunters to declare their willingness to participate in agricultural damage and nuisance situations and modification of the application deadline.
- Establishing a "no entry wildlife refuge" at the Turtle Valley Wildlife Area.
- Requiring the owner to identify tree stands used on state owned lands and lands under the management of the department.

The objective of these rule changes is to offer deer, bear and disabled hunters more hunting opportunities and to simplify application procedures and regulatory requirements. In addition, these rules include provisions to effectively manage wildlife populations and to assure that hunters are offered a quality hunting experience.

**Federal Regulatory Analysis:** Provided state rules and statutes do not relieve individuals from the restrictions, requirements and conditions of Federal statutes and regulations, regulation of hunting and trapping of native species has been delegated to state fish and wildlife agencies. None of the proposed rules exceed the authorities granted the states in 50 CFR 10.

**State Regulatory Analysis:** These rule changes do not represent policy or significant rule changes that may differ from surrounding states. All surrounding states have regulations and rules in place for the management and recreational use of wild big game, upland, migratory and furbearer species that are established based on needs which often are unique to that state's resources or public desires. Additionally, waterfowl refuges exist in each of the surrounding states.

Portable tree stands are regulated in a variety of ways. In Michigan, if you hunt on public land, your tree stand must be portable and your name and address must be affixed in legible English that can be easily read from the ground. In Illinois, tree stands and blinds on certain public lands open to hunting must be portable and must be tagged with the hunter's name, address, and phone number. In Minnesota and Iowa, no such regulations are in place.

Regarding electronic turkey decoys, Illinois, Minnesota and Michigan prohibit the use of electronic turkey decoys. And finally, regarding the use of hounds and bear hunting, Illinois and Iowa do not have bear seasons. Minnesota has a bear population, which is managed primarily through hunting. However, the use of hounds for bear hunting in Minnesota is prohibited. Michigan also allows bear hunting with hounds, however some areas are periodically closed to hunting bear with hounds.

Summary of Factual Data and Analytical Methodologies: A majority of the rule changes included in this order do not deviate from current Department policy on the management of wildlife, hunting and trapping. The deer season proposed for Kohler-Andrae State Park is consistent with the seasons established at other parks where hunting is feasible and practical. Deer hunting has and continues to be an effective tool for managing deer populations in our state parks. It also allows for increased use and recreational opportunities for hunters in these parks. Another issue related to state properties is the use of tree stands. It is currently legal to use portable tree stands on state property provided they are removed at the end of hunting hours daily. To assure that the requirement to remove these daily is complied with, the Department is proposing that these devices are marked in a similar way as waterfowl blinds or ice fishing shelters are currently required to be marked. The No-entry wildlife refuge proposed for Turtle Valley will allow for a resting area for waterfowl during the duck hunting season as do other refuges established around the state.

Bear hunting with trailing dogs continues to be an effective method in managing bear populations in the state. In addition, it is a recreational opportunity and hunting method that continues to flourish in this state. Last year the Department removed a "nodog" hunting area in portions of Lincoln, Langlade and Oneida counties. This year at the request of bear hunters by way of last year's Spring Hearings, we again propose the elimination of the "no-dog" hunting zone which existed in zone B in the western portions of Lincoln county and eastern portions of Taylor and Price counties.

The Department continues to strive to offer those hunters that are faced with the challenges of a disability opportunities to participate in hunting. This rule package contains two proposals that deviate from past department policies. First, the department has not allowed those with temporary disabilities (Class B) to participate in special hunts that those with permanent disabilities (Class A) and sight disabilities (Class C) can participate in. The department is proposing to lift this restriction to allow more individuals, specifically those that have a longer-term but not a permanent disability, the opportunity to participate in the special deer and turkey hunts for those with a disability. Secondly, it has been a policy that on private lands where disabled hunts are scheduled no other hunting is allowed. This rule change would make it an option for those landowners who host a disabled hunt, to small game or deer hunt on their property.

Finally, Gray wolves have increased dramatically in the last 10 years in the state. The Natural Resources Board approved the Wisconsin Gray Wolf Management Plan in 1999. That plan contains a provision that once gray wolves are removed from both the state and Federal Endangered/Threatened Species lists, the WI DNR will promulgate rules that would grant people the ability to protect their domestic animals from gray wolf attacks on their own property. The Department moved wolves from the Threatened Species list to the Protected Wild Animal list on August 1, 2004. The U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service is in the process of removing wolves from their threatened Species list.

Anticipated Private Sector Costs: These rules, and the legislation that grants the department rule making authority, do not have a significant fiscal effect on the private sector. Additionally, no significant costs are associated with compliance with the se rules.

