Page 1 of 5

Clearinghous	Clearinghouse Rule Number: 10-011 Hearing Location:			Madison, Wisconsin
Rule Number: Chapters Comm 2, 41 and 45 Hearing Date: March				
Relating to:	Mechanical Refrigeration		-	
Comments: Oral or Exhibit No.	Presenter, Group Represented, City and State	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
1	James D. Hadley, PE Milwaukee, Wisconsin	nes D. Hadley, PE 1a. Recommends adding a note explaining which paragraphs		1. An informational Note has been added explaining that neither the IFC nor NFPA 1 are applied by the Department to mechanical refrigeration systems.
		1b. States ASHRAE 15, IIAR 2 and the ASME Boiler and Pressu provide solid pressure-relief protection.	ure Vessel Code	1b. Support is noted.
Oral and 2	Philip Golden, PE Golden Industrial Refrigeration Mukwonago, Wisconsin	2a. Comm 45.11 (1) (d) and (3): Indicates the proposed changes do not adequately clarify what constitutes a need to upgrade to the current code when other parts of a system are modified. Recommends further clarification, including removal of any ambiguity, and adding examples if necessary.		2a. An informational Note has been added that encourages designers, contractors and owners to contact the Department to discuss their intentions for alterations and to determine, on a case-by-case basis, any upgrades that are then needed.
		2b. Comm 45.20 (3): States the definition of "alteration" is too broad and subject to interpretation by inspectors as well as designers and installing contractors. Recommends removing the ambiguity and making the language more straightforward.		2b. See response immediately above.
		2c. Comm 45.31 (1) (a) Note: Recommends adding reference to providing a building owner or user with at least a 24-hour notice prior to an inspection.		2c. This notice currently is provided through a reminder-of-permit-expiration that is mailed to the owner 60 days prior to the expiration, requesting they contact the inspector to arrange for a permitrenewal inspection.
		2d. Comm 45.31 (2) (b) 3. e.: States this section does not specify which design calculations must be made available during installation inspections. Recommends defining all the design calculations that are required, including the basis for relief design and ventilation design, ammonia charge, stress calculations, wind loading, and structural supports. States all design calculations should be performed by a registered design professional and sealed appropriately.		2d. Concern is noted and will be addressed in training sessions the Department expects to present as the rule changes become effective, particularly since plan review by the Department is not required prior to the installations.
		2e. Comm 45.33: Recommends adding a fax number or a designato facilitate formal correspondence of a written notice of an acc required 24-hour period.		2e. A fax number has been added, and the requirement for the notice to be in writing has been deleted.
		2f. Comm 45.40 (1) and (2): States ANSI/ASHRAE 15 and ANSI/IIAR 2 clearly are industry standards and are appropriate to reference in Comm 45 – but recommends deleting the edition designation so that when a subsequent edition		2f. Support is noted. However, current law requires the Department to obtain approval from the Attorney General prior to adopting by

