



## 2017 ASSEMBLY BILL 51

February 6, 2017 - Introduced by Representatives SUBECK, HORLACHER, CROWLEY, MASON, SPREITZER, KERKMAN, HEBL, BERCEAU, OHNSTAD, SARGENT, POPE, SINICKI, BROSTOFF, BILLINGS, C. TAYLOR, MILROY, ANDERSON, BOWEN, WACHS and DOYLE, cosponsored by Senators WIRCH, CARPENTER, HANSEN, RINGHAND, L. TAYLOR, VINEHOUT, JOHNSON, ERPENBACH and MOULTON. Referred to Committee on Consumer Protection.

1     **AN ACT** *to create* 895.033 of the statutes; **relating to:** civil cause of action for  
2           financial exploitation.

---

*Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau*

This bill creates a civil cause of action for financial exploitation of a vulnerable person. The bill defines the term “vulnerable person” to include persons who are elderly, financially incapable, incapacitated, or those with a disability who are susceptible to force, threat, duress, coercion, persuasion, or physical or emotional injury because of a physical or mental impairment. Under the bill, a court must award a person who brings a successful action enhanced damages, attorney fees, and reasonable fees for any necessary services of a conservator or guardian ad litem.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

---

*The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:*

3           **SECTION 1.** 895.033 of the statutes is created to read:  
4           **895.033 Financial exploitation of a vulnerable individual.** (1) In this  
5           section:  
6           (a) “Elderly person” means a person 65 years of age or older.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 51****SECTION 1**

1 (b) “Financially incapable person” means a person who is unable to manage  
2 financial resources of the person effectively for reasons including mental illness,  
3 intellectual disability, physical illness or disability, chronic use of drugs or controlled  
4 substances, chronic intoxication, confinement, detention by a foreign power, or  
5 disappearance.

6 (c) “Incapacitated” has the meaning given in s. 701.0103 (12).

7 (d) “Noneconomic damages” has the meaning given in s. 893.55 (4) (a).

8 (e) “Person with a disability” means a person with a physical or mental  
9 impairment that has all of the following characteristics:

10 1. Is likely to continue without substantial improvement for no fewer than 12  
11 months or to result in death.

12 2. Prevents performance of substantially all of the ordinary duties of  
13 occupations in which an individual not having the physical or mental impairment is  
14 capable of engaging, having due regard for the training, experience, and  
15 circumstances of the person with the physical or mental impairment.

16 (f) “Vulnerable person” means any of the following:

17 1. An elderly person.

18 2. A financially incapable person.

19 3. An incapacitated person.

20 4. A person with a disability who is susceptible to force, threat, duress, coercion,  
21 persuasion, or physical or emotional injury because of the person’s physical or mental  
22 impairment.

23 (2) Any of the following persons may, on behalf of a vulnerable person who  
24 suffers injury or damage by reason of financial exploitation, bring an action under

**ASSEMBLY BILL 51**

1 this section against a person who has caused the financial exploitation or has  
2 permitted another person to engage in financial exploitation:

3 (a) A vulnerable person.

4 (b) A guardian or conservator for a vulnerable person.

5 (c) A personal representative for the estate of a decedent who was a vulnerable  
6 person at the time the cause of action arose.

7 (d) A trustee for a trust on behalf of the trustor or the spouse of the trustor who  
8 is a vulnerable person.

9 **(3)** An action may be brought under this section for financial exploitation of a  
10 vulnerable person if any of the following circumstances exist:

11 (a) A person wrongfully takes or appropriates money or property of a  
12 vulnerable person, without regard to whether the person taking or appropriating the  
13 money or property has a fiduciary relationship with the vulnerable person.

14 (b) A vulnerable person requests that another person transfer to the vulnerable  
15 person any money or property that the other person holds or controls and that  
16 belongs to or is held in express trust, constructive trust, or resulting trust for the  
17 vulnerable person, and the other person, without good cause, either continues to hold  
18 the money or property or fails to take reasonable steps to make the money or property  
19 readily available to the vulnerable person when all of the following are true:

20 1. The other person or someone acting in concert with the other person acquires  
21 ownership or control of the money or property in whole or in part from the vulnerable  
22 person.

23 2. The other person acts in bad faith, or knew or should have known of the right  
24 of the vulnerable person to have the money or property transferred as requested or  
25 otherwise made available to the vulnerable person.