**Effects on Small Businesses:** These rules are applicable to individual sportspersons and impose no compliance or reporting requirements for small businesses, nor are any design or operational standards contained in the rule.

## **Agency Contact Person:**

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#### Section 1. NR 10.01(3)(e)3.d. is amended to read:

Kind of animal and locality	Open season (all dates inclusive)	Limit
s. NR 10.01(3)(e)3.d. Wildcat	Muzzleloading firearm season beginning	One deer as authorized by hunter's
Mountain (unit 72A), Yellowstone	on the Saturday immediately preceding	choice and antlerless deer permits issued
(unit 75B), Rib Mountain (unit 57D),	the Thanksgiving holiday and continuing	under s. NR 10.104.
Harrington Beach (unit 69C), Kohler-	for up to 19 consecutive days as indicated	
Andrae (77E) and Brunet Island (unit	on the permit.	
23A) state parks.	•	

## Section 2. NR 10.02(1) is renumbered (1)(a) and is amended to read:

NR 10.02(1)(a) Cougar Except as provided in par. (b), cougar, Canada lynx, badger, moose, gray wolf, wolverine and flying squirrel.

## Section 3. NR 10.02(1)(b) is created to read:

NR 10.02 (1) (b) On private land, the landowner, lessee or occupant of the land may shoot and kill any gray wolf in the act of killing, wounding or biting a domestic animal. Shootings shall be reported within 24 hours to a department conservation warden. The carcass of the wolf shall be turned over to the department.

## Section 4. NR 10.07(1)(k) is created to read:

NR 10.07(1)(k) *Marking*. Capture and tag, collar or mark and release any game taken from the wild unless issued a permit by the department pursuant to s. NR 19.11, or as authorized under a federal migratory bird banding permit, or a license issued under s. 169.25, Stats.

#### Section 5. NR 10.10(1)(b) is amended to read:

NR 10.10(1)(b) *Dogs*. With the aid of dogs, except that dogs may be used for hunting bear during the season established in s. NR 10.01 (3) (g) 1. in that portion of Zones <u>black bear hunting zones</u> A, A1 and B as <del>shown in the following map:</del> described in s. NR 10.30.

## Section 6. NR 10.102(2)(a) is amended to read:

NR 10.102(2)(a) *Application submittal*. Application for Class A bear licenses shall be on forms provided by the department. Applicants shall indicate their black bear hunting zone preference. Applications shall be postmarked no later than the Friday nearest January 15 deadline date indicated on the form or received by the a department customer service and licensing bureau, 101 South Webster, P.O. Box 7924, Madison, WI 53707 no later than 4:30 p.m. on that Friday each year center location on the deadline date to be considered for selection. The annual deadline may not be sooner than December 1 each year.

#### Section 7. NR 10.102(2)(a) note is created to read:

**Note**: The department conducts extensive publicity on the application deadlines beginning several months prior to the deadline. Application deadline dates are published in news releases, license outlet handouts, and pertinent regulation pamphlets. Department service center hours may vary by location.

## Section 8. NR 10.25(4)(d) is amended to read:

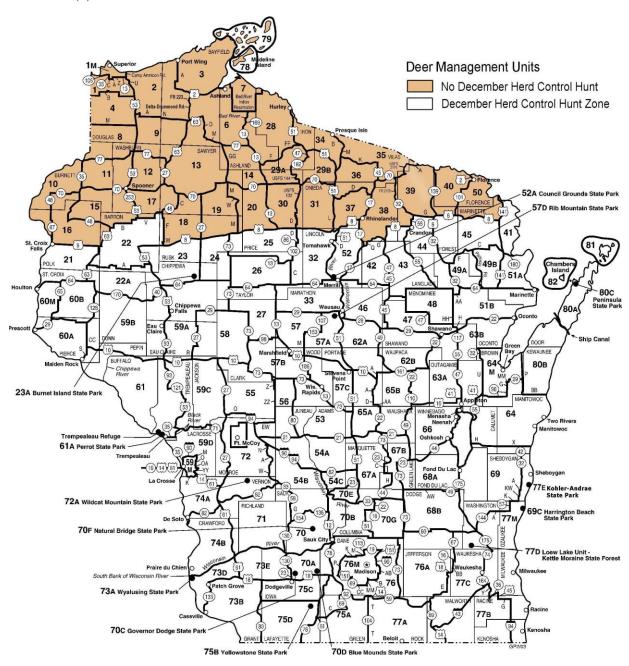
NR 10.25(4)(d) With live or electronic decoys for the purposes of enticing wild turkeys.