Page 2 of 5

Clearinghouse Rule Number: 10-011 Hearing Location: March 10-011			Madison, Wisconsin	
Rule Number: Chapters Comm 2, 41 and 45 Hearing Date: Marc			h 4, 2010	
	Mechanical Refrigeration			
Comments: Oral or Exhibit No.	Presenter, Group Represented, City and State	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
		is published, Comm 45 will not then reference an out-of-date star	ndard.	reference any edition of any standard, and requires listing the specific edition in the reference to the standard.
		2g. Comm 45.508: For ammonia refrigeration systems, states the to install eye-wash-and-body-shower units within a machinery rewalking distance of no more than 50 feet, should instead be a red	oom, with a	2g. IIAR 2 recommends these units at this maximum distance within machinery rooms for ammonia systems, in addition to requiring a unit outside the machinery room. The outside unit provides an acceptable minimum level of safety.
		n. Comm 45.511 (2) (d): Recommends clarifying that the detection and alarm vstems are for refrigerants, and recommends also requiring annual testing of mote controls for shutdown of compressors and refrigerant pumps.		2h. The rules have been changed as recommended.
		2i. Comm 45.613 (1) (a): Recommends clarifying that the required emergency remote control for ventilation, at the engine room door, is to be inside the building; and recommends requiring a second control near the egress door, on the outside of the building.		2i. The required single remote control is an acceptable minimum level of safety. Building owners can choose to provide additional remote controls, for a higher level of safety.
		2j. Comm 45.613 (1): States this section does not address remote control machinery, and there is no discussion of an automatic shutoff of high-pressure liquid feed immediately piped away from the high-pressure receiver. Recommends requiring two remote-control stations for emergency shutdown of machinery in the engine room and electrical shutoff of high-pressure liquid supply — with one station outside the engine room door and inside the building, and the second station near the egress door and outside the building. 2k. Comm 45.70: Recommends applying the requirements for ozone-depleting refrigerants, such as for minimizing releases, to refrigerants with a high global-warming potential.		2j. Comm 45.613 (1) (b) modifies IIAR 2 section 13.3.1.6 to require remote emergency manual shutdown controls for compressors in all cases, which is an acceptable minimum level of safety. Building owners can choose to provide multiple automatic controls, for a higher level of safety.
				2k. The rules have been changed to require minimizing the release of any refrigerant.
		2L. Recommends including a standard for color-coding non-insu pipes so they can be differentiated from other utility lines in a pla compressed air, natural gas, and cooling-tower water.		2L. The piping-identification criteria in ANSI A13.1 that are applied through ASHRAE-15 section 11.2.2(b), and the identification criteria in IIAR 2 section 10.5, provide acceptable minimum levels of safety. Owners can choose to also provide color-coded identification.
		2m. States both ASHRAE 15 and IIAR 2 require a low-side minimum design		2m. The system design pressures in ASHRAE 15

Page 3 of 5

Clearinghouse Rule Number: 10-011 Hearing Location: 1			Madison, Wisconsin	
		Hearing Date: Marc	Date: March 4, 2010	
Relating to: N	Relating to: Mechanical Refrigeration			
Comments: Oral or Exhibit No.	Presenter, Group Represented, City and State	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
		working pressure of 150 pounds per square inch (gage). Sugge design pressure to 250 psig in chapter Comm 45 – which would ammonia releases, for only a minimal increase in cost that wou increase in project cost.	d result in fewer	section 9.2 and IIAR 2 section 9.1 provide an acceptable minimum level of safety; building owners can choose to provide a higher level of safety.
		2n. States IIAR 2 section 9.1.4 recommends that high-side vess weld heat treatment per its Appendix J. Suggests changing this to a requirement in Comm 45.		2n. If this change is made by the technical review committee that updates IIAR 2, the Department will consider adopting it in Comm 45.
		20. States IIAR 2 section 9.1.6 specifies a 1/16-inch corrosion allowance for vessels that may be exposed to external corrosion. Believes it will take some educating for engineers and design/build contractors to learn and apply this new section, and it may be necessary to have vessel manufacturers specifically call out the 1/16-inch corrosion allowance in a subject vessel's U1-A form to show compliance.		20. Concern is noted and may be addressed in training sessions the Department expects to present as the rule changes become effective. This concern could likewise be addressed through the technical review committee that updates IIAR 2.
		2p. States IIAR 2 section 10.2.3 recommends not using ½-inch indicates clarification may be useful to avoid misunderstanding interpretations by inspectors and installing contractors.		2p. Recommendations in referenced standards are not requirements and consequently are not enforced by the Department.
		2q. Notes IIAR 2 section 11.1.5 prohibits locating relief valves spaces unless precautions are taken to prevent moisture migra body or relief line, but IIAR 2 then provides no guidance on ho migration. Recommends requiring (1) installation of a rupture d main upon penetrating a wall or roof of a cold space to ambient draining moisture from above the rupture disk.	tion into the valve ow to prevent the isk in the relief	2q. There may be multiple means of preventing moisture migration that are as acceptable as the respondents' proposal.
		2r. Notes IIAR 2 section 11.3.3 requires the materials of construction piping to comply with the materials requirements for closed-circ systems. Believes it will take some educating for engineers an contractors to learn and apply this new section.	cuit ammonia	2r. Concern is noted and may be addressed in training sessions the Department expects to present as the rule changes become effective.
		2s. Notes that under IIAR 2 section 11.3.4, sizing of discharge of multiple relief devices must be based on the discharge capacidevices that are expected to discharge simultaneously. Indicate uncertainty in the industry about who determines which valves relieve simultaneously. States a fire condition should dictate the bethe worst case scenario. Recommends requiring the sizing to	cities of all relief es there is s are expected to nis, and it should	2s. If this change is made by the technical review committee that updates IIAR 2, the Department will consider adopting it in Comm 45.

