STATE OF WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION DOA-2049 (R09/2016) DIVISION OF EXECUTIVE BUDGET AND FINANCE 101 EAST WLSON STREET, 10TH FLOOR P.O. BOX 7864 MADISON, WI 53707-7864 FAX: (608) 267-0372

ADMINISTRATIVE RULES Fiscal Estimate & Economic Impact Analysis

1.	Type of Estimate and Analysis ☐ Original ☐ Updated ☐ Corrected		2. Date		
3	Administrative Rule Chapter, Title and Number (and Clearinghouse Number if applicable)				
٥.	PI 34, Educator Licenses				
4.	Subject				
	Expanding the assessment of pedagogical knowledge in education	ator prepa	aration programs		
5.	5. Fund Sources Affected 6. Chapter 20, Stats. Appropriations Affected				
	GPR ☐ FED ☐ PRO ☐ PRS ☐ SEG ☐ SEG-S	·			
7.	Fiscal Effect of Implementing the Rule	_	<u></u>		
	□ No Fiscal Effect □ Increase Existing Revenues □	Increase			
	☐ Indeterminate ☐ Decrease Existing Revenues ☐	Could Ab	sorb Within Agency's Budget		
8.	Local Government Units Public Ut	Businesse Itility Rate usinesses			
9. Estimate of Implementation and Compliance to Businesses, Local Governmental Units and Individuals, per s. 227.137 (3) (b) 1., Stats.					
	\$0				
10.	 Would Implementation and Compliance Costs Businesses, Local Governmental Units and Individuals Be \$10 Million or more Over Any 2-year Period, per s. 227.137 (3) (b) 2., Stats.? Yes No 				
11.	Policy Problem Addressed by the Rule				
	Chapter PI 34 of the Wisconsin Administrative Code contains the current administrative rules governing the licensure of school personnel, including rules around the completion of an educator preparation program as a condition for an applicant receiving educator licensure. Under the rule, an educator preparation program's conceptual framework shall contain a system to assess the knowledge, skills, and dispositions of students based on the educator standards in subch. II of PI 34. The assessment shall, in part, measure a student's pedagogical knowledge of the teaching profession, whereby the assessment shall include a passing score on a research-based performance assessment approved by the State Superintendent.				
	Since the rules were promulgated in August 2018, the Department has identified further flexibility for student applicants seeking to work in the teaching profession in the assessment of pedagogical knowledge. Additionally, the rule is not aligned with some pathways to licensure, which have been created through recent changes to statute and do not require any assessment of pedagogical knowledge. A rule is therefore needed to address differences between rule and statute and to provide flexibility in the assessment of pedagogical knowledge.				
12.	2. Summary of the Businesses, Business Sectors, Associations Representing Business, Local Governmental Units, and Individuals that may be Affected by the Proposed Rule that were Contacted for Comments				
	The Department held a preliminary public hearing and comment period on the scope statement for the proposed rule. The comments received were also considered in the development of this economic impact analysis. No specific businesses or local governments were contacted.				
13.	Identify the Local Governmental Units that Participated in the Develop	pment of t	his EIA		
	None.				
14.	. Summary of Rule's Economic and Fiscal Impact on Specific Businesses, Business Sectors, Public Utility Rate Payers, Local Governmental Units and the State's Economy as a Whole (Include Implementation and Compliance Costs Expected to be Incurred)				
	Local: The proposed rule will create flexibility and reduce the by no creating options for programs in assessing a student tea				

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attaining licensure. Additionally, the rule may result in a savings for student teachers which may be assessed on their knowledge of pedagogy by other means relative to the status quo. However, the flexibilities offered to educator preparation programs and student teachers as a result of this rule change is dependent on individual behavior, and the Department is unable to predict how many applicants would benefit from this change. Therefore, the local impact as a result of this rule is indeterminate.

State: None.

15. Benefits of Implementing the Rule and Alternative(s) to Implementing the Rule

The Department has identified further flexibility for license applicants by creating options for educator preparation programs in the assessment of pedagogical knowledge, as well as addressing differences between rule and statute. Absent a rule change, the Department would be required to implement PI 34 as the rules currently exist, thus limiting assessment options for institutions of higher education seeking to endorse qualified candidates for licensure.

16. Long-Range Implications of Implementing the Rule

The proposed rule will make the licensing process for student teachers more flexible as well as address differences between rule and statute.

17. Compare With Approaches Being Used by Federal Government

N/A

- 18. Compare With Approaches Being Used by Neighboring States (Illinois, Iowa, Michigan and Minnesota)
 - Illinois: Pursuant to 105 ILCS 5/21B-30, Illinois requires all new teachers to pass the education Teacher Performance Assessment (edTPA) for their applicable grade level, based on its standards. The edTPA can only be waived for out-of-state applicants who have 1 year of teaching experience. Out-of-state teachers, teaching on a provisional license must pass the edTPA during the one-year validity of the provisional license in order to be fully licensed.
 - Iowa: Pursuant to 281 Iowa Administrative Code section 79.15, Iowa requires all new teachers to pass the applicable grade level pedagogy test in order to attain licensure. Candidates have three options: the Praxis Principles of Learning and Teaching series, the Praxis Performance Assessment for Teachers (PPAT), or the appropriate education Teacher Performance Assessment (edTPA).
 - Michigan: Michigan does not require an assessment of pedagogical knowledge.
 - Minnesota: Pursuant to Minnesota Administrative Rules Chapter 8710, Minnesota requires all teachers to pass the applicable grade level pedagogy test under the Minnesota Teacher Licensure Examinations (MTLE) in order to attain licensure.

19. Contact Name	20. Contact Phone Number
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