#### Section 9. NR 10.27(6) is amended to read:

NR 10.27 (6) LATE BOW AND MUZZLELOADER SEASON. Deer hunting by bow and arrow is established for the late archery season established in s. NR 10.01 (3) (em) 1. and by muzzleloader during the season established in s. NR 10.01 (3) (e) 3. for Wildcat Mountain,  $\frac{\text{Yellowstone}}{\text{Yellowstone}}$ , Rib Mountain, Harrington Beach,  $\frac{\text{Kohler-Andrae}}{\text{Yellowstone}}$  and Brunet Island state parks. Hunting and the bag limit is authorized by unfilled hunter's choice and antlerless deer permits issued under s. NR 10.104.

## Section 10. NR 10.28(1) is repealed and recreated to read:

NR 10.28 (1) STATEWIDE DEER MANAGEMENT UNITS.



Section 11. NR 10.40(3)(b) and (f) are amended to read:

NR 10.40(3)(b) *Participation limits*. No person may participate in more than one special gun deer hunt in the same calendar year and all participants must possess a valid gun deer license and either a <u>valid</u> Class A <u>permit</u>, valid <u>Class B permit</u> which authorizes hunting from a vehicle that is issued for more than one year, or <u>valid Class C permit</u> as <u>defined in issued</u> pursuant to s. 29.193 (2), Stats., that was issued on or after August 9, 1989.

(f) *Rule compliance*. Unless otherwise provided by the department, all disabled hunters and accompanying persons shall comply with all hunting rules and laws applicable to the regular gun deer season specified under s. NR 10.01 (3) (e). The bag limit is one deer per hunter's choice and per antlerless deer permit issued under s. NR 10.104, and per special permit issued under s. NR 10.01 (3) (ez) or (et). Other hunters, hunting on the lands described on the application during the special gun deer hunt, shall comply with the blaze orange clothing requirements in s. 29.301 (2), Stats., except waterfowl hunters.

## Section 12. NR 10.40(3)(h) is repealed.

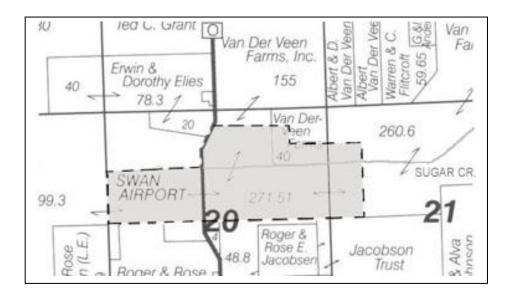
#### Section 13. NR 12.15(11)(b) is amended to read:

NR 12.15(11) (b) Bear damage shooting permits. Participation of others under bear damage shooting permits shall be restricted to those persons who have applied for a Class A or B bear hunting license under application procedures described in s. NR 10.102 (2), and who have indicated on bear hunting license applications their willingness to assist farmers having bear damage problems. Participants shall possess a current Class A or B bear hunting license when engaged in bear damage shooting permit activities, such as hunting or baiting.

#### Section 14. NR 15.026 is created to read:

NR 15.026 No entry wildlife refuge (September 1 – November 30); gun deer and muzzleloader deer hunting permitted. A wildlife refuge is established in the following areas when posted with department signs and no person may hunt waterfowl at any time within the areas. No person may enter the areas for any reason from September 1 through November 30, except to hunt deer during the open gun and muzzleloader seasons for hunting deer established in s. NR 10.01 (3) (e), (es), (et) and (ez).

(1) WALWORTH COUNTY. (a) Turtle Valley wildlife area. Township 3 north, range 16 east, town of Sugar Creek.



#### Section 15. NR 45.09(2) is amended to read:

NR 45.09(2) Except for blinds used exclusively for waterfowl hunting as provided in s. 29.327 (2), Stats., no person may construct, occupy or use any elevated or ground blind or other elevated device except that portable tree stands and blinds may be used provided they are removed from the property each day at the close of hunting hours. Tree stands shall have the owner's name and address or department customer identification number, written in the English language attached to the tree stand in a manner so it is clearly visible to a person standing on the ground, and kept legible at all times. No person may cause damage to trees by the placement or erection of portable tree stands or by any other manner while climbing or hunting from a tree. This subsection does not apply to the use of blinds constructed entirely of dead vegetation found on the property.

**Section 16.** Effective dates. These rules shall take effect on February 1, 2006, except sections 2, 3, 4 and 13 which shall take effect on the first day of the month following publication in the Wisconsin administrative register as provided in s. 227.22(2)(intro.), Stats..

**Section 17. Board adoption.** This rule was approved and adopted by the State of Wisconsin Natural Resources Board on May 25, 2005.

Dated at Madison, Wisconsin	·
	STATE OF WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
	ByScott Hassett, Secretary

(SEAL)