Page 4 of 5

Clearinghouse	Clearinghouse Rule Number: 10-011 Hearing Location:			Madison, Wisconsin
Rule Number: Chapters Comm 2, 41 and 45 Hearing Date: Mark				
Relating to: N	Mechanical Refrigeration			
Comments: Oral or Exhibit No.	Presenter, Group Represented, City and State	Comments/Recommendations		Agency Response
		on the discharge capacities of all the relief devices that are piped to a common relief header in the same room.		
		2t. States both IIAR 2 and ASHRAE 15 require one ammonia to a supervisory alarm, and the detection system must activa alarms and emergency ventilation. Not addressed is the need shutdown of mechanical equipment, such as compressors ar Suggests requiring two ammonia sensors — with the first sen adjustable range of 0-250 ppm for the purpose of activating t and emergency ventilation, and the second sensor having a purpose of shutting down the mechanical equipment.	te audio/visual I for automatic ad refrigerant pumps. sor having an he audio/visual alarm	2t. Comm 45 requires manual shutdown switches, which is an acceptable minimum level of safety. Building owners can choose to also provide automatic switches, for a higher level of safety. If the recommended requirements are adopted through the technical review committee that updates IIAR 2, the Department will consider adopting them in Comm 45.
		2u. Indicates the emergency ventilation rate specified in IIAR 2 section 13.2.3.3 and in IIAR bulletin 111 for machinery rooms with ammonia systems has not been finalized yet. Recommends modifying the section to require basing the ventilation rate on the latest edition of bulletin 111.		2u. Bulletin 111 is currently being reviewed by the technical review committee that updates IIAR 2. After that process is completed and reflected in IIAR 2, the Department will consider referencing this bulletin in Comm 45.
		2v. States there are existing ammonia refrigeration plants in Wisconsin that do not conform with the requirement for a direct egress to the outdoors. Some engine rooms have been built in the center of the building or on a mezzanine. This issue needs to be addressed to determine how an owner can become "code-compliant" in terms of egress. Clearly, safe egress is a matter of human safety and should be addressed without putting undo economic hardship on the owner. IIAR 2 section 13.3.3.3 partly addresses this by requiring at least one exit door that opens to the outdoors directly or through a vestibule-type exit equipped with self-closing, tight fitting doors. For installations which predate the current code and which do not have an exit directly to the outdoors, suggests requiring a vestibule with a direct line of sight and a travel distance of no greater than 50 feet, and maintaining the vestibule clear at all times. Where this is not practical, a permanently fixed stair which is in the machinery room and which discharges to an unlocked roof hatch could be required. 2w. States there currently are no code provisions to safeguard oil or ammonia access locations for an ammonia system. These locations can range from a few to hundreds, for either draining oil or releasing ammonia, and should be secured (1) for the safety of employees and (2) to prevent theft of ammonia relating to illegal		2v. As noted in response 2a above, an informational Note has been added that encourages designers, contractors and owners to contact the Department to discuss their intentions for alterations and to determine, on a case-by-case basis, any upgrades that are then needed. Retroactively requiring an enclosed means of egress to the outdoors typically would be prohibitively and unjustifiably expensive.
				2w. ASHRAE section 11.6.1 requires stop valves to be capped, plugged, blanked or locked close when not in use. If this section is changed by the technical review committee that updates IIAR 2 to

Page 5 of 5

Clearinghouse Rule Number: 10-011 Hearing L			g Location: Madison, Wisconsin		
Rule Number: Chapters Comm 2, 41 and 45			Hearing Date: March 4, 2010		
Relating to: N	Relating to: Mechanical Refrigeration				
Comments:	Presenter,				
Oral or	Group Represented,	Comments/Recommendations	Agency Response		
Exhibit No.	City and State				
		drugs or homeland security. Recommends requiring all oil drain ports			
		ammonia access locations to be equipped with a locking device that			
		only by qualified plant personnel.	consider adopting this change in Comm 45.		

File reference: Comm 45/Hearing summary2ac